

DISCLAIMER: Figures are based on secondary sources and are subject to change

In response to developments in the region, IOM and UNHCR collected information on inflows into Pakistan from the Islamic Republic of Iran—drawing on multiple sources¹ and corroborating data where possible. This report presents cumulative data on the nationality of arrivals by border crossing point (BCP) and flow trends from 1 March to 4 June 2026.² IOM and UNHCR continue to monitor the situation closely and provide regular updates.

- Since late May, movements have slowed following the Eid holiday, high temperatures, and security incidents in Pakistan along the route of the Taftan BCP.



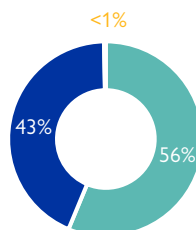
26,091 TOTAL INFLOWS BETWEEN 01 MARCH AND 04 JUNE 2026

INFLOW NATIONALITY

14,679 (56%) IRANIAN NATIONALS³

11,337 (43%) PAKISTANI NATIONALS

75 (<1%) THIRD COUNTRY NATIONALS (TCN)



INFLOW NATIONALITY AT TAFTAN BCP

	NUMBER OF INFLOWS	PERCENTAGE OF INFLOWS
IRANIAN	13,762	62%
PAKISTANI	8,538	38%
TCN	16	<1%
TOTAL	22,316	100%

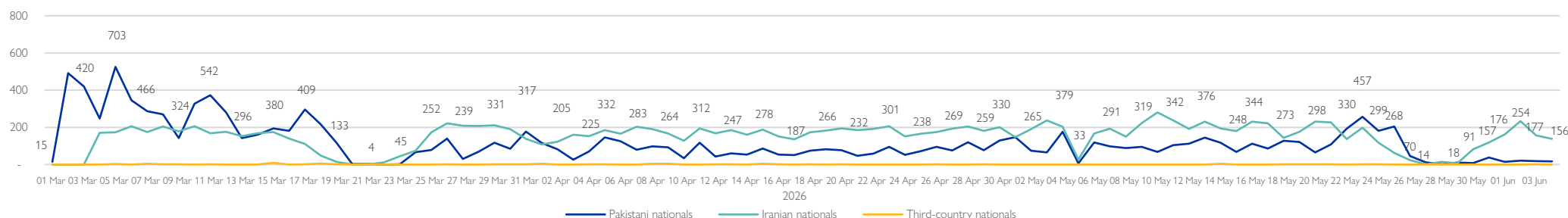
INFLOW NATIONALITY AT GABD-RIMDAN BCP

	NUMBER OF INFLOWS	PERCENTAGE OF INFLOWS
IRANIAN	917	24%
PAKISTANI	2,799	74%
TCN	59	2%
TOTAL	3,775	100%

INFLOW OF TCN BY BCP AND NATIONALITY

	TAFTAN BORDER	GABD-RIMDAN BORDER
OMAN	0	28
TANZANIA	1	13
MADAGASCAR	0	7
OTHER	15	11
TOTAL	16	59

CUMULATIVE INFLOW TRENDS (by nationality)

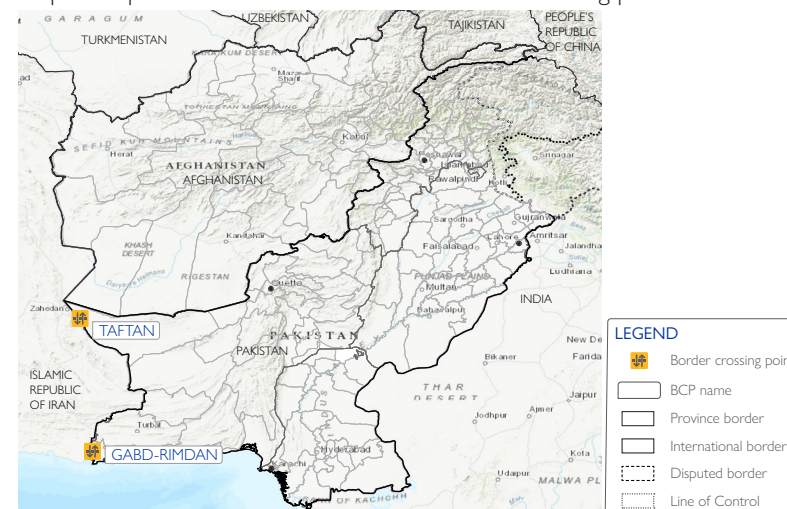


¹ A diverse range of sources were consulted, including local public government sources.

² Since 14 March 2026, inflow types are no longer shared; only total flows are available.

³ Based on local sources, all Iranian inflows since 1 March 2026 either possess a valid Pakistani visa and Iranian passport. Since 01 April 2026, the Rahdari pass, a temporary entry permit, is no longer considered valid documentation to enter Pakistan. Apart from documentation status, these movements may reflect routine activities, such as tourism, trade, transit, family visits, or may represent precautionary and temporary travel as individuals assess the ongoing situation in the Islamic Republic of Iran. The majority of Iranian arrivals subsequently returned to the Islamic Republic of Iran, primarily as their visits were trade related.

Map 1. Map of border area with covered border crossing points



Disclaimer: The dotted line represents approximately the line of control in Jammu and Kashmir agreed upon by India and Pakistan. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not yet been agreed upon by the parties. The designations employed and the presentation of material on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IOM or United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.