SUDAN, SECOND QUARTER 2025:
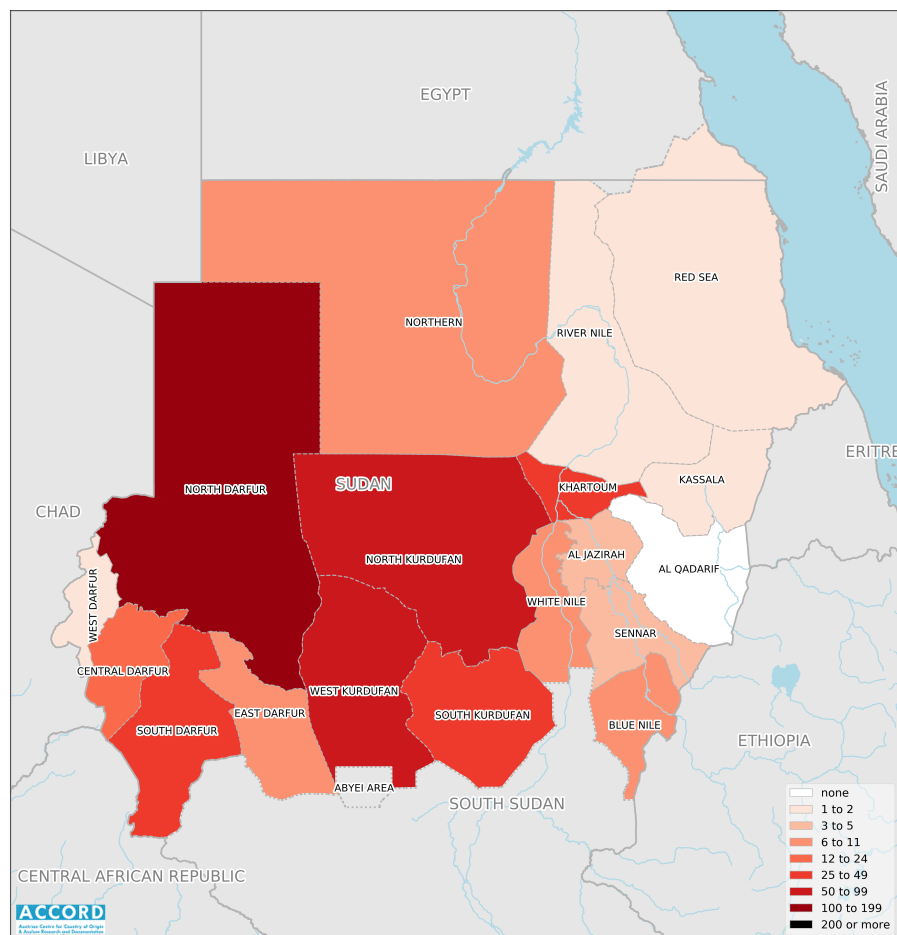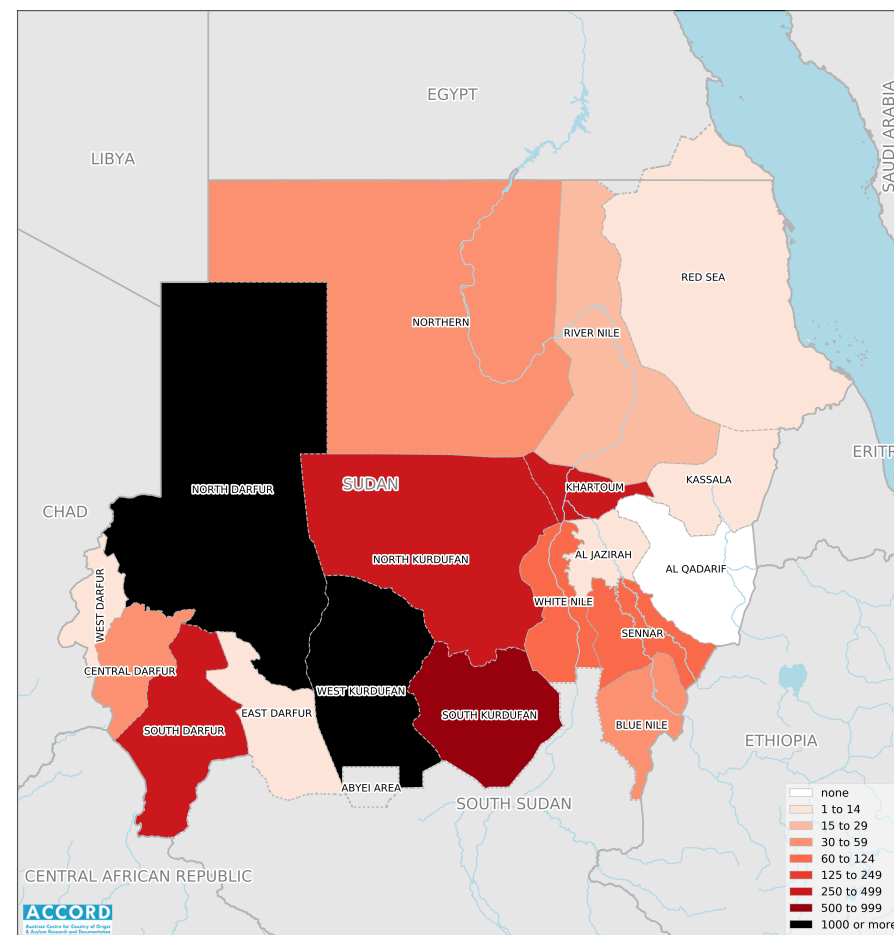## Update on incidents according to Armed Conflict Location & Event Data (ACLED)

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality

Number of reported fatalities

National borders: GADM, 6th May 2018a; administrative divisions: GADM, 6th May 2018b; Abyei Area: SSNBS, 1st December 2008; South Sudan/Sudan border status, Hala'ib triangle and Bir Tawil: UN Cartographic Section, March 2012; incident data: ACLED, 1st August 2025; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1st May 2015

Contents

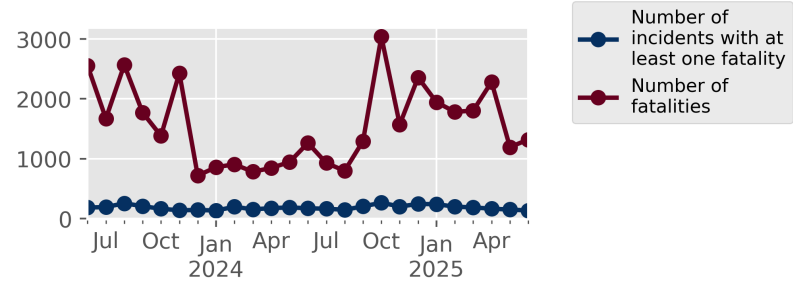## Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Battles	319	167	2814
Explosions / Remote violence	299	143	1214
Strategic developments	255	0	0
Violence against civilians	248	136	763
Protests	23	0	0
Riots	1	1	1
Total	1145	447	4792

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 1st August 2025).

Development of conflict incidents from June 2023 to June 2025

This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 1st August 2025).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data (ACLED). Based on a variety of sources, ACLED collects data on reported conflict events around the world and provides publicly available event-based datasets. ACLED data contains information on the event type, the date, location, involved actors, and other characteristics of the incident. Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available reports. As information on fatalities is subject to bias and can vary between sources for the same event, ACLED employs "the most conservative and reliable fatality estimate available". ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("3" or "10" for plural fatalities, depending on the context; "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and ACLED, 2023.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Note: Data on incidents in the Abyei area are not included in this overview.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses

varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occurred, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, violence against civilians, remote violence, riots/protests, non-violent strategic activities. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project Codebook, 2023a
https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2023/06/ACLED_Codebook_2023.pdf

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, January 2023b
https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/2023/01/FAQs-ACLED-Fatality-Methodology_2023.pdf

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Quick Guide to ACLED Data, March 2023c
https://acleddata.com/resources/quick-guide-to-acled-data/

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Al Jazirah	18	5	12
Al Qadarif	1	0	0
Blue Nile	12	7	42
Central Darfur	26	13	32
East Darfur	31	8	11
Kassala	17	1	3
Khartoum	132	45	331
North Darfur	225	139	1863
North Kurdufan	157	63	424
Northern	45	6	36
Red Sea	36	2	3
River Nile	16	2	15
Sennar	5	3	73
South Darfur	114	33	271
South Kurdufan	106	47	566
West Darfur	15	2	4
West Kurdufan	147	60	1008
White Nile	42	11	98

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities

Localization of conflict incidents

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data (with the exception of Iraq) which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Al Jazirah**, 18 incidents killing **12** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abu Gouta, Al Ezaiba, Al Masid, El Hasahisa, El Managil, Jabal Al Libtor, Jabr, Kambo Al Zaghawa, Kamlin, Mehela, Village 37, Wad Medani.**

In **Al Qadarif**, **1** incident killing **0** people was reported. The following location was among the affected: **Gallabat**.

In **Blue Nile**, 12 incidents killing **42** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Al Slik, Baldugu, Bau, Bout, Ed Damazin, Malkan.**

In **Central Darfur**, 26 incidents killing **32** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abata, Anijokti, Bindisi, Garsila, Golo, Gurni, Hamidiya IDP Camp, Khor Ramla, Mukjar, Nertiti, Tur, Zalingei.**

In **East Darfur**, 31 incidents killing **11** people were reported. The following

locations were among the affected: Abu Karaynka, Abu Matariq, Adila, Bakhit, Ed Daein, Yassin.

In **Kassala**, 17 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Kassala, Krai Darir, New Halfa, Shagarab, Telkuk**.

In **Khartoum**, 132 incidents killing 331 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Al Gaili, Al Shegilab, Al Sufayra, Eid Al Hadd, Hajj Yusuf, Jabal Aulia, Karari, Khartoum, Khartoum - Al Azhari, Khartoum - Al Jarif West, Khartoum - Al Kalakla, Khartoum - Al Mujahdeen, Khartoum - Al Sahafa, Khartoum - Alsalamah, Khartoum - Burri, Khartoum - Downtown, Khartoum - General Command of the SAF HQ, Khartoum - Khartoum International Airport, Khartoum - Mayo, Khartoum - Nasir Extension, Khartoum - Soba West, Khartoum North, Libya Market, Ombada, Omdurman, Omdurman - Abu Rof, Omdurman - Al Fitahab, Omdurman - Al Jumueia, Omdurman - Al Muhandiseen, Omdurman - Al Safwa, Omdurman - Al Salha, Omdurman - Al Thawra, Omdurman - Wad Nubawi, Tayba Al Hasanab, Wadi Seidna, Wd Al Bakhit**.

In **North Darfur**, 225 incidents killing 1863 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abu Hamira, Abu Shouk IDP Camp, Al Atrun, Al Hara, Bir Margi, Burush, Dar El Salam, Ed Al Beada, El Fasher, Fata Borno, Fushar, Gallab, Gargaf, Golo, Gurni, Hillat Zain, Juggu Juggu, Karkar, Karnoi, Kebkabiya, Koma, Kutum, Kwiem, Majdoob, Malha, Martal, Mellit, Ndjamena, Rahib, Saraf Omra, Shagarah, Shangil Tobay, Sortine, Tabaldia, Tawila, Tina, Umm Keddada, Zamzam IDP camp, Zarafa**.

In **North Kurdufan**, 157 incidents killing 424 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abu Gaoud, Abu Haraz, Abu Zaaima, Al Ayaraa, Al Ban Jaded, Al Domia Al Gahrbia, Al Ghabsha, Al Hagina, Al Hamra, Al Kebishab, Al Muzdalifa Kjjarat, Al Shawal, Al Shoushia, Al Sunt, Alhagina Al Jalaba, Aluba, Asala, Bara, Barakat, Birka, Dankoj, El Obeid, El Rahad, Gebrat Al Sheikh, Jabal Al Hashab, Kazgil, Kharsi, Khor Tagt, Khor Umm Shawa, Mihela, Murra, Qawz Bishara, Ratabt, Rehid Al Nuba, Shag Al Noum, Sumayh, Um Ashara, Um Garfa, Um Geleji, Um Indiraba, Um Sayalah, Um Sidr, Um Tugur, Um Zain, Umm Arada, Umm Badr, Umm Rawaba, Umm Sumeima**.

In **Northern**, 45 incidents killing 36 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Dongola, Ed Debba, El Khanag, Jebel Awinat, Karb Al Toum, Karima, Merowe, Wadi Halfa**.

In **Red Sea**, 36 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Arb'at, Jabet, Port Sudan, Suakin**.

In **River Nile**, 16 incidents killing 15 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Atbara, Berber, Ed Damer, Shendi**.

In **Sennar**, 5 incidents killing 73 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Al Shigeg, Maiurno, Singa**.

In **South Darfur**, 114 incidents killing 271 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Aboeri, Bielel, Bulbul, Dimo, Domia, El Salaam IDP Camp, El Tomat, Gereida, Kalma, Kass, Manawashi, Mershing, Nyala, Otash IDP Camp, Rahad El Berdi, Sani Deleiba, Towall, Tullus, Um Dafuq**.

In **South Kurdufan**, 106 incidents killing 566 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abu Jubaiha, Ad Dakka, Al Abbasiya, Al Dabker, Al Fayd, Al Hamadi, Al Kerieb, Al Shaga, Al Tarida, Ambir, At Terter, Awlad Younis, Dibebad, Dilling, El Dashoul, El Kergil, El Koaik, El Mashayesh, Hillat Barno, Jabal Kara Bara, Kabus, Kadugli, Karkaria, Karkarva, Kega, Khor Al Dlep, Khor El Daliab, Kologi, Rashad, Samasim, Sungikai, Talodi, Tandik, Tayba, Tongolo, Um Dehelieb, Um Galina, Um Saadah, Umm Barambita**.

In **West Darfur, 15** incidents killing **4** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Adre, El Geneina, Manjura, Murnei, Sisi**.

In **West Kurdufan, 147** incidents killing **1008** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abu Zabad, Akiert, Al Dowdia, Al Gantour, Al Khowai, Al Rawyana, Al Sirdaba, An Nahud, Ankosh, Babanussa, Baleela Petro Energy Camp, Daboul Al Quoz, Daw Albeit, Debkar, El Fula, El Meiram, El Udayyah, Gabr Al Dar, Garioud Al Manadir, Gelisa, Ghubaysh, Jangi, Khamas Al Donki, Khamas Hajar, Khamas Halab, Kharasan, Lagawa, Muglad, Nabalat, Nama, Om Aweisha, Shalouta, Teboun, Tuwayr, Um Darouta, Um Garna Jak, Um Lubana, Umm Adara, Umm Defeis, Wad Bandah**.

In **White Nile, 42** incidents killing **98** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Al Alaga, Al Arashkol, Al Hassania Wd Al Balaa, Al Hilba, Al Hussein, Al Kheirat, Al Samra, Al Shawaf, Al Sheigeg Al Majdia, Al Sheikh Siddig, Al Sofi, Kadaba, Kenana, Kosti, Niema, Rabak, Shatawi, Tandalti, Wad Nimir, Wd Jabour**.

Sources

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project Codebook, 2023
  https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2023/06/ACLED_Codebook_2023.pdf

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data: Data on Africa, 1st August 2025
  https://acleddata.com/system/files/2025-08/africa_full_data_up_to-2025-08-01.xlsx (visited on 7th August 2025)

- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: gadm36_levels.shp, Version 3.6, 6th May 2018a
  http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/gadm36_levels.shp.zip

- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: gadm36_SDN_shp.zip, Version 3.6, 6th May 2018b
  http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/shp/gadm36_SDN_shp.zip

- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1st May 2015
  https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/

- SSNBS – South Sudan National Bureau of Statistics: Counties including disputed Abyei region, 1st December 2008
  https://www.humanitarianresponse.info/sites/www.humanitarianresponse.info/files/datasets/SS_admbnda_adm2_200k_ssnbs_2013_0.zip

- UN Cartographic Section: Sudan, March 2012
  http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/4232_1407158723_sudan.pdf

Disclaimer

ACLED data undergoes several rounds of review before publication and is continually updated as new events are added and existing events are revised as new information becomes available. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

- ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Sudan, second quarter 2025: Update on incidents according to Armed Conflict Location & Event Data (ACLED), 7th August 2025