

Highlights

1. After Sudan, the DRC¹ is the second country with the largest internally displaced persons in Africa
2. The DRC hosts over 0.5 millions refugees and asylum seekers.
3. Lack of a proper civil registration system puts many at risk of statelessness in the DRC. UNHCR joins the United Nations Legal Identity Program to help the DRC government put in place a strong registration system that is inclusive for all types of populations, ensuring that no one is left behind.

Refugees and Asylum Seekers in DRC

as of 31 March 2025

519,682

Internally Displaced People (IDP) as of 31 January 2025

7.84 millions

Returned IDP as of 31 January 2025

2.51 millions

Refugees
518,303

Asylum Seekers
1,379

Repatriated from DRC to neighboring countries

(from 2022 to 2025)

32,406

Repatriated from neighboring countries to DRC

(from 2022 to 2025)

13,740

Congolese Refugees in Africa

as of 31 March 2025

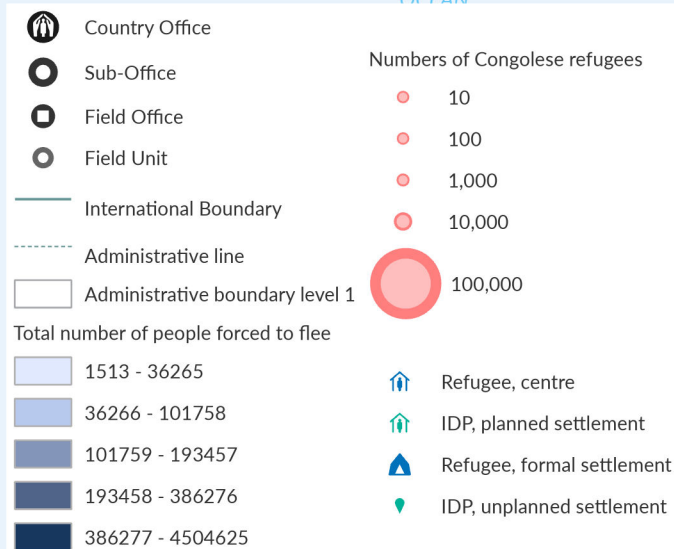
1,144,829*

*Only figures for Rwanda are as of March 31, 2025. Figures for other countries are as of February 28, 2025.

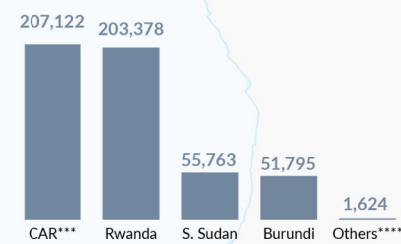
Congolese refugees in Rwanda

as of 31 March 2025

82,862



Number of Refugees and Asylum Seekers by Country of Origin



*** Central African Republic

**** Other countries include Somalia, Republic of Congo, Angola, Sudan, Syria, Uganda, Eritrea, Chad, Côte d'Ivoire, Ethiopia, Cameroon, Zimbabwe, Liberia, Palestine, etc.

The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

¹Democratic Republic of Congo