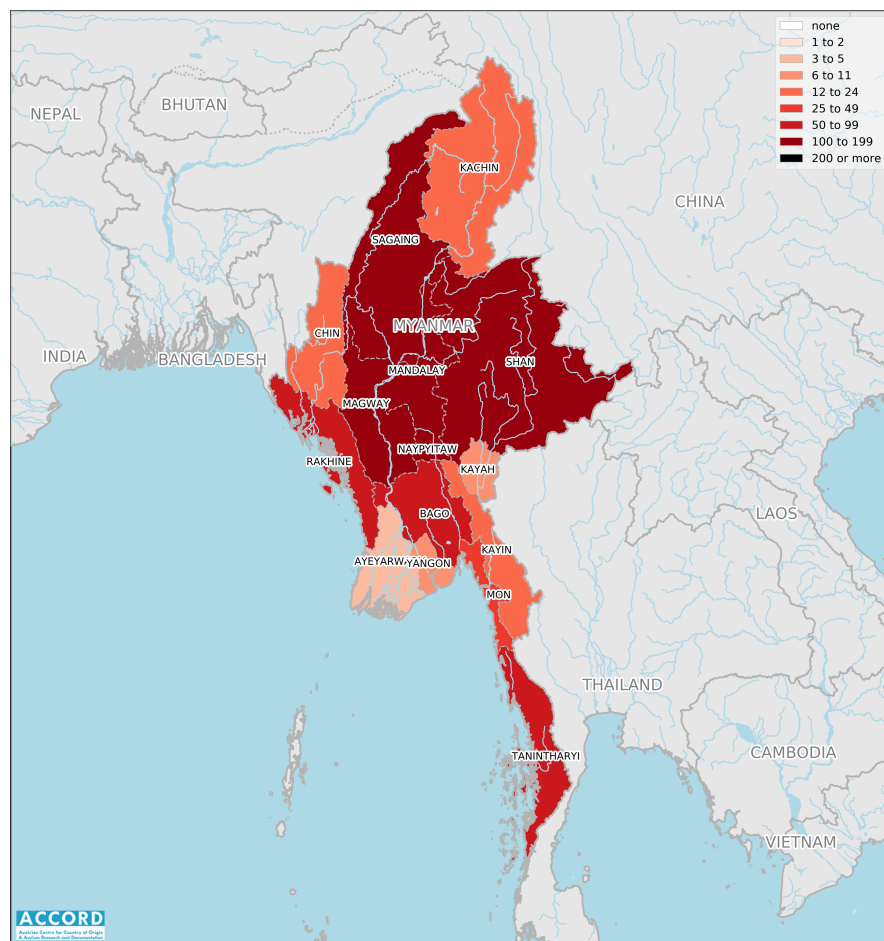


MYANMAR, THIRD QUARTER 2024:

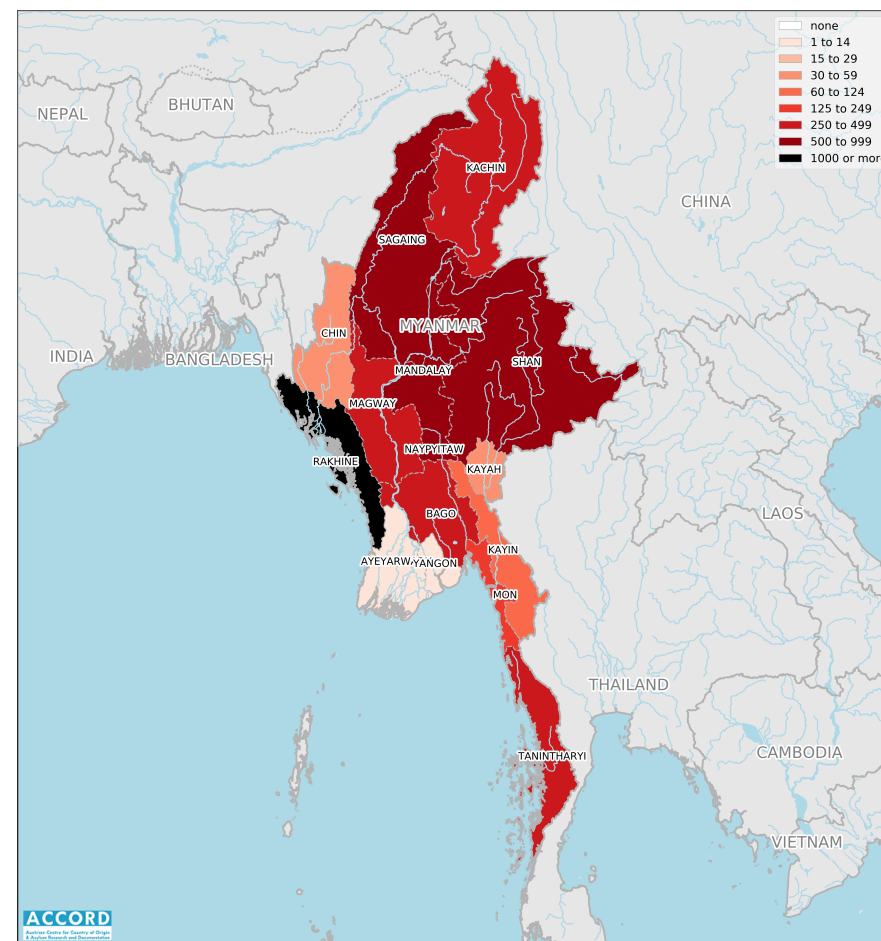
Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 17 February 2025

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality



Number of reported fatalities



National borders: [GADM, 6 May 2018a](#); administrative divisions: [GADM, 6 May 2018b](#); Bhutan/China border status: [CIA, 2012](#); China/India border status: [CIA, 2006](#); geodata of disputed borders: [GADM, 6 May 2018a](#); [Natural Earth, nodate](#); incident data: [ACLED, 7 February 2025](#); coastlines and inland waters: [Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015](#)

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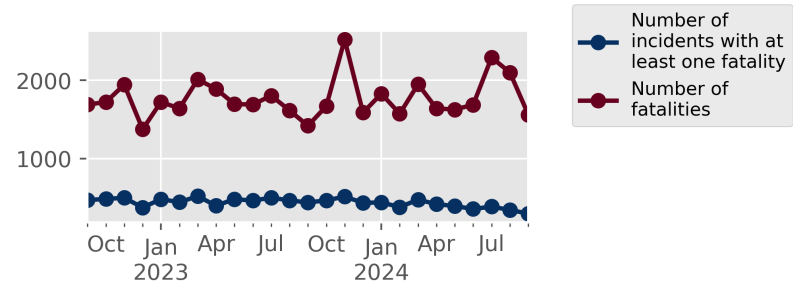
Number of reported fatalities	1
Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality	1
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Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Explosions / Remote violence	1360	377	1386
Battles	1290	489	4296
Strategic developments	576	0	0
Violence against civilians	367	156	267
Protests	291	0	0
Total	3884	1022	5949

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED, 7 February 2025](#)).

Development of conflict incidents from September 2022 to September 2024



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED, 7 February 2025](#)).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). Based on a variety of sources, ACLED collects data on reported conflict events around the world and provides publicly available event-based datasets. ACLED data contains information on the event type, the date, location, involved actors, and other characteristics of the incident. Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available reports. As information on fatalities is subject to bias and can vary between sources for the same event, ACLED employs “the most conservative and reliable fatality estimate available”. ACLED uses the reports’ context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown (“3” or “10” for plural fatalities, depending on the context; “100” if “hundreds” are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and [ACLED, 2023](#).

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Please see ACLED’s additional methodological paper for Myanmar: [ACLED, June 2022](#)

ACLED’s administrative (sub-)divisions of Bago-East and Bago-West, as well as Shan-East, Shan-North and Shan-South have been subsumed under Bago, resp. Shan.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occurred, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, violence against civilians, remote violence, riots/protests, non-violent strategic activities. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project Codebook, 2023a
https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2023/06/ACLED_Codebook_2023.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, January 2023b
https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/2023/01/FAQs-ACLED-Fatality-Methodology_2023.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Quick Guide to ACLED Data, March 2023c
<https://acleddata.com/resources/quick-guide-to-acled-data/>

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Ayeyarwady	61	3	3
Bago	298	98	361
Chin	98	14	52
Kachin	137	16	252
Kayah	32	11	46
Kayin	68	13	81
Magway	340	132	446
Mandalay	501	171	840
Mon	126	42	159
Naypyitaw	15	3	37
Rakhine	411	94	1803
Sagaing	804	178	647
Shan	620	149	822
Tanintharyi	301	91	387
Yangon	72	7	13

Localization of conflict incidents

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of

event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data (with the exception of Iraq) which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Ayeyarwady**, 61 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Chaung Thar, Danubyu, Hainggyikyun, In Pin, Inn Ma, Ka Nyin Chaung, Kyaiklat, Kyangin, Kyonpyaw, Labutta, Maubin, Mawlamyinegyun, Myanaung, Myay Nu, Ngathaingchaung, Pathein, Saung Bon, Shar Taw, Tar Kauk, Taung Tan Kone, Thabaung, Wea Nge Kan Su, Zalun.**

In **Bago**, 298 incidents killing 361 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Ah Hlaing, Ah Lel Kone, Ah Nan Baw, Aing Zauk, Auk Khon, Aye Mya Thar Yar, Bago, Baw Di Kone, Bo Kone, Bo Te Su, But Sein Bu, Chaung Gwa, Chaung Gwa (G), Chaung Kaung, Chon Inn, Daik-U, Dar Dauk, Doe Tan, Gway Kone, Gyobingauk, Hin Thar Kan, Hle Ku, Hlwa Sin Kone, Hnget Pyaw Tone, Hnget Thaik, Hpa Yar Gyi, Hpa Yar La Har, Hpyan Tha Lin, Htan Pin Chaung, Htantabin, Htoe War Chaung, Htoe War Saik, In Kone, In Kwin, In Pin Thar, Inn Ga Ni, Inn Kat Pa Leik, Ka Nyin Kyoe, Kaing Chaung, Kauk Mei Thu, Ke Lin Seik, Khin Kant Lant, Kho Lo, Kin Mun Chon, Kwin Chaung, Kyant Thay, Kyauk Lone Gyi, Kyauk Taing, Kyaukkyi, Kyauktaga, Kyaw Hla, Kyee Pin Pauk, Kyet Tet Nyaung Pin, Kyoet Pin Sa Khan (Ah Shey Su), Kyun Kone, Kywe Kaw Pin, Kywe Pwe, Lay Ein Su, Leik Paw, Lein Pin Wea (Lower), Lein Pin Wea (Upper), Lel Ma Inn, Lel U Su, Let Khan, Letpadan, Lin Yaw Khin, Minhla, Myet Ni Kwin, Nat Laung, Nattalin, Naung Bo, Naung Cho, Nga Hpei Inn, Nga Kyee Inn, Nga Nwar Seik, Nga Toe Khin (Kayin), Ngar Byet Inn, Nyaung Chay Htauk, Nyaung Pin Thar, Nyaunglebin, Oke Hpo Su, Oke Shit Khin (West), Okpho, Padaung, Pauk Za Loke, Paukkhaung, Paungde, Phyu, Pu Tee Kone, Pu Zun Myaung, Pwe Thar, Pyan Chi Tet, Pyay, Pyin Ka Doe Kone, Pyin Ma Pin, Pyin Yae, Sa Win, San Boke, San Hpe, Sar Chaung, Set Kone, Shan Su, Shar Hpyu Kwin, Shwe Bo Su, Shwe Ku, Shwegyin, Sin Ku, Sin Te Kone, Sit Pyan Kwin, Ta Laing Khin, Taung Khin, Taung Paw Su, Taungoo,**

Taw Kyaung Pauk (Lower), Tha Min Inn Kone, Tha Nat Kwin, Tha Yet Kone Sar Hpyu, Thar Yar Kone, Thayarwady, Thea Hpyu Ywar Thit, Thea Kaw Ohn Pin Su, Thegon, Thein Kone, Thit Hpyu Seik, Thit Poke, Thit Sein Kone (North), Thu Ye Thu Mein, U To, Waing Chaung, Wea Gyi, Wet Htee Kan Ywar Ma, Win Kaik Sho, Yae Le (Kayin), Yae Ngan, Yae Twin Kone (Middle), Yaung Gyi, Yedashe, Yin Taik Kone, Ywar Ma Gyi, Ywar Tan Shey, Ywar Thit, Za Yat Gyi, Za Yat Khin Ywar Thit, Za Yit Chaung, Za Yit Hmyaung, Zigon.

In Chin, 98 incidents killing 52 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Auk Ba Lai, Chat, Chin Dauk, Congthe, Falam, Hakha, Ka Lar, Kanpetlet, Lalengpi, M'ghinghlaw, Matupi, Mindat, Mualpi, Muitui, Nga Shar, Paletwa, Phaneng, Phwi, Rikhawdar, Samee, Sat Chauk, Tedim, Thantlang, Tonzang, Tungzang, Valangpi, Valangte, Yae Chan Thar.

In Kachin, 137 incidents killing 252 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aung Myay (1), Aung Myay (2), Bhamo, Chipwi, Hkar Shi, Hku Li, Hpakant, Hpar Pyin, Hseng Taung (Ywar Haung), Hsin Hkan, Hsint Kin, In Sut Zwat, Jang Kat, Kawng Gyar Yang, Kone Tan Gyi, Konlaw, La Gway, La Mawng, Lai Zar, Long Hkin, Man Pong, Man Yut, Man Ywet, Mansi, Momauk, Mya Lel, Myitkyina, Myo Thit, Nawng Laik, Nawng Si Paw, Pangwa, Sa Paut, Seik Mu, Sha Ngaw, Shwegu, Si Het, Tar Mong Long, Ti Yang Zug, Tsawlaw, Waingmaw, Wu Yang, Yoe Gyi, Yu Mar.

In Kayah, 32 incidents killing 46 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bawlake, Daw Kha Laik Lin, Ho Hpeik, Hpasawng, Ka Yan Thar Yar (North), Khaik Pa Lawt, Loikaw, Loilen Lay, Nan Hpe, Nan Mei Khon, San Pya (6) Maing.

In Kayin, 68 incidents killing 81 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ah Nan Kwin, Hlaing Kwei, Hlaing Wa, Hlut Shan, Hpa-An, Hpapun, Hpar Pya, Htee Law Thay Hta, Htee Mei Wah Khee, Htee Thea Lay, Ka Taing Ti, Kawkareik, Kawt Bein, Kawt Ka Mar, Kawt War Su,

Kyainseikgyi, Kyon Kha Wun, Lay Kay Kaw, Leik Tho, Min Ywar, Mya Pa Taing, Myawaddy, Naung Naing, Thandaunggyi, Win Da Yei, Yae Kyaw Gyi, Yan Koke, Ywar Thit.

In Magway, 340 incidents killing 446 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ah Neint, Auk Seik, Aung Myin, Aung Thar, Aunglan, Aw Zar Taw, Ba Hin, Bant Pyin, Cha Htauk, Chauk, Chauk U Thar, Chaung Ku, Gangaw, Goke Gyi, Gway Cho, Hin Thar, Hman Kin, Hnaung Ba, Hpa Yar Taung, Hta Naung Kone, Hta Nyaunt Tin, Htan Nge Taw, In Pin, Inn Bat, Inn Yaung, Ka Taing (North), Ka Taing (South), Kaing Lel, Kaing Taw Ma, Kamma, Kan Gyi, Kan Gyi Taw, Kan Kone, Kan Taw, Kan Thar, Khon Taing Kyin, Ko Yint, Ko Yint Kyun, Koke Ko Gwa, Kone Ba Lu, Ku Lar Shin, Ku Yin Chauk, Kun, Kwayt Daunt, Kwin Gyi (Kwin Thee), Kya Htoe, Kyan Taw, Kyauk Hlay Khar, Kyauk Oe, Kyauk Taing, Kyaw, Kyee Kan, Kyee Mee, Kyt Pyin, Kyu-Ywar Ma, Kyun Taing, Kyun Te, Laing, Lar Poet, Let Yet Ma, Lin Zin, Lon Chon, Ma Au (Middle), Ma Au Auk Seik, Ma Gyi Kan, Ma Gyi Kone, Ma Gyi Su, Me Za Li, Min, Min Lel, Mindon, Minhla, Myaing, Myauk Lu Kan, Myay Pyin Thar, Myit Chay, Na Gar Pwet, Nga Hlaing Twin, Nga Lin Pan, Ngape, Ngar Pei, Nwar Htein, Nyaung Gway Wa, Nyaung Gyt Pin, Nyaung Hla, Nyaung Lel, Oe Bo, Oh Yin, Oke Hla, Pa Khan Gyi, Pakokku, Pan Nyo, Pan San, Pan Taing Chon, Par Myin, Pauk, Pauk Ma, Pin Taung, Pin Wa, Pya Ma, Pyar, Sa Lay, Saing Du, Salin, Sat Si Taung (Sat Si), Saw, Say Pin Gyi, Se Kan, Se Lel, Seikphyu, Shaw Hpyu Pin, Shea, Shin Shey, Shwe Bo, Shwe Tan Tit, Shwe Toke Kan, Sidoktaya, Sin Chaung, Sin Ma Ye, Su Taw, Ta Hnyaunt Tin, Ta Yaw Kaing, Taing Tar, Tat Kone, Taung Oh, Taw Ma, Tha Yet Chin, Tha Yet Kan, Tha Yet Kwa, Thar Si, Thayet, Thea Pon (East), Thea Pon (West), Thee Kone, Thet Lel, Thi La, Thit Yar Kauk, Ti, Tilin, Twin Lel, Twin Ma, War Pin, Wet Poke, Wun, Wun Lo, Wun Ya, Yae Lar Lay, Yae Myet Ni, Yae Poke, Yae Yin, Yat Thar, Yenangyaung, Yesagyo, Ywar Khaing, Ywar Mun, Ywar Si, Ywar Thit, Ywar Thit Kone, Zee Kone, Zee Pyar.

In Mandalay, 501 incidents killing 840 people were reported. The following

locations were among the affected: 4 Maing Kan Thar, Auk Taung Kaing, Aung Chan Thar, Aung Tha Pyay, Aungmyaythazan, Bawt Lone Gyi, Bo Kone, Chan Nyein Thar, Chanayethazan, Chanmyathazi, Chaung Gyi, Chay Say, Dan Daing, Doe Nwe, Gone Kwayt, Hpa Lan Kone, Hpa Yar Hla, Hpawt Taw, Hpet Shey, Hpon, Hpon Kone, Hta Naung Pin Le, Htan Pin Kone, Htee Taw Moe, Htone Bo, Htone Gyi, Inn Net, Kan Chaw (Ga Lant), Kan Gyi, Kan Mye, Kan Taung, Kha Yu Toke, Khan Sat Kone (East), Khin Ma Kan, Kin, Koke Ke, Koke Ko Zee, Kone Lel, Kone Tan Gyi, Kone Tan Lay, Ku Lar Te, Ku Taw, Kun Ohn, Kun Saik, Kwin (30), Kyar Ni Kan, Kyauk Gyi, Kyauk Hpyu, Kyauk Kan, Kyauk Mee, Kyauk Sauk, Kyauk Ta Dar, Kyauk Ta Gar, Kyauk Taing, Kyaukpadaung, Kyaukse, Kyaung Hpyu Kan, Kyi Tauk Pauk, Kyoet Pin, Kyun Daunt, Kywe Chan Kone, Kywe Ta Lin, Lay Ywar Son, Leik Kya, Lel Taw Gyi, Lel Thit, Let Kaung, Let Pan Hla, Let Pan Kone, Let Wea, Ma Gyi Kan, Ma Gyi Taw, Madaya, Mahaangmyay, Mahlaing, Mandalay, Mar Le, Me Dee, Meiktila, Min, Min Kan, Min Lel, Min Nay Kone, Moe Taung, Mogoke, Mon Taw Lay, Mway Pon Kan (East), Mya Kan, Myaing Thar, Myauk Kone, Myauk Kyun, Myaung Thit, Myay Hpyu Kone, Myay Ngu, Myin Chan Kone, Myin Ni, Myin Thei, Myingyan, Myittha, Myo Kone, Myo Thar (East), Na Wa Rat, Nan Kat, Natogyi, Ngan Myar, Ngazun, Nge Toe, Ngwe Thauung (East), Nwe Ni, Nwe Yon, Nyaung Kone, Nyaung Wun, Nyaung-U, Oke Hpo Lay Ywar Thit, Pan Ma Hteik, Pan Ya, Patheingyi, Pin Lel Gyi, Po Wa (South), Pon Nar Chan, Pu Leik Kone, Put Taing, Pwe Khin (Middle), Pya That Gyi, Pyar, Pyaung Gaung Lay, Pyigyitagon, Pyinoolwin, Sa Kyin, San Pya, Se Kone, Se Taw, Sein Kone, Sein Pan Pin, Shan Thu Nge, Shauk Pin Yoe, Shin Hla (Middle), Shwe Pyi, Shwe Taung, Si Mee Khon Town, Sin Te, Singu, Son, Su Hpyu Kone, Su Kar, Su Lay Kone, Su Yit Kone, Sun Lun, Tada-U, Takaung, Tan Saung, Taung Kan, Taung Shey, Taungtha, Taw Su, Tha Hpan Daunt, Tha Pyay Pin Kone, Thabeikkyin, Than Chat Kone, Than Kone, Thar Yar Gyi, Thet Kei Kyin, Thit Pin Shey, Thit Yon, Thone Se Pay, Thone Taung, Thu Soe, Tu Ywin Boet, Twin Nge, War Lone Pyun, Wea Laung, Wet Choke Kone (South), Wet Lu (Middle), Wet Thay, Wet Wun Zay Kone, Wundwin, Yae Nant Thar, Yae Taw, Yae Zin, Yamethin, Yit Kan, Yone Pin, Yone Pin Kone, Ywar Gyi, Ywar Tan, Ywar Taw Lay, Ywar Thar, Ywar

Thar Aye, Ywar Thit, Za Kyan, Za Yat Gyi, Za Yat Kwin.

In Mon, 126 incidents killing 159 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ah Khaik (Sit Kwin), Ah Pyin Sa Khan, Ahr Yu Taung, Aung Thar Yar, Bilin, Daung Ywar, Gawt Ywar Gyi, Hlwa Sin Kone, Hnget Pyaw Taw, Hnin Son, Hnipadaw, Hnit Kayin, Hpet Ka Leik, Htaung Hmu, Htone Bo Gyi, Ka Lein Pa Daw, Ka Mar Saing, Ka Nin Ka Mawt, Ka Ra Way Seik (Middle), Kamarwet, Kawt Lay, Kawt Pa Naw, Kayin Lay Seik, Kha Ywea, Kone Myint Thar, Kun Hlar, Kyaikmaraw, Kyaikto, Kyar Ban, Kyauk Tan Ka Lay, Lein Maw Chan, Mawt Ka Nin, Moe Kaung, Moke Kha Mu, Moke Pa Lin, Myo Haung, Nga Pu Inn, Paung, Paw Taw Mu Ywar Gyi, Pyin Ka Doe Kone, Shwe In Don, Shwe Yaung Pya, Ta Ra Nar, Taung Ka Lay, Taung Sun, Tha Pyay Ni, Thanbyuzayat, Thaton, Thea Hpyu Chaung, Thein Za Yat, Thet Kaw, Thuwunnawady, Wea Kha Mi, Wea Taw, Ye, Ye Ta Khon, Ywar Thit, Zee Hnit Pin.

In Naypyitaw, 15 incidents killing 37 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aye Lar, Det Khi Na Thi Ri, Nay Pyi Taw, Pan Tin, Tatkon.

In Rakhine, 411 incidents killing 1803 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ah Be, Ah Myint Kyun, Ah Nauk Ye Ku Lar, Ann, Auk Tha Byu Chaing, Aung Ba La, Aung Myay Kone, Aung Zay Di, Aung Zay Ya, Bar Li Chaung, Buthidaung, Chaung Gyi Hpyar, Chin Kwin, Daw Mya, Doe Tan Gyi, Gant Gaw Kyun, Gant Gaw Taung, Gwa, Gyeik Taw, Gyeik Taw Ywar Ma, Gyoe Gyar Kwin, Har Bi (Middle), Hmyaw Chaung, Hmyon Pyin, Hnget Pyaw Chaung, Hpar Hpyo (Ah Htet), Hpone Nyo, Ka Nyin Chaung, Ka Nyin Taw, Kaing Gyi (NaTaLa), Kaing Gyi (Rakhine), Kaing Khon, Kan Chaung, Kan Pyin Thar Si, Kan Thar Yar, Kanhtaunkyi, Kha Maung Taw, Kha Yaing, Khaung Laung Du, Ku Lar Yaung, Kun Taung, Kwin Waing, Kyan Chaing, Kyauk Chaung, Kyauk Gyi, Kyauk Ka Lat, Kyauk Khaung Kwin, Kyauk Pa Sat, Kyauk Pyin Seik, Kyauk Sa Kwe, Kyauk Seik, Kyauk Seik Taung, Kyauk Ta Gar,

Kyaukpyu, Kyay Taw, Kyee Kan Pyin (Middle), Kyein Khway Maw, Kyeintali, Kywe Htoe, Kywe Thauk, Ma Day Kyun Ywar Ma, Ma La Kyun, Ma-Ei, Maung Ni, Maung Shwe Lay, Maungdaw, Maw Yon, Me Let Maung, Mee Chaung Htoe, Min Te, Minbya, Moke, Mrauk-U, Munaung, Myebon, Myit Nar, Myo Kwin (Upper), Myo Thu Gyi, Nga Khu Ya, Ngapali, Nyaung Chaung, Nyaung Chay Htauk, Nyaung Pin Kwin, Nyo Yaung Chaung, Ohn Taw, Oke Hpoke Kan, Pa Da Kyaw, Pa De Kaw, Pan Myaung, Pan Taw Pyin Ywar Thit, Pauk Inn, Pauk Taw Pyin, Pauk Tu, Pauktaw, Ponnagyun, Pyaing Taung, Rathedaung, Sa Bai Chaung, Sa Ne, Sa Par Htar, Saing Chon, Sar Chet, Sar Pyin, Sar Pyin Gyi, Sat Thwar, Shauk Chaung, Shwe Zar (West), Sin Din Lay, Sin Gaung, Sin Ku, Sittwe, Ta Pyawt, Taing Kyoe, Tan Hlwe Ywar Ma, Taw Kan, Tha Win Chaung, Tha Yet Pin Kwin, Thandwe, Thar Si, Thar Zay, Thea Khon, Thea Kone, Thit Pon, Toungup, War Bo, Wea Gyi, Ya Da Nar Myaing (Lower), Yae Hpyu Aing, Yae Kyaw, Yat Taw Mu, Ye Yoe Pyin, Ywar Thit Kone, Za Lun, Zay Di Kwin, Zee Kone.

In Sagaing, 804 incidents killing 647 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ahr Lar Kat Pa, Aing Hlyar, Aung Chan Thar, Aung Thar, Ayadaw, Ba Oe, Bant Bway (North), Bant Bway (Ywar Ma), Bo Kone, Bo Te Kone, Boe Min Gyi Kin, Bu Kaing, Budalin, Chat Gyi, Chaung-U, Chi Par (North), Gon Hnyin Sho, Gya Poet, Hne Twin, Hpa Lon Chaing, Hpan Khar Kone, Hpaung Ka Tar (North), Hpaung Ka Tar (South), Hta Naung Kaing, Hta Naung Kone, Hta Naung Taw (North), Hta Naung Taw (South), Hta Naung Win, Hta Naung Wun, Htan Taw Gyi, Htee Saung, Hto Mar, In Gyin Pin, Indaw, Inn Pat, Ka Be, Ka Lon, Ka Toe, Kale, Kan Gyi Kone, Kan Pyar, Kan Thar, Kan Zee, Kanbalu, Kani, Kant Daunt, Katha, Kawlin, Khin-U, Khun Thar, Koke Ko Kone, Ku Taw, Ku Toet Kone, Ku Toet Seik, Kwayt Chaung, Kyauk Myaung, Kyauk Tan, Kyauk Yit (East), Kyi Kone, Kyun Hpo Pin, Kyunhla, Kywe Thay Chaung, Kywei Pon, Laung Min, Lel Gyi, Lel Hla, Lel Taw, Let Pa Taung, Lin Pin Wa, Lin Pone, Ma Au, Ma Daung Gyi, Ma Daung Hla, Ma Gyi Kon, Ma Gyi Kone, Ma Gyi Ta Htaung, Ma Lel, Ma Soe Yein, Maung Kone, Maung Tet, Me Thei, Min, Min Ga Lar, Min Kone, Min Kun, Min Oh, Mingin,

Moe Nat, Moke Si, Mon Hla, Mon Yway, Monywa, Mu Tein, Mu Thar Kone, Mya Taung, Myauk Kyin, Myaung, Myin Chin, Myinmu, Na Bar, Na Gar Twin, Nan Chaung, Nat Gyi, Nat Inn, Nat Yae Kan, Nga Kyaing, Ngar Shan, Ni Tar, Nyaung Chay Htauk, Nyaung Hpyu Pin, Nyaung Kaing, Nyaung Pin Gyi, Nyaung Pin Wun, Nyaung Thu Myar, Nyaung Zin Gyi, Ohn Pauk, Ohn Taw (North), Oke Kan, Pa Laung, Pale, Pan Yan, Pauk Taw, Pauk Thint Ton, Paung Wa, Paungbyin, Pay Lel, Pay Ta Pin, Pin Te, Pinlebu, Pu Tee, Pyawbwe, Pyin Kaing, Pyin Taw U, Sa Bai Nant Thar, Sagaing, Saing Naing Gyi, Saing Pyin Town, Salingyi, Sar Taung, Sat Ka Yar, Saw Bwar Yae Shin, Saw Gyi, Seik Hpu Gyi, Seik Khun, Shan Tat, Shan Te, Shar Lwin, Shar Taw, Shar Yaung, Shein Ma Kar, Shwe Hlay, Shwe Kar, Shwe Sar Yay, Shwebo, Si Par, Si Poke Ta Yar, Si Son Lay, Su Poke Kone, Ta Gaung Aing, Tabayin, Taung Kyar, Taw Chaung U, Taze, Tha Hpan Kaing, Tha Le Bar, Tha Lone, Tha Nat Sein, Tha Pyay Pin, Tha Pyay Taw, Tha Pyay Thar, Tha Yet Kan, Tha Yet Khaung, Thar Si, Thi Ri Mun, Thin Paung Kyin, Tigyaing, Tin Bet, Tin Tein Yan (Ywar Ma), Tu Ma Ya, U Kin Kyi, Wan Pyayt, Wet Ye, Wetlet, Yae Aye, Yae Kyi Pin, Yae Kyi U, Yae Shin, Yar, Yaw, Ye-U, Yi Dway, Yinmarbin, Ywar Ma, Ywar Shey, Ywar Thar Gyi, Ywar Thit, Ywar Thit (South), Ywar Thit Kone, Ywar Ton (North), Zee Hpyu Kone, Zee Kone, Zee Pin Thar.

In Shan, 620 incidents killing 822 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ban Mat, Ban Mat (Kyaung Nar), Bant Bway, Doe Pin, Ei Naing, Gant Gaw, Goke Hteik, Hkar Shi, Hko Mone, Ho Nar, Ho Peik, Ho Ti, Ho Ya Ywar Ma, Hsan Kar, Hsawng Kye, Hsawng Pyaung (East), Hseni, Hsihseng, Hsipaw, Htee Kar, Hti Hant Tar, Hti Ri (North), Hu Kut, Inn Hpo, Inn Waing, Intaw, Kan Gyi, Kawng Mawng, Kin Chaung, Kone Hsar, Kone Nyaung, Kone Son, Kun Kyawng, Kunhing, Kutkai, Kyauk Gu Ywar Ma, Kyaukme, Kyawng Pying, La Ei, Laihka, Lar Tein, Lashio, Laukkaing, Lawksawk, Lel Gyi, Lel Hpwee, Let Khoke Pin, Loi Hseng, Loi Htwea, Loi Long, Loilen, Loke Par, Ma Gyi Yae, Mae Han, Man Aing, Man Hawng, Man Hsan Yae Kya, Man Hsant Ywar Ma, Man Hsar, Man Hway, Man Kawng, Man Li, Man Nar, Man Pang (Loi), Manton, Mat Kyeng, Mat Man Taw, Me Poke, Mee

Yei, Mong Li, Mong Pying, Mongmit, Mongpan, Mongton, Mongyai, Mongyawng, Muse, Myay Ni, Nam Hpar Mu, Nam Hsawng Hu, Nam Hu, Nam Hu Nwet, Nam Hu Tawng Ah Htet, Nam Lan, Nam Neint (West), Nam Pawng, Nam Tone (Lar Hu), Nam Tun, Namhkan, Namhsan, Namtu, Nang Bun, Nar Hkaik, Nar Hsawng, Nar Lin, Nar Loi, Nar Ma Hkaw, Nar Sho, Naungtayar, Nawng Aw, Nawng Kaw Gyi, Nawng Kyaw, Nawng Len, Nawng Mun, Nawng Ping, Nawng Ping Lay, Nawngkhio, Nwar Ban Gyi, Nyaung Ni, Nyaung Pin Sauk, Nyaung Pin Thar, Nyaungshwe, Ohn Kyaw, Ohn Ma Thee, Ong Ma Hkar, Pang Awng, Pang Hat, Pang Hkar, Pang Mat, Pang Pawng, Pang Son, Pekon, Pinlaung, Sam Hpeik, San Hpu, Say Long, Se Khaung, Sei Lant, Shauk Chon, Shwe Ku Let Pan Kone, Shwe Moke Htaw, Shwe Thar Yar, Shwe Zar Li, Tangyan, Taung Kaing, Taung Shey, Taunggyi, Tawng Hkam, Tha Hpan Kaing, Tha Yet Cho, Tha Yet Taw, Than Bo, Than Lwin, Thea Khaw, Ton Hsint, Wan Hai, Wan Sein Ywar Ma, War Pyar, Yae Chan, Yae Hpyu, Yae Pong, Yae Pu, Yang Hkam, Ywangan, Ywar Thit, Zaw Ti Kone.

In Tanintharyi, 301 incidents killing 387 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: 6 Maing, Auk Kin (East), Aw Gyi, Ban Kyoike, Ban La Mut, Ban Law, Ban Lin Myauk, Bokpyin, Chaung Gyi Wa, Chaung Nyi Ko, Chon Chin/Ah Twin Gyi/Sin Hpan, Dawei, Gye Taung, Hpawt, Hpwat Boke Pyin, Htein Twin, Hton Ma Khar, Hton Taw, Ka Nan Kwin, Karathuri, Kawthoung, Kayin Gyi, Kha Maung Taw, Khan Ti, Khaung Pyan, Kyauk Mee Kyaung, Kyauk Ni Maw, Kyauk Sin, Kyauk Thin Baw, Kyunsu, Kywe Htein Kone, Kywe Htein Kwin, La Thar, Launglon, Lay Nyar, Le Shaung, Leik Thauung, Lel Hpet, Lel Taung Yar, Lel Thit (East), Lel Thit (West), Let Me, Ma Gyi Kone, Maung Ma Kan, Maung Mei Shaung, Maw Taung, Maw Tone (East), Mee Laung Aw, Mee Laung Chaung, Min Goke, Min Khaung Say, Moke Seik Kwin, Myauk Pa Ya, Myay Ma Ohn, Myeik, Myo Haung, Nyaung Pin Kone, Nyaung Pin Kwin, Nyaung Zin, Nyaw Pyin, Nyin Maw, Pa Kar Ri, Pa Nat Nge, Pa Wa Ywar Ma, Pa Wut Kone, Pala, Palaw, Pan Da Le, Pan Pyin, Pu Gaw Zun, Pu Law Kone, Pyin Gyi, Pyin Kyaung, Pyin Wun, Shat Pon, Sin Gaung, Sin Htoe Gyi, Ta Moke Chone, Tan Shin, Tanintharyi, Taung Paing Kwin Thit, Taung Pu,

Taung Thone Lone, Taung Yar Kan, Tha Bawt Seik, Tha Byar, Tha Kan, Tha Kyet, Thar Ra Hpon (East), Thar Ra Hpon (West), Thauk Kyar Pyin, Thayetchaung, Thein Daw Ywar Ma, Thit Hla Taw, War Yit Myan Mar Su, Yan Hpo, Yebyu, Yin Boke, Za Wea.

In Yangon, 72 incidents killing 13 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ah Lel, Ahlone, Bahan, Dagon Myothit (North), Dagon Myothit (South), Hlaing, Hlaingtharya, Hlegu, Hmawbi, Insein, Kyeemyindaing, Latha, Mayangone, Mingaladon, North Okkalapa, Sanchaung, Shwepyithar, Tamwe, Thanlyin, Thingangyun, Yangon, Yankin.

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