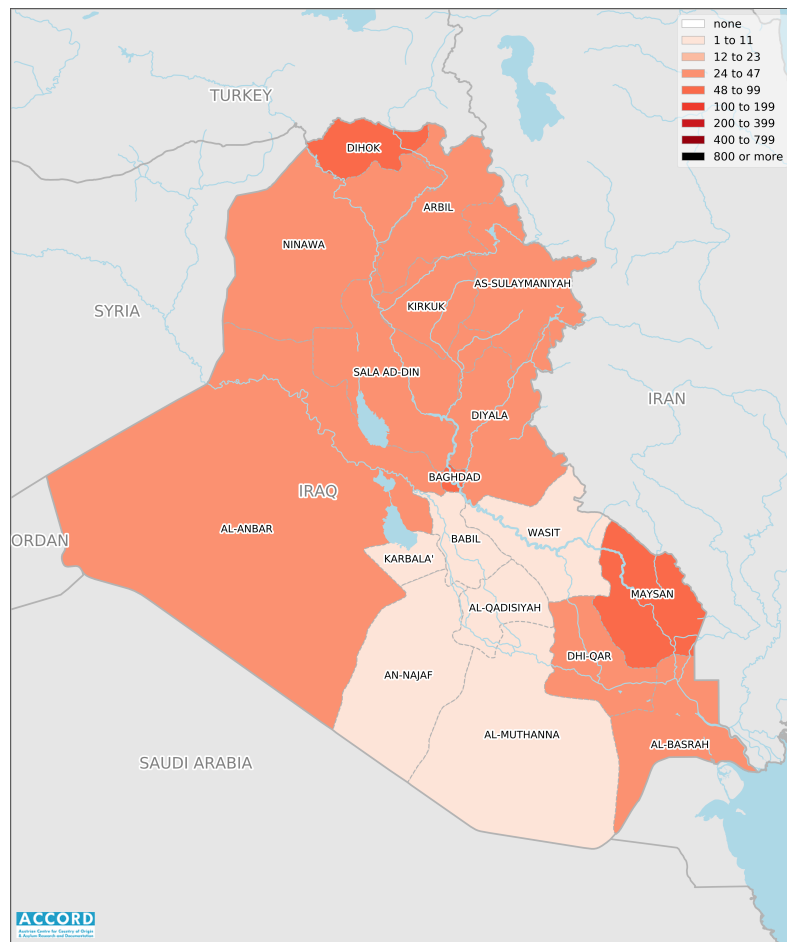


IRAQ, YEAR 2024:

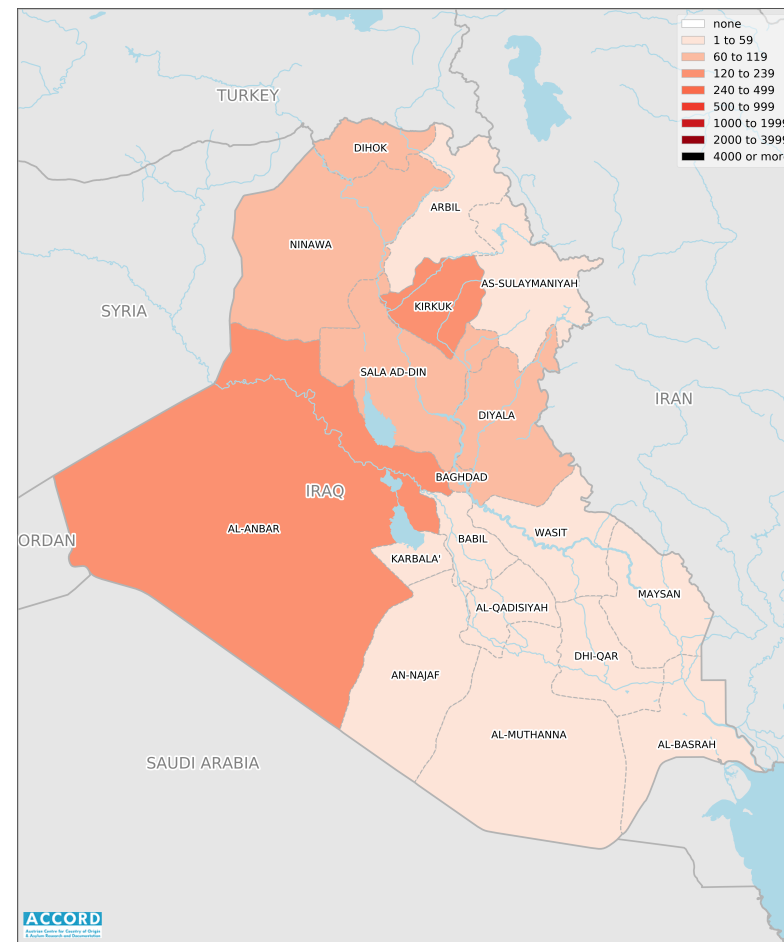
Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 5 February 2025

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality



Number of reported fatalities



National borders: [GADM, 6 May 2018b](#); administrative divisions: [GADM, 6 May 2018a](#); incident data: [ACLED, 31 January 2025](#); coastlines and inland waters: [Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015](#)

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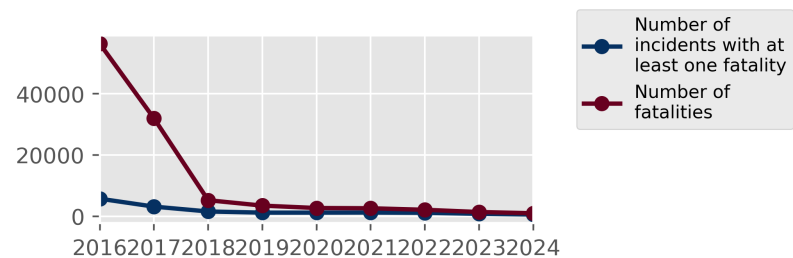
Number of reported fatalities	1
Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality	1
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Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Explosions / Remote violence	5449	144	366
Strategic developments	1681	6	6
Battles	1062	230	401
Protests	896	0	0
Violence against civilians	313	166	193
Riots	87	1	2
Total	9488	547	968

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 31 January 2025).

Development of conflict incidents from 2016 to 2024



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 31 January 2025).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). Based on a variety of sources, ACLED collects data on reported conflict events around the world and provides publicly available event-based datasets. ACLED data contains information on the event type, the date, location, involved actors, and other characteristics of the incident. Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available reports. As information on fatalities is subject to bias and can vary between sources for the same event, ACLED employs “the most conservative and reliable fatality estimate available”. ACLED uses the reports’ context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown (“3” or “10” for plural fatalities, depending on the context; “100” if “hundreds” are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and [ACLED, 2023](#).

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Please see ACLED’s additional methodological paper for Iraq: [ACLED, April 2019](#)

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in

this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occurred, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, violence against civilians, remote violence, riots/protests, non-violent strategic activities. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project Codebook, 2023a
https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2023/06/ACLED_Codebook_2023.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, January 2023b
https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/2023/01/FAQs-ACLED-Fatality-Methodology_2023.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Quick Guide to ACLED Data, March 2023c
<https://acleddata.com/resources/quick-guide-to-acled-data/>

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Al-Anbar	451	44	132
Al-Basrah	372	27	37
Al-Muthanna	197	10	10
Al-Qadisiyah	58	6	11
An-Najaf	68	11	13
Arbil	1515	30	53
As-Sulaymaniyah	296	30	42
Babil	90	10	14
Baghdad	605	92	110
Dhi-Qar	218	31	33
Dihok	4231	49	85
Diyala	206	36	65
Karbala'	38	3	6
Kirkuk	202	47	133
Maysan	215	50	59
Ninawa	541	33	60
Sala ad-Din	139	32	97
Wasit	46	6	8

Localization of conflict incidents

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event

type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data (with the exception of Iraq) which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Al-Anbar**, 451 incidents killing 132 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ad Dawayah, Ain Assad Air Base, Akashat, Al Baghdadi, Al Karah, Al Lahib, Al Qaim, Al Waleed Border Crossing, Al Walid, Al-Amiriyah, Albu Dhiyab, Albu Faraj, Alsawar, An Nukhayb, Anah, Ar Rummanah, Ar Rutba, Chibab, Fallujah, H3 Air Base, Habbaniya, Haditha, Haditha Dam, Hit, Husaybah, Jadidat Arar, Karma, Lake Razaza, Mintaqat Albu Ubayd, Mintaqat Zankurah, Mukhtar, Nahiyat al Amiriyah, Nahiyat al Khalidiyah, Nahiyat as Saqlawiyah, Qaryat Albu Isa, Qaryat Jazira, Qaryat al Naimiyah, Qaryat as Sadan, Ramadi, Rawah, Sufiyah, T1, Tharthar, Tulul al Tash, Turaybil, Wadi Al Halqum, Wadi Hauran, Wadi al Ghadf, Zankurah.

In **Al-Basrah**, 372 incidents killing 37 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu al-Khaseeb, Al Baradiyah, Al Burjisiyah, Al Hayyaniyah, Al Jazira, Al Jizr Al Arbaa, Al Maqil, Al Mashan ash Sharqiyah, Al Midaina, Al Nashwa, Al Qiblah, Al Sadiq, Al Shalamijah, Al Tanumah, Al-Faw, Al-Hartha, Al-Zubair, Ar Ramilah, Ar Rumaylah, As Sankar, Ash Shuaybah, Basrah, Basrah International Airport, Karmat Ali, Khor al Zubair, Majnoon Oil Field, Manawi Al Basha, Nahiyat Ezzedine Salim, Nahiyat ad Dayr, Qaryat Al Kuzayza, Qaryat Al Nasr, Qaryat ash Shafi, Qurna, Rumaylah Oil Field, Safwan, Sharish, Shilamjah Border Crossing, Shuaiba, Umm Qasr, West Qurna 1 Oilfield, West Qurna 2 Oilfield.

In **Al-Muthanna**, 197 incidents killing 10 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ad Darraji, Al Bussayyah, Al Khashabah, Al

Khidr, Al Majd, Al Najmi, Al Warka, Al-Hilal, As Salman, As Samawah, As Suwayr, Bani Salamah, Nahiyat Al Karamah, Qaryat al Mamlahah, Rumaitha, Samawa Refinery, Tenth Oil Patch.

In Al-Qadisiyah, 58 incidents killing 11 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Afak, Al Budayr, Al Hamad, As Sinniyah, Ash-Shinafiyah, Diwaniya, Hamza, Mahnawiyah, Nahiyat Al Shafiyah, Nahiyat Ghammas, Nahiyat ad Dagharah, Nouriya, Shamiya, Sudayr.

In An-Najaf, 68 incidents killing 13 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Mishkhab, Al Shabaka, Hayy ash Shurtah, Kufa, Manathera, Nahiyat al Abbasiyah, Nahiyat al Haydariyah, Najaf, Najaf International Airport.

In Arbil, 1515 incidents killing 53 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ankawa, Barbazin, Bekhal, Berikma, Bnparez, Bokriskan, Bola, Bradost, Choman, Darabi, Dibaga, Erbil, Erbil International Airport, Galiya Rash, Goshina, Haji Kala, Hajj Umran, Harir, Hiran, Jabal Biradawst, Kani Rash, Kardan, Khinayrah, Koisnjaq, Kolit, Lacan, Lolan, Makhmur, Makhmur Camp, Mawrtikah, Mergasur, Nawdarok, Qarachogh Mountain, Qasray, Qimmat Ghalah Rash, Qimmat Kam Kur, Rawanduz, Rawst, Sidakan, Sikanyan, Siktan, Silsilat Jibal Qandil, Soran, Talistah, Taq Taq, Tobzawa, Wadi Khakurik, Warda, Warte.

In As-Sulaymaniyah, 296 incidents killing 42 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aghceler, Arbat, Bardbard, Basawe, Basne, Bepalan, Binawyan, Chamchamal, Darbandihkan, Dokan, Du Taqal, Halabja, Harmaylah, Jabal Asaws, Jabal Hawraman, Kalalah, Kalar, Kani Miran, Karmak, Khor Mor Gas Field, Khurmali, Koya, Kuwayrah Kani, Mawat, Penjwin, Pishdar, Qadir Karam, Qamish, Qaradagh, Qeladize, Qulah Rasi, Rania, Raparin, Safra, Saidsadiq, Salyawa, Sangasar, Sarkapkan, Sharazur, Sharbazher, Shayk al Marayn, Shaykhan, Sinke, Sulaymaniyah,

Tabah Rash, Taslujah, Xelekan, Zirkwayz.

In Babil, 90 incidents killing 14 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Hamza, Al Kifl, Al Midhatiya, Al Qasim, Calso Base, Hashimiya, Hilla, Jabla al Imam, Jurf Al Nasr, Mahawil, Musayab, Nahiyat Abi Gharaq, Nahiyat Jurf as Sakhr, Nahiyat Saddat al Hindiyah, Nahiyat al Iskandariyah, Nahiyat an Nil, Shomeli, Taliyah, Umm Al Hawa Control.

In Baghdad, 605 incidents killing 110 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Ghraib, Ad Dawrah, Agargof, Al Arifiyah, Al Baladiyat, Al Ghuzayliyah, Al Husseiniya, Al Jadidah, Al Kharnabat, Al Latifiyah, Al Mahmudiyah, Al Wahdah, Al Yusufiyah, An Nasr wa as Salam, Ar Rashidiyah, Ar Rustamiyah, Arab Jubur, As Salman, At Tabi, At Tarmiyah, Baghdad, Baghdad - 9 Nissan, Baghdad - Abu Disher, Baghdad - Adhamiya, Baghdad - Al Rashid, Baghdad - Al Shaab, Baghdad - Al-Zafraniya, Baghdad - Ash Shulah, Baghdad - Hurriya, Baghdad - Kadhimiya, Baghdad - Karadah, Baghdad - Karkh, Baghdad - Kurayat, Baghdad - Mansour, Baghdad - Rusafa, Baghdad - Sabia Qusor, Baghdad - Sadr City, Baghdad - Thaaliba, Baghdad International Airport, Bismayah, Hawr Rajab, Jisr Diyala, Jurf Al-Naddaf, Madain, Nahrawan, Qaryat al Anaz, Qaryat ath Thair, Radwaniyah, Rashid Air Base, Sabaa Al Bour, Shaykh Hamad, Taji, Tal Tasah, Uwayrij.

In Dhi-Qar, 218 incidents killing 33 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Akaika, Al Dawayah, Al Gharraf, Al Islah, An-Nasr, Batha, Chibayish, Gharraf Oilfield, Karmashiya, Karmat Bani Said, Khashab, Nahiyat Al Tar, Nahiyat Our, Nahiyat al Fudaylah, Nahiyat al Fuhud, Nassriya, Nassriya Thermal Power Plant, Qalat Sukkar, Rifai, Sayyid Dakhil, Shatra, Suq Al-Shoyokh, Thi Qar Oil Company, Thi-Qar Refinery.

In Dihok, 4231 incidents killing 85 people were reported. The following locations

were among the affected: Al Kishkah, Amadiya, Argen, Babir, Balinda, Bamerni, Banka, Barchi, Barwari, Batifa, Bayrkat, Baytas, Baze, Bebad, Belave, Biluzan, Birifkah, Bishilah, Biye, Cemanke, Cham Saida, Chimbilke, Chiya-e Gara, Ciyaye Res, Dahuk, Dargal, Dayray, Dayrki, Demka, Dereluk, Dereshe, Dostaka, Ekmala, Fayde, Gire Amediye, Gire Bahar, Gire Carcel, Gire Cudi, Gire FM, Gire Hakkari, Gire Orte, Girgash, Giryah, Gize, Guheriz, Gulkah, Haftanin, Hiroor, Ibrahim Khalil Border Crossing, Jabal Karah, Jabal Khayri, Jabal Matin, Jabal Zangil, Kani, Kani Balafi, Kani Masi, Kanimezin, Kashan, Khankah, Khantur Mountain, Khastu, Kurah Zur, Mangesh, Marane, Mayruki, Mayzi, Merstak, Metin, Metina, Mije, Muskah, Nayrvah, Nizarke, Nizdor, Perex, Pirbla, Qasr Bag, Qasrok, Ravina, Rekan, Reshava, Sardasht, Sargali, Sarkaf, Sarkay, Sarkli, Sarzari, Seedan, Seferiya, Semel, Sersink, Sharanish, Sharia, Sheladiz, Shelaza, Shiladiza, Shkafte, Sibindar, Sidrah, Sigiri, Sikrin, Sile, Siyan, Warmayl, Yekmale, Zakho, Zewke.

In Diyala, 206 incidents killing 65 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abbas Dalli, Abu Saida, Abu Tamar, Al Azim, Al Haruniyah, Al Intisar, Al Mandhariyah, Al-Khalis, Al-Muqadadiya, Asiyoud, Atafiya, Balad Ruz, Balkanah, Baquba, Buhriz, Duklah, Dur al Waqf, Habhab, Hamrin Mountains - Diyala, Imam Ways, Jadidat Al Shatt, Khan Bani Saad, Khanaqin, Kifri, Kullajo, Lake Hamrin, Mahmoud Hajar, Mandali, Naft Khanah, Nahiyat Kanan, Nahr Narin Chay, Qarah Tabah, Qaryat Jayzani, Qaryat Kasb, Qaryat Shiqraq, Qaryat al Mukhaysah, Qaryat an Naqib, Qaryat ash Shaykhi, Qazaniya, Rakat al Hajj Suhail, Sadah, Sarajek, Tahwila, Tall al Kubbah.

In Karbala', 38 incidents killing 6 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ain Al Tamur, Kerbala, Kerbala oil refinery.

In Kirkuk, 202 incidents killing 133 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Qadissiya, Altun Kupri, Bajwan, Balkanah, Banja Ali, Bashir, Daquq, Dibis, Hamrin Mountains - Kirkuk, Haweeja, Jabal Bor,

Jardaghli, K1 Military Base, Kirkuk, Kitka, Laylan, Markaz Nahiyah Shuwan, Nahiyat ar Riyad, Nahiyat az Zab, Qarah Hajir, Qaryat Adhirban, Qaryat Al Tarfawi, Qaryat al Akulah, Qaryat al Aziziyah, Qaryat al Milhah, Qaryat ar Raml, Rahima Quta, Rashad, Sarkaran, Shay Valley, Tall al Warad, Tappeh, Taza, Topzawa, Tuwayliyah, Wadi Zaghaytun, Yayci, Yurghun al Ulya, Zarkah, Zerga.

In Maysan, 215 incidents killing 59 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Azair, Al Musharrah, Al Shib Border Crossing, Ali Al-Gharbi, Amara, At Tib, Batirah, Bazrakan Oilfield, Halfaya Oilfield, Hawr Al Huwayzah, Kahla, Khair, Kumait, Maimouna, Mejar Al-Kabi, Mintaqat as Sinaiyah, Nahiyat Al Salam, Nahr Saad, Nahr al Ezz, Qalat Salih.

In Ninawa, 541 incidents killing 60 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Maria, Adayah, Akre, Al Baaj, Al Hamdaniyah, Al Qahtaniyah, Al Qush, Al-Adhbah, An Naddas, Atashana Mountains, Ayn al Jahesh, Badiyat al Jazirah, Badush, Badush Mountains, Bakirman, Bara, Bartalah, Bartella, Bashiqaq, Batnay, Bire, Desta Kafya, Desta Nahle, Dinartah, Dugure, Hammam al Alil, Hatra, Kani Sibhan, Kawergosk, Khalaf, Khana Sor, Kudud, Mosul, Mosul - Al-Hadbaa, Mosul - Al-Jazaer, Mosul - Al-Rabee, Mosul - Al-Shuhadaa Park, Mosul - Old City, Mosul- Al Mamun, Nisrah, Qaryat Kubbat Jadah, Qaryat Umm adh Dhiban, Rabia, Shahah, Shikhan, Shurah, Sinjar, Sinuni, Tall Abtah ash Shimali, Tall Kazir, Telafar, Wadi Tharthar, Wardiyah, Yakmalah, Zammar.

In Sala ad-Din, 139 incidents killing 97 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Adhaim Dam, Al Doluiya, Al Kush, Al Mutassim, Alas Oilfield, Amerli, Aradi Hawi al Maytah, Aradi al Ayth, Aradi al Jallam, Baiji, Balad, Bishkan, Daur, Dholuiya, Dujail, Hamrin Mountains - Sala al-Din, Makhol, Makhol Mountain, Mintaqat Naima, Mukeshefah, Mutaibijah, Nahiyat Yathrib, Nahiyat al Alam, Nahiyat al Ishaqi, Qaryat Al Abbasiyah, Qaryat Kubaybah, Qaryat Tulul al Baj, Qaryat al Huwaysh, Qaryat al

Mazraah, Qaryat an Nawafal, Qaryat as Sukkariyah, Sakriya Valley, Samarra, Shirqat, Speicher Airbase, Sulayman Bak, Tikrit, Tuz Khurma, Uj Tepe, Wadi ath Tharthar, Zanjaliyah.

In Wasit, 46 incidents killing 8 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Ahdab Oilfield, Al Aziziyah, Badra, Hai, Kut, Namaniya, Shaykh Saad, Suwaira, Zurbatiyah.

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Disclaimer

ACLED data undergoes several rounds of review before publication and is continually updated as new events are added and existing events are revised as new information becomes available. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the [ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED"](#). The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

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