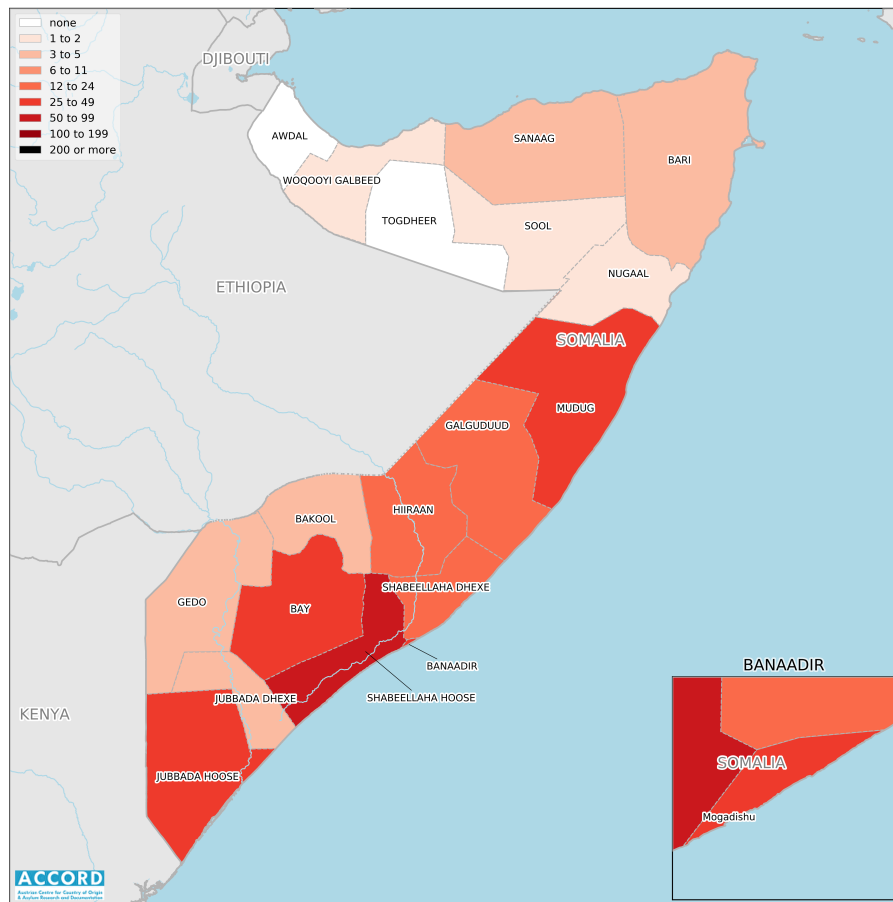


SOMALIA, FIRST QUARTER 2024:

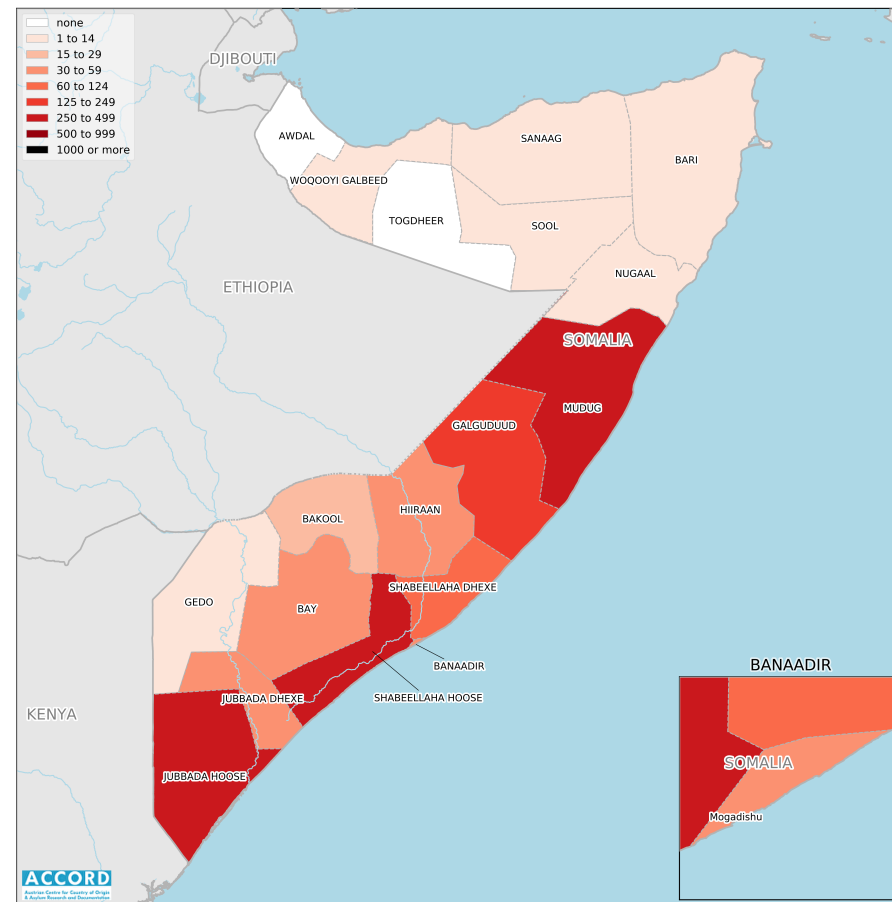
Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 8 May 2024

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality



Number of reported fatalities



National borders: [GADM, 6 May 2018a](#); administrative divisions: [GADM, 6 May 2018b](#); Ethiopia/Somalia border status: [CIA, 2014](#); incident data: [ACLED, 3 May 2024](#); coastlines and inland waters: [Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015](#)

Contents

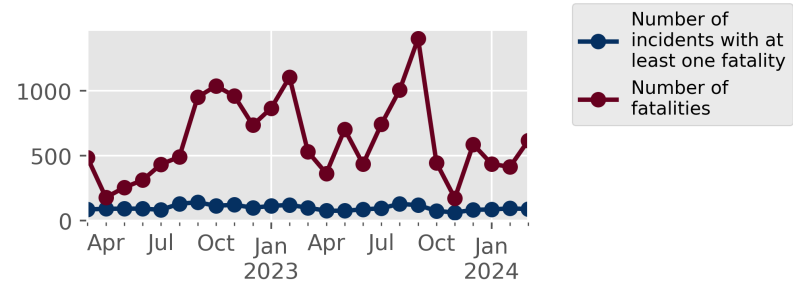
Number of reported fatalities	1
Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality	1
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Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Battles	365	130	941
Explosions / Remote violence	206	85	421
Violence against civilians	74	51	98
Strategic developments	52	1	6
Protests	48	1	1
Riots	4	1	1
Total	749	269	1468

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 3 May 2024).

Development of conflict incidents from March 2022 to March 2024



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 3 May 2024).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). Based on a variety of sources, ACLED collects data on reported conflict events around the world and provides publicly available event-based datasets. ACLED data contains information on the event type, the date, location, involved actors, and other characteristics of the incident. Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available reports. As information on fatalities is subject to bias and can vary between sources for the same event, ACLED employs “the most conservative and reliable fatality estimate available”. ACLED uses the reports’ context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown (“3” or “10” for plural fatalities, depending on the context; “100” if “hundreds” are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and [ACLED, 2023](#).

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which

an incident occurred, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, violence against civilians, remote violence, riots/protests, non-violent strategic activities. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project Codebook, 2023a
https://acleddata.com/acledatanew/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2023/06/ACLED_Codebook_2023.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, January 2023b
https://acleddata.com/acledatanew/wp-content/uploads/2023/01/FAQs-ACLED-Fatality-Methodology_2023.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Quick Guide to ACLED Data, March 2023c
<https://acleddata.com/resources/quick-guide-to-acled-data/>

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Awdal	4	0	0
Bakool	35	3	29
Banaadir	64	27	56
Bari	27	4	6
Bay	91	25	53
Galguduud	35	23	126
Gedo	18	5	13
Hiiraan	56	17	40
Jubbada Dhexe	10	5	42
Jubbada Hoose	76	35	251
Mudug	52	32	363
Nugaal	13	2	2
Sanaag	5	4	5
Shabeellaha Dhexe	31	12	107
Shabeellaha Hoose	213	71	361
Sool	4	2	11
Togdheer	6	0	0
Woqooyi Galbeed	7	2	3

Localization of conflict incidents

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event

type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Awdal**, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Borama, Lughaye**.

In **Bakool**, 35 incidents killing 29 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abaq Beeday, Buur Dhuxunle, Ceel Jelow, Doondardiir, Dudumaale, Duuray, Fajer Boore, Faraq, Garas Weyne, Gomorey, Hudur, Hunyaley/Lugay Weene, Kulunjerer, Qaydar Edi, Rab Dhuure, Tayeeglow, Waajid, War Galoole, Yeed**.

In **Banaadir**, 64 incidents killing 56 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Mogadishu, Mogadishu - Abdiiaziz, Mogadishu - Bondhere, Mogadishu - Hamar Jabjab, Mogadishu - Hamar Weyne, Mogadishu - Hawl Wadaag, Mogadishu - Heliwa, Mogadishu - Karan, Mogadishu - Shibis, Mogadishu - Waaberi, Mogadishu - Wadajir, Mogadishu - Wardhigley, Mogadishu - Yaqshid**.

In **Bari**, 27 incidents killing 6 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Alula, Bosaso, Buuraha Cali Miskat, Carmo, Galgala, Moqor, Qarar Soor, Raas-Casayr, Xaafuun**.

In **Bay**, 91 incidents killing 53 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Aawdiinle, Baidoa, Bardaale, Bur-Heybe, Buulo Cadey, Buulo Fulaay, Buulo Fur, Buur Xakaba, Diinsoor, Garas, Gufguduud Burey, Haween, Isha, Iska-Darka, Kurta, Makuudo, Mayafulka, Qansax Dheere**.

In **Galguduud**, 35 incidents killing 126 people were reported. The following

locations were among the affected: **Cabudwaaq, Ceel Buur, Ceel Dheer, Dhuusamarreeb, Galcad, Galhareeri, Ilix, Jacar, Masagaway, Oswein, Xeraale, Xin Dheere.**

In **Gedo**, 18 incidents killing 13 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bardera, Belet Xaawo, Ceel Cadde, Doolow, El Wak, Garbahaarey, Luuq.**

In **Hiiraan**, 56 incidents killing 40 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Aliyaalo, Beer Yabual, Beerxaano, Belet Weyne, Booco, Bulo Burto, Buqda Caqable, Buqkoosaar, Ceel Cali, Farlibaax, Halgan, Helo-Banaan, Jalalaqsi, Kalabeyr, Matabaan, Maxaas, Mukayle, Shaw.**

In **Jubbada Dhexe**, 10 incidents killing 42 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Arabow, Jilib, Kuunyo-Barrow, Saakow, Salagle.**

In **Jubbada Hoose**, 76 incidents killing 251 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Araara, Baarka, Bar-Sanguun, Buulo Gaduud, Buulo Xaaji, Dhobley, Far Waamo, Hosingow, Jamaame, Jana Cabdalle, Kismayo, Kobon, Malayle, Qoqani, Ras Kamboni, Sooyaac, Tabta, Turdho, Wirkooy.**

In **Mudug**, 52 incidents killing 363 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Af Barwaaqo, Baad Weyne, Caad, Camaara, Deegaan, Dumaaye, Gaalkacyo, Galdogob, Garsoor, Jariiban, Jiic boor, Laama ariboob, Qaycad, Saaxo, Shabeellow, Tawfiiq, Wisil, Xarardheere, Xinlabi.**

In **Nugaal**, 13 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Eyl, Garowe.**

In **Sanaag**, 5 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Badhan, Ceel Afweyn, Milxo.**

In **Shabeellaha Dhexe**, 31 incidents killing 107 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Adan Yabaal, Balcad, Bursha Shiikh, Buulo Kunto, Buurane, Ceel-Baraf, Dinlaabe, Eji, Fiidow, Gololey, Mahadaay, Mandheere, Qalimow, Run-nirgod, Xaaji-Cali, Xawaadleey.**

In **Shabeellaha Hoose**, 213 incidents killing 361 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Afgooye, Almada, Awbocow, Awdheegle, Baasra, Bagdaad, Baldooska, Bali Doogle, Ballo, Baraawe, Bariirre, Bulcida Macalinka, Bulo Mareer, Busley, Buufow Bacaad, Ceel Waregow, Ceel-Jaale, Ceelasha Biyaha, Cumar Beerre, Dalbiyango, Daniga, Danow, Dhanaane, Doonka, Embareeso, Gendershe, Golweyn, Jambaluul, Janaale, Jazeera, Jilib-Marca, K60, Kunyo Barrow, Kurtunwaarey, Laantabuur, Lafoole, Mareerey, Mogadishu - Daynile, Mogadishu - Dharkenley, Mogadishu - Hodan, Mogadishu - Kaxda, Moordiinle, Mubaarak, Mukaiga, Qoryooley, Saabid, Shalaambood, Tortorow, Ugunji, Wanla Weyne, Warmahan, Xaawo-Cabdi, Yaaq Biri Weyne.**

In **Sool**, 4 incidents killing 11 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Caynabo, Laascaanood, Oog.**

In **Togdheer**, 6 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Balanbaal, Buq-Dharkayn, Burco, Buuhoodle, Dari Maraa.**

In **Woqooyi Galbeed**, 7 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Gabiley, Gebiley, Hargeysa, Mahamud Haybe, Salaxley.**

Sources

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project Codebook, 2023
https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2023/06/ACLED_Codebook_2023.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Africa, 3 May 2024
https://acleddata.com/curated-data-files/#Africa_1997-2024_May03
(visited on 8 May 2024)
- CIA – U. S. Central Intelligence Agency: Somalia (Small Map) 2014, 2014
http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/4543_1432122742_somalia-sm-2014.gif
- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: gadm36_levels.shp, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018a
http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/gadm36_levels.shp.zip
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http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/shp/gadm36_SOM.shp.zip
- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015
<https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/>

Disclaimer

ACLED data undergoes several rounds of review before publication and is continually updated as new events are added and existing events are revised as new information becomes available. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessar-

ily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the [ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED"](#). The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

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