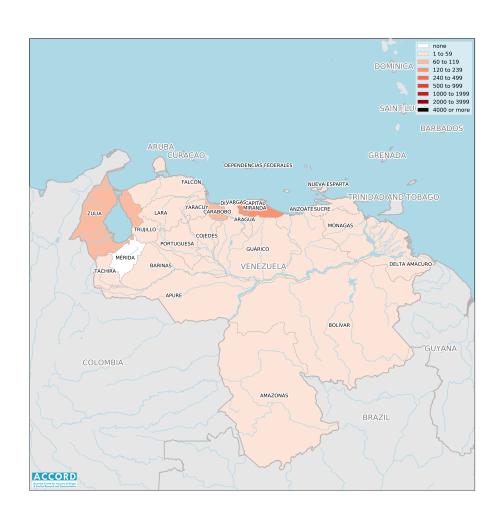
### Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

### Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality

# 1 to 11 12 to 23 24 to 47 100 to 199 200 to 399 400 to 799 DEPENDENCIAS FEDERALES ANZOÁTESUCRE COIEDES PORTUGUESA GUÁRICO AMAZONAS ACCORD

#### Number of reported fatalities



National borders: GADM, 6 May 2018a; administrative divisions: GADM, 6 May 2018b; incident data: ACLED, 29 March 2024; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

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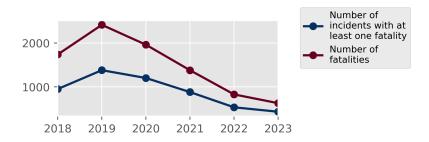
Number of reported fatalities	•
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### Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Protests	2839	0	0
Battles	318	286	443
Violence against civilians	164	138	175
Riots	88	5	5
Strategic developments	44	0	0
Explosions / Remote violence	17	3	4
Total	3470	432	627

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 29 March 2024).

### Development of conflict incidents from 2018 to 2023



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 29 March 2024).

#### Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Venezuela being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("3" or "10" for plural fatalities, depending on the context; "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Please see ACLED's additional methodological paper for Venezuela: ACLED, February 2020

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and

GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, violence against civilians, remote violence, riots/protests, non-violent strategic activities. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project Codebook, 2023a https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/dlm\_uploads/ 2023/06/ACLED\_Codebook\_2023.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, January 2023b https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/2023/01/ FAQs-ACLED-Fatality-Methodology\_2023.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Quick Guide to ACLED Data, March 2023c
   https://acleddata.com/resources/quick-guide-to-acled-data/

### Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Amazonas	42	3	4
Anzoátegui	118	7	15
Apure	70	1	4
Aragua	148	20	35
Barinas	128	3	6
Bolívar	259	22	26
Carabobo	264	74	89
Cojedes	52	1	2
Delta Amacuro	43	3	3
Distrito Capital	252	36	46
Falcón	208	18	21
Guárico	132	21	34
La Guaira	54	3	3
Lara	272	17	22
Miranda	240	70	126
Monagas	90	7	9
Mérida	146	0	0
Nueva Esparta	85	1	1
Portuguesa	96	6	7
Sucre	134	11	25

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Trujillo	83	11	16
Táchira	130	9	12
Yaracuy	59	5	10
Zulia	365	83	111

#### Localization of conflict incidents

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In Amazonas, 42 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Agua Blanca, Albarical, Platanillal, Puerto Ayacucho, Samariapo, San Fernando de Atabapo, Topocho.

In Anzoátegui, 118 incidents killing 15 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Barcelona, Bergantin, Cantaura, Cerro de Piedra, Chorreron, Clarines, El Hatillo, El Tigre, Guanta, Kashama, Lecheria, Puerto La Cruz, Puerto Piritu, San Joaquin, San Jose de Guanipa, Santa Ana, Zuata.

In Apure, 70 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Achaguas, Bruzual, El Amparo de Apure, El Nula, Elorza, Guasdualito, Mantecal, Puerto Paez, San Fernando de Apure, San

Juan de Payara, San Rafael de Atamaica.

In Aragua, 148 incidents killing 35 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Cagua, Camatagua, Colonia Tovar, El Cambur, El Consejo, El Limon, La Victoria, Las Tejerias, Los Bagres, Magdaleno, Maracay, Ocumare de la Costa, Palo Negro, San Francisco de Asis, San Mateo, San Sebastian, Santa Cruz de Aragua, Santa Rita, Tocoron, Turmero, Villa de Cura, Zuata.

In Barinas, 128 incidents killing 6 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Arismendi, Barinas, Barinitas, Barrancas, Bumbun, Capitanejo, Ciudad Bolivia, Dolores, La Caramuca, Libertad, Obispos, Punta Gorda, Sabaneta, Santa Barbara de Barinas, Santa Ines, Socopo.

In Bolívar, 259 incidents killing 26 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Caicara del Orinoco, Ciudad Bolivar, Ciudad Guayana, El Callao, El Dorado, El Manteco, Guasipati, La Paragua, Santa Elena de Uairen, Santa Maria de Upata, Sifontes, Tumeremo, Upata.

In Carabobo, 264 incidents killing 89 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aguirre, Alpargaton, Bejuma, Canoabo, El Charal, El Naipe, El Palito, Ganango, Guacara, Guigue, Las Trincheras, Los Guayos, Mariara, Miranda, Montalban, Moron, Naguanagua, Palma Sola, Puerto Cabello, Saman Mocho, San Diego, San Joaquin, Tacarigua, Tocuyito, Urama, Valencia, Yuma.

In Cojedes, 52 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Apartaderos, Cojedes, El Baul, El Pao, Las Vegas, San Carlos, Taguanes, Tinaco, Tinaquillo.

In **Delta Amacuro**, 43 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Carapal**, **Casacoima**, **Curiapo**, **El Triunfo**,

#### Tucupita.

In **Distrito Capital**, **252** incidents killing **46** people were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Caracas - Libertador**.

In Falcón, 208 incidents killing 21 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Adaure, Adicora, Amuay, Azaro, Baraived, Boca de Aroa, Boca de Tocuyo, Buena Vista, Carazao, Casigua, Caujarao, Chichiriviche, Churuguara, Coro, Dabajuro, El Cacuro, El Cardon, El Supi, El Taque, Judibana, La Aguada, La Vela de Coro, Las Piedras, Las Vegas del Tuy, Maparari, Mene de Mauroa, Moruy, Puerto Cumarebo, Punta Cardon, Punto Fijo, San Felix, Sanare, Santa Cruz de Bucaral, Santa Elena, Santa Rita, Tacuato, Tiraya, Tocopero, Tucacas, Villa Marina, Zazarida.

In Guárico, 132 incidents killing 34 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Altagracia de Orituco, Cabruta, Calabozo, Camaguan, Cazorla, Corozo Pando, El Socorro, El Sombrero, Guayabal, La Reforma, Las Mercedes del Llano, Ortiz, San Jose de Guaribe, San Juan de los Morros, San Rafael de Laya, Tucupido, Uveral, Valle De La Pascua, Zaraza.

In La Guaira, 54 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Caraballeda, Catia la Mar, Chichiriviche de la Costa, La Guaira, Macuto, Maiguetia, Naiguata, Osma.

In Lara, 272 incidents killing 22 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Agua Viva, Aregue, Barquisimeto, Bobare, Cabudare, Camoruco, Carora, Carorita, Duaca, El Cercado, El Tocuyo, La Esperanza, La Puerta, La Sabila, Las Palmitas, Pavia, Quibor, Sabaneta, San Pedro, Sanare, Sarare, Siquisique, Tamaca.

In Miranda, 240 incidents killing 126 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Caracas - Baruta, Caracas - Chacao,

Caracas - El Hatillo, Caracas - Sucre, Carrizal, Caucagua, Caucaguita, Charallave, Cua, Guarenas, Guatire, Higuerote, Hoyo de La Puerta, La Lagunita, Los Anaucos, Los Barriales, Los Teques, Nueva Cua, Ocumare del Tuy, Paracotos, Quebrada Seca, Rosario de Soapire, San Antonio de Los Altos, San Francisco de Yare, San Jose de Barlovento, San Vicente, Santa Lucia, Santa Teresa del Tuy, Turumo.

In Monagas, 90 incidents killing 9 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Barrancas del Orinoco, Boca de Rio Chiquito, Cachipo, Caicara de Maturin, Campo Miraflores, Caripe, Chaguaramal, El Limon, El Temblador, Guayabal, La Bruja, La Pica, Los Barrancos de Fajardo, Maturin, Punta de Mata.

In Mérida, 146 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bailadores, Chiguara, Ejido, El Anis, El Vigia, Guayabones, La Azulita, Lagunillas, Merida, Mucuchies, Mucujepe, Nueva Bolivia, Santa Cruz de Mora, Santo Domingo, Timotes, Tovar.

In Nueva Esparta, 85 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Atamo Sur, Boca de Rio, El Datil, El Espinal, El Valle del Espiritu Santo, Juan Griego, La Asuncion, La Plaza de Paraguachi, Manzanillo, Pampatar, Pedro Gonzalez, Porlamar, Punta de Piedras, San Antonio Sur, San Juan Bautista, Tacarigua.

In Portuguesa, 96 incidents killing 7 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Acarigua, Araure, Biscucuy, El Playon, Guanare, Guanarito, La Flecha, Ospino, Papelon, Piritu, Puente Paez, San Rafael de Onoto, Villa Bruzual, Yacurito.

In Sucre, 134 incidents killing 25 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Araya, Cariaco, Carupano, Casanay, Cocollar, Cumana, El Morro, El Pilar, El Rincon, Guiria, Irapa, La Angoleta, Los

Cachicatos, Playa Grande, Pozo Colorado, Rio Caribe, Rio Seco, San Antonio del Golfo, San Jose de Areocuar, Santa Fe, Soledad de Cariaco, Tataracual, Tunapuy, Yaguaraparo.

In Trujillo, 83 incidents killing 16 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Betijoque, Bocono, Carache, Carvajal, Chejende, El Gallo, El Progreso, Jalisco, Junin, La Cejita, La Puerta, Las Minas, Las Palmas, Mendoza, Mete Miedo, Monay, Motatan, Pampan, Pampanito, Sabana Grande, Sabana de Mendoza, Trujillo, Valera.

In Táchira, 130 incidents killing 12 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abejales, Apartaderos, Arjona, Coloncito, Cordero, El Cobre, El Corozo, El Palmar de La Cope, El Palotal, El Pueblito, La Florida, La Fria, La Grita, La Mulata, Naranjales, Rubio, San Antonio del Tachira, San Cristobal, San Jose de Bolivar, San Rafael del Pinal, Santa Ana del Tachira, Seboruco, Tienditas, Urena, Zorca.

In Yaracuy, 59 incidents killing 10 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Cambural, Campo Elias, Chivacoa, Cocorote, El Diamante, Independencia, La Virgen, Nirgua, Palito Blanco, Sabana de Parra, San Felipe, San Pablo, Urachiche, Yaritagua.

In Zulia, 365 incidents killing 111 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Alta Guajira, Alto Viento, Bachaquero, Barranquitas, Cabimas, Campo Lara, Casigua El Cubo, Ciudad Ojeda, Concepcion, Domitila Flores, El Carmelo, El Curarire, El Danto, El Guanabano, El Moralito, El Tucuco, El Venado, Guana, Guarero, Jesus Enrique Lossada, La Canada de Urdaneta, La Concepcion, La Ensenada, La Sierrita, La Villa del Rosario, Lo de Doria, Los Cortijos, Los Puertos de Altagracia, Machiques, Maracaibo, Mene Grande, Moina, Paraguaipoa, Playa Grande, Punta de Palmas, Rabito, San Carlos del Zulia, San Francisco, San Rafael, Santa Barbara del Zulia, Santa Cruz del Zulia, Santa Rosalia, Sinamaica, Tia Juana, Zapara.

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#### Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see <a href="https://www.acleddata.com/resources/">www.acleddata.com/resources/</a>. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

#### Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Venezuela, year 2023: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 8 April 2024