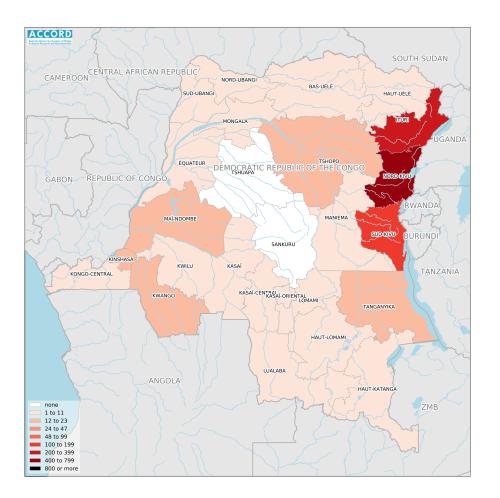
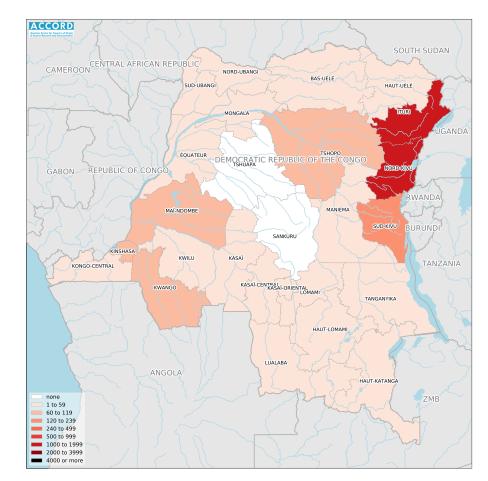
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO, YEAR 2023: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality

Number of reported fatalities





National borders: GADM, 6 May 2018b; administrative divisions: GADM, 6 May 2018a; incident data: ACLED, 29 March 2024; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

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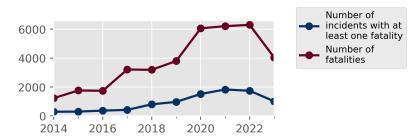
| Number of reported fatalities | 1 |
|---|---|
| Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality | 1 |
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Conflict incidents by category

| Category | Number of incidents | Number of incidents with at least one fatality | Number of fatalities |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Battles | 1008 | 345 | 1329 |
| Violence against civilians | 806 | 543 | 2410 |
| Strategic developments | 656 | 2 | 3 |
| Riots | 287 | 95 | 144 |
| Protests | 205 | 4 | 61 |
| Explosions / Remote violence | 66 | 25 | 98 |
| Total | 3028 | 1014 | 4045 |

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 29 March 2024).

Development of conflict incidents from 2014 to 2023



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 29 March 2024).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Democratic Republic of Congo being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("3" or "10" for plural fatalities, depending on the context; "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, violence against civilians, remote violence, riots/protests, non-violent strategic activities. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project Codebook, 2023a https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/ 2023/06/ACLED_Codebook_2023.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, January 2023b https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/2023/01/ FAQs-ACLED-Fatality-Methodology_2023.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Quick Guide to ACLED Data, March 2023c https://acleddata.com/resources/quick-guide-to-acled-data/

Conflict incidents per province

| Province | Number of incidents | Number of incidents with fatalities | Number of fatalities |
|----------------|------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Bas-Uélé | 5 | 1 | 3 |
| Haut-Katanga | 44 | 7 | 18 |
| Haut-Lomami | 7 | 4 | 8 |
| Haut-Uélé | 17 | 8 | 15 |
| lturi | 567 | 324 | 1464 |
| Kasaï | 18 | 5 | 18 |
| Kasaï-Central | 15 | 7 | 11 |
| Kasaï-Oriental | 26 | 4 | 4 |
| Kinshasa | 132 | 18 | 71 |
| Kongo-Central | 30 | 10 | 58 |
| Kwango | 34 | 12 | 102 |
| Kwilu | 28 | 11 | 38 |
| Lomami | 12 | 4 | 6 |
| Lualaba | 13 | 6 | 15 |
| Maniema | 46 | 9 | 13 |
| Maï-Ndombe | 51 | 22 | 93 |
| Mongala | 4 | 1 | 5 |
| Nord-Kivu | 1576 | 423 | 1793 |
| Nord-Ubangi | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Sankuru | 4 | 0 | 0 |

| Province | Number of incidents | Number of incidents with fatalities | Number of fatalities |
|------------|------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Sud-Kivu | 313 | 105 | 165 |
| Sud-Ubangi | 5 | 1 | 2 |
| Tanganyika | 31 | 12 | 31 |
| Tshopo | 39 | 18 | 107 |
| Équateur | 9 | 1 | 4 |

Localization of conflict incidents

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unkown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Bas-Uélé**, **5** incidents killing **3** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Ango**, **Banda**, **Buta**, **Digba**.

In Haut-Katanga, 44 incidents killing 18 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Kambove, Kasenga, Kasumbalesa, Kikula, Kipushi, Kundelungu National Park, Lubumbashi, Lwambo, Sakania, Upemba National Park.

In Haut-Lomami, 7 incidents killing 8 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bukama, Kamina, Kasala, Malemba Nkulu.

In Haut-Uélé, 17 incidents killing 15 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bitima, Durba, Faradje, Gombari, Isiro, Moku, Niangara, Solobingba, Wando, Watsa.

In Ituri, 567 incidents killing 1464 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abombi, Adja, Adrasi, Ali Yana, Andisa, Anditongo, Apakolu, Apatineko, Apende, Ariwara, Aru, Aungba I, Aveba, Aveluma, Babukela, Badengaido, Bafwabango, Bafwabete, Bafwambaya, Bakaeko, Bakonde, Bakwanza, Balabala, Balingina, Baluma, Bamande, Bambu, Bandibwame, Bandinbese, Bavi, Biakato, Blukwa, Buchama, Bukiringi, Bule, Bunia, Bunzenzele, Bwakadi, Camp Platon, Datule, Dhendro, Djalasiga, Djalusene, Djangi, Djatsi, Djuda, Djugu, Djupalangu, Djuru, Dodjo, Donato/Malongakeke, Drakpa, Drodro, Dyambu, Dzathi, Elake, Epanza, Fichama, Gali, Gbado, Geti, Gobu, Gokalu, Golo, Gutsi, Idohu, Iga Barriere, Ingbokolo, Irumu, Itendey, Ituri, Jisa, Jissada, Jiwi, Jupaketa, Kabrigue, Kalongo, Kamatsi, Kasenyi, Kasoko, Katabey, Katanga, Katoto, Kilo, Kokonyange, Komanda, Kpanga, Kpawi, Kyabohe, Ladile, Largu, Lewe, Libreville, Lida, Lidda, Lilo 1, Lintumbe, Lisey, Logo, Lolwa, Lopa, Lovi, Luengba, Lukamalembe, Lumalisa, Luna, Luna Mutueyi, Machongani, Madombo, Mahagi, Mahagi Port, Mahala, Makanga, Makayanga, Makele, Makoko, Makumo, Malabo, Malibongo, Mambaka, Mambasa, Mambedu, Mambelenga, Mandibe, Mangu, Manya, Manyala, Manzebi, Manzobe, Marabo, Masiliko, Masumbuko, Matete, Mayalibo, Mayi Safi, Mayuano, Maze, Mbau, Mbidjo, Mbijo, Mitego, Mokambo, Mongbwalu, Monge, Mont Hoyo, Mudzipela, Mulinga, Mungamba, Mwanga, Ndalya, Ndimo, Ndjala, Ngazba, Ngombenyama, Ngongo, Ngote, Nia-Nia, Nioka, Nizi, Nyacha, Nyamamba, Nyangabo, Nyara, Nzanzibar, Nzebi, Ofai, Ofaye Otto Maber, Okapi Wildlife Reserve, Otomabere, Pabong, Panyabiu, Panza, Penyi, Petsi, Pimbo, Pinzili, Plaine Savo, Pluto, Rhoo, Rule, Rwampara, Sabahido, Samboko Centre, Sanduku, Sayo, Semliki, Sesa, Shaba, Shari, Some, Sondu, Talolo, Tche, Tchomia, Tepemuche, Teturi, Tinda, Tondoli, Tshabi, Tsukpa, Utcha, Uwesa, Wala, Wazabo, Yagu, Yedi, Yilo.

In Kasaï, 18 incidents killing 18 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Dekese, Ilebo, Kamonia, Mweka, Tshikapa.

In Kasaï-Central, 15 incidents killing 11 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Dibaya, Dimbelenge, Kananga, Luiza.

In Kasaï-Oriental, 26 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Katanda, Mbuji-Mayi, Miabi, Tshilenge.

In Kinshasa, 132 incidents killing 71 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bita, Dumi, Iye, Kinshasa, Kinshasa - Camp Luka, Kinshasa - Gombe, Kinshasa - Kalamu, Kinshasa - Kimbanseke, Kinshasa - Limete, Kinshasa - Lingwala, Kinshasa - Maluku, Kinshasa -Masina, Kinshasa - Ndjili Airport, Kinshasa - Ngaliema, Matadi Mayo, Mbankana, Mbete, Menkao, Mongata, Yuo.

In Kongo-Central, 30 incidents killing 58 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Boma, Kasangulu, Kenge, Kimvula, Kizika, Kwilu-Ngongo, Lukula, Luozi, Madimba, Matadi, Mbanza Ngungu, Moanda, Mpese.

In Kwango, 34 incidents killing 102 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Batshongo, Ipongi, Kasongo Lunda, Kenge, Kwango, Mongata, Pont Kwango, Popokabaka.

In Kwilu, 28 incidents killing 38 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bagata, Bandundu, Bulungu, Fatundu, Gungu, Kikwit, Masi Manimba, Misha, Mukedi, Panu.

In Lomami, 12 incidents killing 6 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Kabinda, Kamende, Kamiji, Lubao, Mwene-Ditu, Nvunayi, Tshaba.

In Lualaba, 13 incidents killing 15 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Fungurume, Kabombwa, Kisankala, Kolwezi, Kolwezi - Manika, Lualaba.

In Maniema, 46 incidents killing 13 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Kabambare, Kalonda 2, Kalonda-Kibuyu, Kasuku, Kavima, Kibombo, Kindu, Lubutu, Mutuka, Okasa, Salamabila, Wamaza.

In Maï-Ndombe, 51 incidents killing 93 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bishala, Boku, Bolobo, Camp Banku, Inongo, Kinsele, Kwamouth, Limete, Mase, Masiambio, Mbomo, Menkwo.

In **Mongala**, **4** incidents killing **5** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bongandanga**, **Lisala**.

In Nord-Kivu, 1576 incidents killing 1793 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Apetinasana, Bafwambaya, Bambu, Bambuba Kisiki, Bandulu, Bashu, Basisale, Baswagha, Beni, Biambe, Bibatama, Bihambwe, Bilimani, Binza, Birambizo, Bishusha, Buhumba, Bukombo, Bukununu, Bulambo, Bulinde, Bulongo, Bunagana, Buniole, Burai, Buramba, Burambo, Burungu, Busakara, Busanza, Busokoli, Busumba, Butale, Butembo, Butembo - Bulengera, Butuhe, Buvira, Bweru, Bweteta, Bweza, Bwiza, Cantine, Chandago, Chengerero, Egombo, Eringeti, Gasiza, Goma, Goma - Himbi, Goma - Kasika, Goma - Keshero, Goma - Lac Vert, Goma -Majengo, Goma - Ndosho, Halungupa, Hehu, Hohe, Hululu, Isale, Ishasha, Itebero, Kabalekasha, Kabalwa, Kabanda, Kabase, Kabasha, Kabati, Kabaya, Kabizo, Kabuhendo, Kadou, Kahanga, Kahira, Kahunga, Kainama, Kako, Kalambahiro, Kalembe, Kalengera, Kalinga, Kalivuli, Kalonge, Kalunguta, Kamango, Kamatembe, Kamungu, Kanaba, Kaniro, Kanombe, Kanyabayonga, Kanyamahoro, Kanyatsi, Kanzanza, Kanzenze, Kapopi, Karenga, Karton, Karuba, Karuruma, Kasaka, Kasali, Kasesero, Kashali, Kashari, Kashebere, Kashuga, Kasindi, Kasinga, Kasizi, Katale, Katanda,

Katembe, Katiri, Katolu, Katoyi, Katuhunda, Katuunda, Katwa, Katwiguru II, Kauli, Kausa, Kavasewa, Kavumu, Kayna, Kazinga, Kazuba, Keya, Kibarizo, Kibati, Kibaya, Kibingu, Kibirizi, Kibumba, Kididiwe, Kigoma, Kihimba, Kikingi, Kikoma, Kilolirwe, Kilya, Kimbulu, Kimoka, Kingarame, Kingi, Kinihira, Kininga, Kinyambahore, Kinyandonyi, Kinyatsi, Kirima, Kirindera, Kirolirwe, Kirotshe, Kirumba, Kirumbu, Kiseguru, Kisharu, Kishishi, Kisunga, Kisungu, Kitchanga, Kitevya, Kitobo, Kiuli, Kivale, Kivuye, Kiwanja, Kiziba II, Kizimba, Kokola, Kyambogho, Kyangendi, Kyangitsi, Kyasenda, Kyavinyonge, Kyekire, Kyondo, Lisasa, Livano, Loselose, Lubano, Lubero, Luhanga, Luhonga, Luhotu, Luke, Lungu, Lupango, Lushebere, Lwama, Mabalako, Mabenga, Maboya, Mabuku, Mabulengwa, Mabuo, Mahanga, Makisabo, Makombo, Makumbo, Makungwe, Malambo, Malehe, Maleki, Malio, Mambau, Mambume, Mamove, Mangazi, Mangina, Mangolikene, Manguredipa, Maniema, Mapasana, Mapobu, Marangara, Masereka, Mashaki, Masisi, Mataba, Matanda, Matungu, Mayimoya, Mbau, Mbingi, Mighobwe, Mihanga, Mirambi, Mirangi, Miriki, Mokoto, Mount Karisimbi, Mpati, Mubambiro, Mubana, Mughalika, Muhangi, Muhemba, Muheto, Muhongozi, Mukoko, Mukondo, Mulekera, Mulimbi, Munigi, Murambi, Musayi, Museya, Mushaki, Musindi, Mutaho, Mutanda, Mutendero, Mutwanga, Mwalika, Mwenda, Mweso, Neenero, Ngangi II, Ngeleza, Ngesha, Ngingwe, Ngongolio, Ngululu, Ngungu, Ngwenda, Nkwenda, Nobili, Ntamugenga, Nteko, Nyabibwe, Nyabiondo, Nyakakoma, Nyakariba, Nyamilima, Nyamitaba, Nyiragongo, Nzenga, Oicha, Opira I, Osso, Pinga, Rangira, Rubare, Rubaya, Rugarama, Rugari, Rugogwe, Rugogwe-Bunjuli, Rujebesha, Rukoko, Rukore, Rukoro, Rumangabo, Rusayo, Rusekera, Rushege, Rushovu, Rutshuru, Ruwenzori II, Rwahwa, Rwangoma, Rwenzori, Rwindi, Sake, Samboko, Shangi, Shango, Shasha, Shinda, Shonyi, Sisa, Talia, Tchanitchani, Tenambo, Tingwe, Tongo, Virunga National Park, Visiki, Vuhovi, Vulera, Vungwe, Vusamba, Vuyinga, Walikale, Watalinga.

In **Nord-Ubangi**, **2** incidents killing **1** person were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Gbadolite**.

In **Sankuru**, **4** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Lodja**, **Lomela**, **Lusambo**.

In Sud-Kivu, 313 incidents killing 165 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ake, Asonge, Baliga, Baraka, Baraka -Mushimbakye, Bibogobobo, Bijombo, Bubale, Bukavu, Bukavu - Bagira, Bukavu - Kadutu, Bukavu - Panzi, Bulambika, Bunyakiri, Bwegera, Cirunga, Fizi, Hona, Ibinja, Ihusi, Irumba, Kabare, Kabembwe, Kabingo, Kaboge, Kabogo, Kaboke II, Kabondozi, Kabulu I, Kabunambo, Kafulo, Kagogo, Kagunga, Kahungwe, Kahuzi-Biega National Park (HQ), Kakamba, Kalehe, Kalingi, Kalole-Mapeto, Kalungwe, Kamanyola, Kamituga, Kamombo, Kanga, Karamba, Karava, Kasenga, Kasika, Katana, Kateja, Katonyero, Kavimvira, Kazimia, Kazimwe, Kifuko, Kigulube, Kijombo, Kiliba, Kimuka, Kirungu, Kitasha, Kitoga, Kitutu I, Kivumu, Lemera, Luberizi, Lubichako, Lulimba, Lulinda, Lurhala, Lusenda, Luvungi, Lwaramba, Lweba, Lwiko, Magembe, Magunda, Magunga, Majaga, Makobola, Makungu, Malinde, Masango, Masha, Matala, Mboko, Mbundamo, Mikenge, Minembwe, Minova, Misisi, Miti, Mugeti, Muhungu, Mukangi, Mulenge, Mulima, Mulongwe, Mumosho, Munywema, Murambi, Muranvya, Mushegereza, Mutarule, Mwenga, Natutwa, Ngalula, Numbi, Nundu, Nyange, Nyangezi, Nyangi Milimba, Rugenge, Rukobero, Runingu, Rurambira, Rutigita Monyi, Sange, Sebasaza, Sebele, Shabunda, Shuni, Tchaboba, Tumungu, Tuwetuwe, Ubwari Peninsula, Uvira, Walungu, Ziralo.

In **Sud-Ubangi**, **5** incidents killing **2** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Budjala**, **Gemena**.

In Tanganyika, 31 incidents killing 31 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Fatuma, Kabare, Kalemie, Kamena, Kaoze, Kayobwe, Kayumba, Kongolo, Manono, Moba, Mukelewa, Musakaite, Tanganyika, Tembwe. In Tshopo, 39 incidents killing 107 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bafwasende, Banalia, Isangi, Kisangani, Lisuma, Lokutu, Lubunga, Opala, Opienge, Tshopo, Yakoko, Yalokwa.

In Équateur, 9 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Basankusu, Makanza, Mbandaka.

Sources

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Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the

ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Democratic Republic of Congo, year 2023: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 8 April 2024