

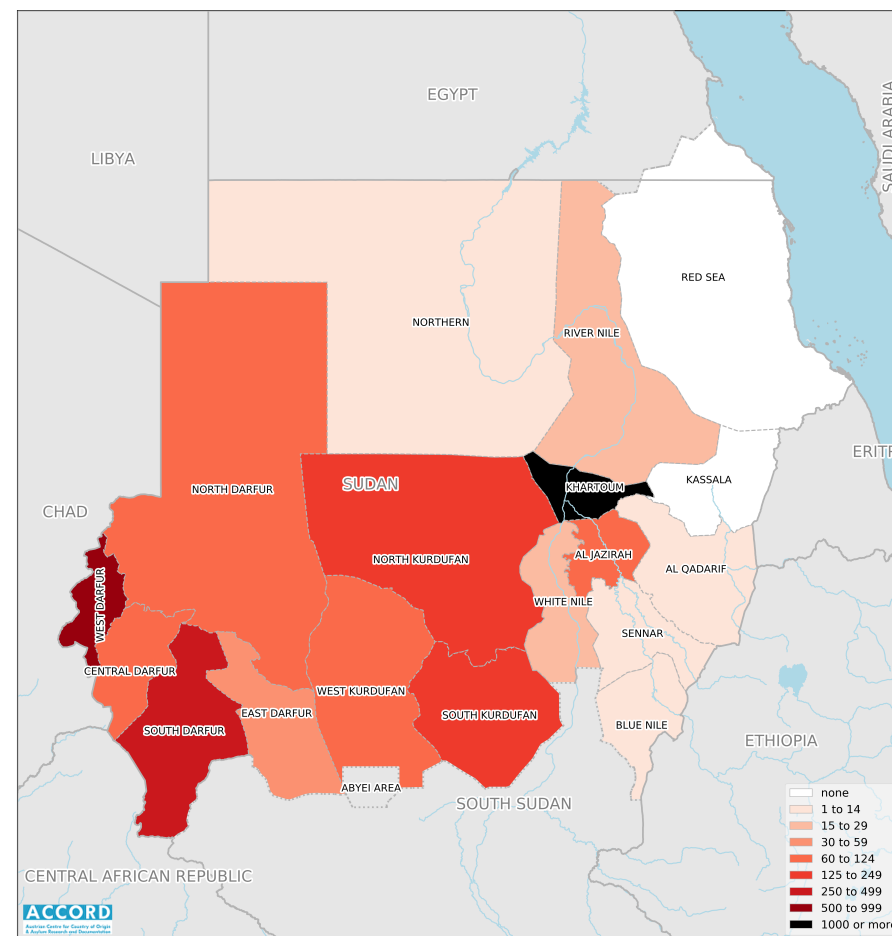
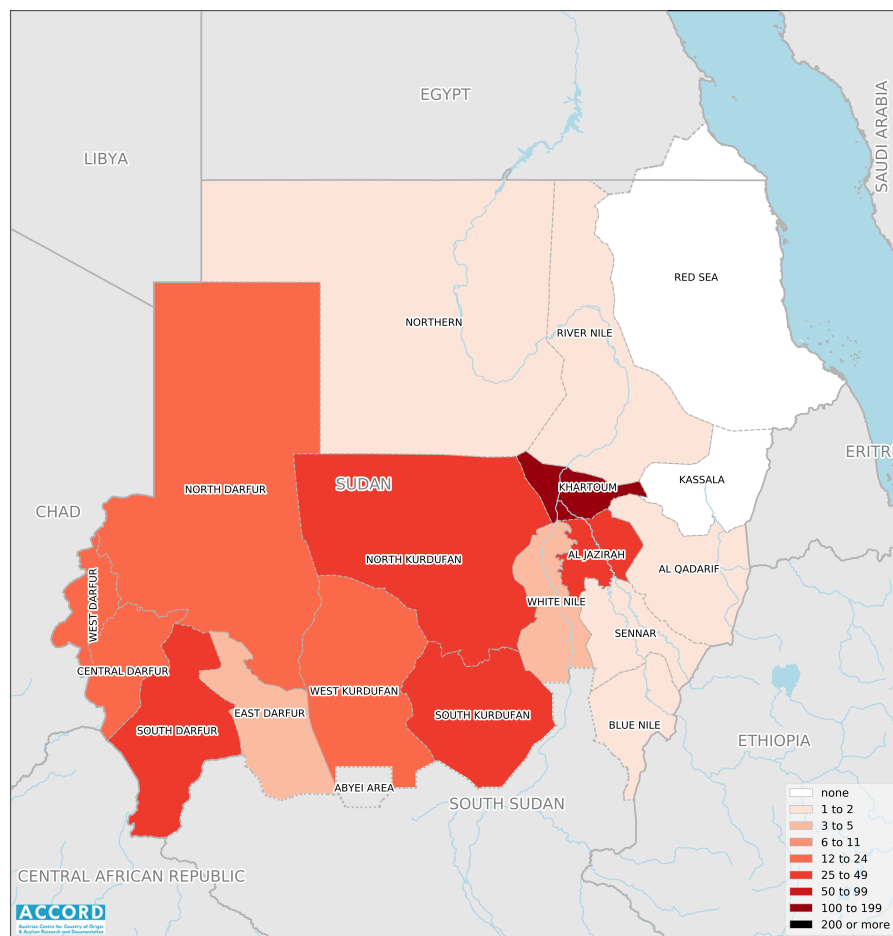
# SUDAN, FOURTH QUARTER 2023:

Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 8 April 2024

## Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality

## Number of reported fatalities



National borders: [GADM, 6 May 2018a](#); administrative divisions: [GADM, 6 May 2018b](#); Abyei Area: [SSNBS, 1 December 2008](#); South Sudan/Sudan border status, Hala'ib triangle and Bir Tawil: [UN Cartographic Section, March 2012](#); incident data: [ACLED, 29 March 2024](#); coastlines and inland waters: [Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015](#)

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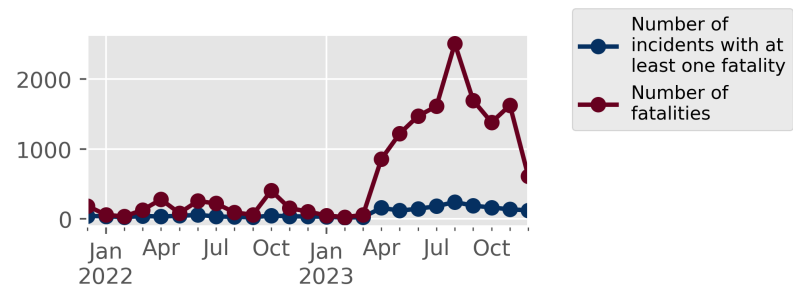
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## Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Explosions / Remote violence	600	124	897
Battles	569	197	2028
Strategic developments	376	0	0
Violence against civilians	206	101	693
Protests	38	0	0
Riots	2	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>1791</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>3618</b>

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED, 29 March 2024](#)).

## Development of conflict incidents from December 2021 to December 2023



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED, 29 March 2024](#)).

## Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Sudan being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("3" or "10" for plural fatalities, depending on the context; "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see [www.acleddata.com](http://www.acleddata.com) and [Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010](#).

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on [ecoi.net](http://ecoi.net) to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Note: Data on incidents in the Abyei area are not included in this overview.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in

this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occurred, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, violence against civilians, remote violence, riots/protests, non-violent strategic activities. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project Codebook, 2023a  
[https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/dlm\\_uploads/2023/06/ACLED\\_Codebook\\_2023.pdf](https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2023/06/ACLED_Codebook_2023.pdf)
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, January 2023b  
[https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/2023/01/FAQs-ACLED-Fatality-Methodology\\_2023.pdf](https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/2023/01/FAQs-ACLED-Fatality-Methodology_2023.pdf)
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Quick Guide to ACLED Data, March 2023c  
<https://acleddata.com/resources/quick-guide-to-aced-data/>

## Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Al Jazirah	156	36	104
Al Qadarif	23	1	1
Blue Nile	11	1	5
Central Darfur	66	24	112
East Darfur	27	4	32
Kassala	15	0	0
Khartoum	1004	194	1559
North Darfur	63	17	60
North Kurdufan	83	38	177
Northern	13	1	1
Red Sea	17	0	0
River Nile	23	2	16
Sennar	18	2	8
South Darfur	91	38	381
South Kurdufan	45	29	183
West Darfur	54	14	870
West Kurdufan	56	16	92
White Nile	26	5	17

## Localization of conflict incidents

**Note:** The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event

type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Al Jazirah**, 156 incidents killing 104 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abd Al Hafeez, Abu Gouta, Abu Haraz, Abu Ushar, Aftas Al Awamra, Al Aidaj, Al Bageir, Al Baryab, Al Dubayba Abd Allah, Al Ekora, Al Farajin, Al Firdous, Al Hajj Abd Allah, Al Laota, Al Masallamiyya, Al Mielig, Al Qireqrib, Al Qwez, Al Sahwa, Al Sharafa, Al Sidera West, Al Soriba, Al Turabi, Alti, An Nabti, Arbaji, Atra, Barsi, Bashagra Sharg, Brankaw, Cap Al Jidad, El Hasahisa, El Hosh, El Managil, Fadasi, Giad, Hantub, Helewa, Hilaliya, Ilm Al Huda, Kamlin, Kiran, Madina, Rufaah, Tamboul, Um Eleila, Um Shanig, Umm Dagarsi, Umm Gizaza, Umm Sanat, Wad Al Asha, Wad Al Haddad, Wad Al Mehedi, Wad Al Nur, Wad Al Seid, Wad Esheib, Wad Medani, Wad Rawah, Wad Tileb, Wadi Shaeer.**

In **Al Qadarif**, 23 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abu Kasma, Al Khartah, Gallabat, Gedaref, Jabal Otash, Shuwak, Wad Bushara.**

In **Blue Nile**, 11 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Al Kurmuk, Dindoro, Ed Damazin.**

In **Central Darfur**, 66 incidents killing 112 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Azum, Bindisi, Hamidiya, Hamidiya IDP Camp, Hasahisa IDP Camp, Khor Ramla, Mukjar, Nertiti, Tululu, Um Shalaiya, Zalingei.**

In **East Darfur**, 27 incidents killing 32 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abu Karaynka, Adila, Ed Daein, Gad Es Sid,**

### Muhajiriya, Sharif.

In **Kassala**, 15 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Awad, Kassala, Khashm Al Girba, New Halfa.**

In **Khartoum**, 1004 incidents killing 1559 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abu Alama Military base - Al Markhiat, Al Aylafon, Al Eselat, Al Gaili, Al Huda, Al Jarif East, Al Jarrafa, Al Jazeera Eslang, Al Jeikhis, Al Karnos, Al Safyia, Al Samrab, Dardog, Ed Babkir, El Doroshab, El Egiga, Elfaki Hashim, Hajj Yusuf, Halfayat Al Muluk, Hattab, Jabal Aulia, Kadaro, Karari, Khartoum, Khartoum - Al Amarat, Khartoum - Al Azhari, Khartoum - Al Jarif West, Khartoum - Al Kalakla, Khartoum - Al Mamoura, Khartoum - Al Mogran, Khartoum - Al Mujahdeen, Khartoum - Al Remila, Khartoum - Al Sahafa, Khartoum - Al Shajara, Khartoum - Al Taif, Khartoum - Alsalamah, Khartoum - Arkaweet, Khartoum - Burri, Khartoum - Downtown, Khartoum - Eid Hussain, Khartoum - Jabra, Khartoum - Khartoum 2, Khartoum - Khartoum International Airport, Khartoum - Lamab, Khartoum - Light Industrial area, Khartoum - Manshiya, Khartoum - Mayo, Khartoum - Military Armory Complex, Khartoum - Nasir Extension, Khartoum - Riyadh, Khartoum - Soba West, Khartoum - Tuti Island, Khartoum North, Khartoum North - Al Mazad, Khartoum North - Industrial Area, Khartoum North - Kafouri, Khartoum North - Kobar, Khartoum North - Shambat, Kutranj, Libya Market, Ombada, Omdurman, Omdurman - Abu Rof, Omdurman - Abu Seid, Omdurman - Al Abbasiya, Omdurman - Al Arda, Omdurman - Al Fitahab, Omdurman - Al Masalma, Omdurman - Al Muhandiseen, Omdurman - Al Murada, Omdurman - Al Omda, Omdurman - Al Salha, Omdurman - Al Thawra, Omdurman - Al jumueia, Omdurman - Al-Mulazmin, Omdurman - Banat Gharb, Omdurman - Banat Sharq, Omdurman - Bet Al-Mal, Omdurman - Downtown, Omdurman - Industrial Area, Omdurman - Wad Nubawi, Soba East, Tayba Military Base, Um Duwwan Ban, Wad Balol, Wadi Seidna.**

In **North Darfur**, 63 incidents killing 60 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abu Shouk IDP Camp, Dar El Salam, Deim Seleik, El Fasher, El Lait, Jadid Al Sel Training Camp, Khamis, Koma, Kutum, Malha, Massala, Mellit, Sirfaya, Umm Keddada, Umm Marahik, Zamzam IDP camp.**

In **North Kurdufan**, 83 incidents killing 177 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abu Hamra, Abu Zaaima, Al Ayaraa, Al Hamra, Aqari, Arsh Al Yoi, Bara, Dankoj, El Obeid, El Rahad, Faraj Allah, Gebrat Al Sheikh, Hamrat El Sheikh, Kordofan, Umm Badr, Umm Rawaba, Wad Ashana, Wad Ghubeish.**

In **Northern**, 13 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Arqin, Dongola, Ed Debba, Merowe, Wadi Halfa.**

In **Red Sea**, 17 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Port Sudan, Suakin.**

In **River Nile**, 23 incidents killing 16 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abu Hamad, Al Abidya, Atbara, Ed Damer, El Matamma, Kabushiya, Shendi, Um Shadida.**

In **Sennar**, 18 incidents killing 8 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Al Shaikh Hajo, El Suki, Jabal Moya, Sennar, Singa, Wad Al Abbas.**

In **South Darfur**, 91 incidents killing 381 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Baba, Buram, Darraba, Deribat, Hamada, Haraza, Kalma, Kass, Kubbum, Manawashi, Nadhif, Nyala.**

In **South Kurdufan**, 45 incidents killing 183 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abu Jubaiha, Al Abbasiya, Al Azraq,**

Dibebad, Dilling, El Fakharin, El Faragil, Gadier, Gardood Toro, Habila, Kadugli, Karkaria, Kedber, Khor Al Dlep, Kologi, Tayba, Umm Heitan.

In **West Darfur**, 54 incidents killing 870 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Al Kereinik, Ardamata, Ardamata IDP Camp, Azerni, El Geneina, Kulbus, Misterei, Sileia, Tendelti.**

In **West Kurdufan**, 56 incidents killing 92 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abu Zabad, Al Mayerm, An Nahud, Babanussa, Baleela, Baleela Airport, Baleela Petro Energy Camp, El Fula, El Mugald, El Udayyah, Faki Uzayriq, Fama, Heglig Oil Field, Kharasan, Lagawa, Muglad, Nama, Teboun, Umm Adara, Wad Bandah.**

In **White Nile**, 26 incidents killing 17 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Ad Douiem, Al Alaga, Al Gitaina, Al Sheikh Al Yagout, El Ghila, Kosti, Rabak, Tandalti.**

## Sources

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Africa (29 March 2024), 29 March 2024  
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- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: gadm36\_SDN\_shp.zip, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018b  
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- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015  
<https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/>
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- UN Cartographic Section: Sudan, March 2012  
[http://www.ecoi.net/file\\_upload/4232\\_1407158723\\_sudan.pdf](http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/4232_1407158723_sudan.pdf)

## Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see [www.acleddata.com/resources/](http://www.acleddata.com/resources/). For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the [ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED"](#). The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

## Cite as

- ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Sudan, fourth quarter 2023: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 8 April 2024