UNHCR Angola Population of Concern Snapshot - December 2023



1.10%

639

Overview

UNHCR has been in Angola for 43 years since the signing of the 'Accord de Siege' in February 1977. During this time, UNHCR has played an important role in the history of Angola such as leading the repatriation of Angolans who fled the long civil war. With reestablishment of peace in 2002, the Government of Angola asked for UNHCR support to facilitate repatriation of Angolan refugees. After voluntarily repatriation took place, from 2003 until 2015, more than 523,000 Angolan refugees returned, more than half coming from the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC). From 2015 to 2016, UNHCR Angola operation focused on urban refugees and asylum seekers. In 2017, influx of refugees fleeing Kasai region in DRC forced the operation to scale up. The Field Office Dundo was established and, eventually, the Lovua Settlement in Lundo Norte. Currently, there are around 56,000 refugees and asylum seekers in Angola spread over provinces such as Luanda and Lunda Norte. These refugees represent a multitude of countries such as the DRC. Rwanda, Mauritania and others. They are located in several provinces across Angola, including Luanda and Lunda Norte. UNHCR is a key observer of the National Council for

Refugees from DRC include regular caseload and Kasai caseload. Kasai caseload comprised of 8.926 individuals out of which 6.103 are residing in Lovua refugee settlement while 2,823 individuals are in out of camp settings. They are the refugees originating from Kasai region of DRC who came to Lunda Norte province in Angola as a result of conflict in 2017 and were given Prima Facie refugee status. The regular caseload consists of the remaining population (46,738) excluding the 2017 Kasai caseload and comprises of refugees and asylum-seekers who came to Angola as far as 35 years ago. The regular caseload includes urban refugees from different nationalities including Congolese, majority of them settled in Luanda but also in the other 12 provinces.

Refugees (CNR) and works with several partners on the ground to ensure that refugees

and person at risk of statelessness are

durable solutions.

protected and have access to livelihood and

Population Breakdown

55,664 Total Population of Concern

24,608 Total Refugees

28,306 Total Asylum-Seekers

2,750 Total Others of Concern

	Population of Concern by Country of Origin					
	Country of origin	Source		Population		
	DR Congo	ACNUR, Governo		41.90%	22819	
	Guinea	ACNUR		16.50%	9272	
	Ivory Coast	ACNUR		11.30%	6357	
	Mauritania	ACNUR		10.20%	5725	
	Somalia	ACNUR		3.60%	2018	
	Sudan	ACNUR		3.50%	1951	
	Sierra Leone	ACNUR		3.40%	1910	
	Eritrea	ACNUR		3.30%	1896	
	Others	ACNUR		2.40%	1480	
	Chad	ACNUR		1.70%	968	
	Rwanda	ACNUR		1.10%	629	

ACNUR

Geographical Distribution REPUBLIC OF CONGO 139 DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO 151 869 174 1.069 9,836 38.496 Lunda Sul 1.315 ATLANTIC OCEAN 221 122 Benguela 35 3,135 Cuando Cubango 98

NAMIBIA

i opulation of concern by i rovince					
Province	Source	Population			
Luanda	ACNUR, Governo	68.20%	38496		
Lunda Norte	ACNUR, Governo	18.80%	9836		
Moxico	ACNUR	5.50%	3135		
Lunda Sul	ACNUR	2.30%	1315		
Malanje	ACNUR	1.90%	1069		
Bengo	ACNUR	1.50%	869		
Cuanza Sul	ACNUR	0.40%	221		
Cuanza Norte	ACNUR	0.30%	174		
Uige	ACNUR	0.30%	151		
Zaire	ACNUR	0.20%	139		
Bie	ACNUR	0.20%	122		
Cunene	ACNUR	0.20%	98		
Huambo	ACNUR	0.10%	35		
Cabinda	ACNUR	0.00%	4		

Key Highlights

Population of Concern by Province

54% are asylum-seekers

46% are refugees

17% are refugees from 2017 Kasai group

88% are residing in urban area



Liberia

UNHCR Country Office



Lovua Settlement



UNHCR Field Office