

## SITUATION OVERVIEW

The overall situation in North-East Nigeria remains volatile in several Local Government Areas (LGAs) within Borno, Yobe, and Adamawa (BAY) States, resulting in the displacement of individuals. Furthermore, there has been a noticeable influx of individuals from Cameroon into Adamawa State since June 2022, further exacerbating the complexity of the humanitarian crisis.

Adding to the complexity, refugees from Cameroon, who have been directly affected by the ongoing crisis stemming from calls for secession in the anglophone region, are now seeking refuge in mostly Southern Nigeria.

## KEY FIGURES

➔ **2,295,534**

### INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS - NORTH EAST

In the North East, 94 % due to insurgency, and 5 % communal clashes. 2,072,749 in Borno, Adamawa and Yobe States.

Source: [IOM DTM Round 45, Jun 2023](#).

➔ **1,190,293**

### INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS - NORTH WEST & NORTH CENTRAL

In the North West there are 609,505 and 580,788 in North Central

Source: [IOM DTM Round 11, Dec 2022](#).

➔ **2,057,257**

### RETURNEES

Cumulative since 2015, 208,461 or 10% are former refugees who returned spontaneously with some passing through IDP situation. Source: [IOM DTM Round 45, Jun 2023](#). Since the beginning of 2023 UNHCR has registered 7,619 spontaneous refugee returns. In addition, 5,199 refugees returned through voluntary repatriation from Cameroon since the beginning of 2021.

➔ **362,840**

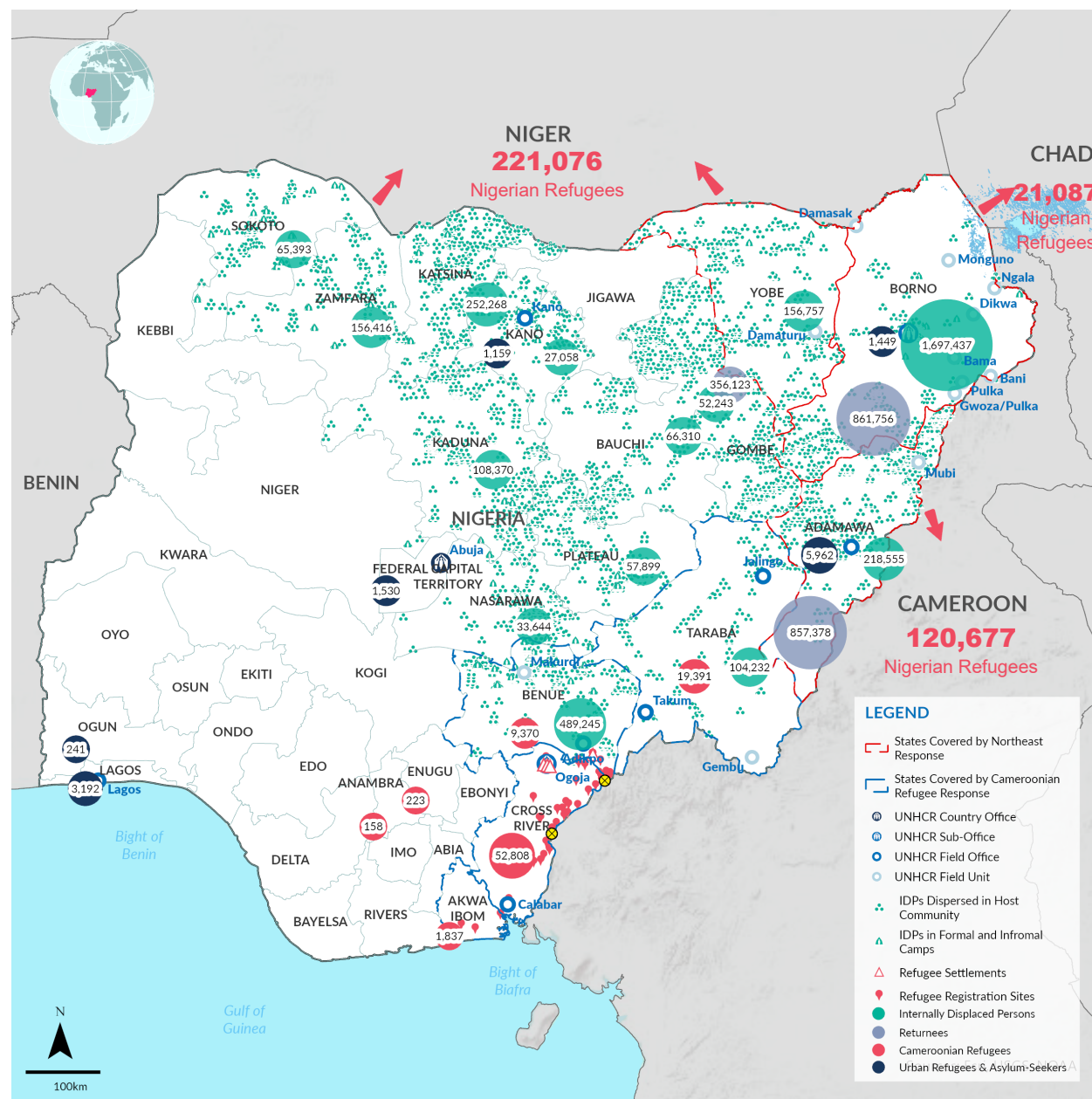
### NIGERIAN REFUGEES REGISTERED IN CAMEROON, CHAD, AND NIGER

Source: [UNHCR, Sept 2023](#).

➔ **98,387**

### REFUGEES REGISTERED IN NIGERIA

Source: [UNHCR, Oct 2023](#).



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