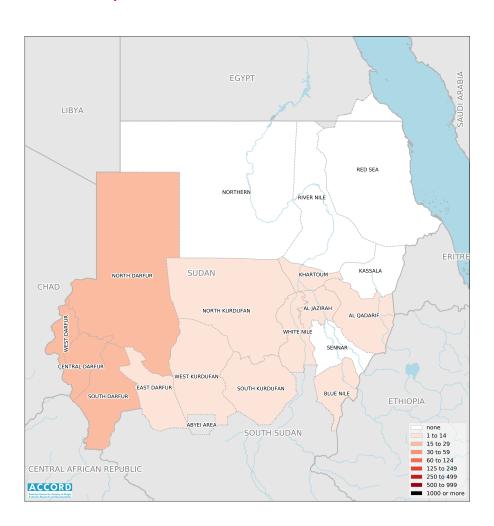
Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality

LIBYA RED SEA NORTHERN RIVER NILE KASSALA SUDAN AL IAZIRAH SENNAR CENTRAL DARFUR EAST DARFUR SOUTH KURDUFAN BLUE NILE ETHIOPIA ABYEI AREA none 1 to 2 3 to 5 6 to 11 12 to 24 CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC 25 to 49 50 to 99 100 to 199 ACCORD 200 or more

Number of reported fatalities



National borders: GADM, 6 May 2018a; administrative divisions: GADM, 6 May 2018b; Abyei Area: SSNBS, 1 December 2008; South Sudan/Sudan border status, Hala'ib triangle and Bir Tawil: UN Cartographic Section, March 2012; incident data: ACLED, 4 August 2023; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

Contents

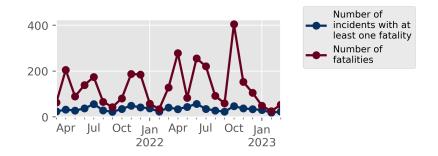
| Number of reported fatalities | 1 |
|---|---|
| Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality | 1 |
| Conflict incidents by category | 2 |
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Conflict incidents by category

| Category | Number of incidents | Number of incidents with at least one fatality | Number of fatalities |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--|----------------------|
| Protests | 316 | 5 | 5 |
| Violence against civilians | 126 | 47 | 80 |
| Strategic developments | 85 | 0 | 0 |
| Battles | 30 | 18 | 38 |
| Riots | 20 | 1 | 2 |
| Explosions / Remote violence | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Total | 578 | 72 | 127 |

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 4 August 2023).

Development of conflict incidents from March 2021 to March 2023



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 4 August 2023).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Sudan being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("3" or "10" for plural fatalities, depending on the context; "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Note: Data on incidents in the Abyei area are not included in this overview.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in

this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, violence against civilians, remote violence, riots/protests, non-violent strategic activities. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019 https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew//wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ ACLED_General-User-Guide_April-2019.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, February 2020 https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew//wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ ACLED_FAQs-Fatalities-Methodology_v1_February-2020.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, January 2021 https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew//wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ ACLED_Codebook_v1_January-2021.pdf

Conflict incidents per province

| Province | Number of incidents | Number of incidents with fatalities | Number of fatalities |
|----------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Al Jazirah | 26 | 1 | 2 |
| Al Qadarif | 28 | 3 | 3 |
| Blue Nile | 7 | 3 | 8 |
| Central Darfur | 36 | 12 | 19 |
| East Darfur | 10 | 3 | 5 |
| Kassala | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| Khartoum | 197 | 4 | 4 |
| North Darfur | 79 | 13 | 21 |
| North Kurdufan | 11 | 2 | 4 |
| Northern | 16 | 0 | 0 |
| Red Sea | 16 | 0 | 0 |
| River Nile | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Sennar | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| South Darfur | 51 | 11 | 15 |
| South Kurdufan | 27 | 7 | 12 |
| West Darfur | 30 | 10 | 21 |
| West Kurdufan | 12 | 2 | 11 |
| White Nile | 9 | 1 | 2 |

Localization of conflict incidents

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event

type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unkown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In Al Jazirah, 26 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: El Geinid Sugar Factory, El Hasahisa, El Kheary, Rufaah, Tamboul, Wad Medani.

In Al Qadarif, 28 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Kasma, Atrab, Barakhat, Basundah, Doka, Gedaref, Humra, Qureisha, Saboneh, Shy Biet, Taya.

In Blue Nile, 7 incidents killing 8 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bau, Bikori, Ed Damazin, Wad al-Mahi Town 4, Wad al-Mahi Town 6.

In Central Darfur, 36 incidents killing 19 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abata, Azum, Dambar, Deleig, Fassi, Garsila, Golo, Guldo, Kubar, Mukjar, Nertiti, Ronga Tas IDP Camp, Saga, Taringa, Um Shalaiya, Umm Dukhun, Wadi Saleh, Zalingei.

In East Darfur, 10 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Adila, Ed Daein, El Fardus, Labado, Safaha, Sufyan Petro-Energy Camp.

In Kassala, 12 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: El Gergaf, El Hafair, Kassala, New Halfa.

In Khartoum, 197 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Fitahab, Al Jarif East, Al Kalakla, El

Hirizab, Hajj Yusuf, Kadaro, Karari, Khartoum, Khartoum - Al Shajara, Khartoum - Burri, Khartoum - Jabra, Khartoum North, Ombada, Omdurman, Um Badda.

In North Darfur, 79 incidents killing 21 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Gamra, Abu Zerega, Birkat Seira, Dar El Salam, Dirma, El Fasher, El Serief Beni Hussein, El Sireaf, El Taweisha, Girgo, Jebel Amer, Kalkal, Kallah, Karba, Katur, Kebkabiya, Khartoum Jadeed, Korru, Kutum, Saraf Omra, Sortine, Tabit, Tawila, Tortura, Um Kaddada, Wadaah, Zamzam IDP camp.

In **North Kurdufan**, **11** incidents killing **4** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **El Obeid**, **Hashaba**, **Mazrub**.

In Northern, 16 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Delgo, Dongola, El Bargeeg, Kerma, Merowe, Wadi Halfa

In Red Sea, 16 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aqiq, Dordieb, Haya, Jabet, Port Sudan, Tahamiam.

In River Nile, 8 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Hamad, Atbara, Berber, Ed Damer, El Makabrab, El Matamma, Shendi.

In **Sennar**, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Sennar**.

In South Darfur, 51 incidents killing 15 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Jaradel, Amer, Bielel, Buram, Edd Al Fursan, El Melem, El Rahad, El Salaam IDP Camp, Gereida, Joghana, Kalma

IDP Camp, Kass, Katayla, Khor Abeche, Manawashi, Mershing, Nyala, Radom, Silo, Taham, Um Dafuq, Umm Labassa.

In South Kurdufan, 27 incidents killing 12 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Jubaiha, At Terter, Dibebad, Dilling, El Rahmania, Gadier, Habila, Kadugli, Kologi, Salara, Talodi.

In West Darfur, 30 incidents killing 21 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Kereinik, El Geneina, Foro Burunga, Gergi Gergi, Habila, Kondobei, Kulbus, Masmaja, Misterei, Sirba, Tandelti, Tendelti, Umtajok.

In West Kurdufan, 12 incidents killing 11 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: An Nahud, Baleela Airport, Baleela Petro Energy Camp, Heglig Oil Field, Kharasan, Lagawa.

In White Nile, 9 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ad Douiem, Al Alagaya Refugee Camp, Kosti, Shabasha.

Sources

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Africa (4 August 2023), 4 August 2023
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- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm36_levels.shp, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018a
 http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/gadm36_levels.shp.zip
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm36_SDN_shp.zip, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018b http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/shp/gadm36_SDN_shp.zip
- Raleigh, Clionadh; Linke, Andrew; Hegre, Håvard, and Karlsen, Joakim: "Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data", in: Journal of Peace Research (47(5) 2010), pp. 651–660
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 https://www.humanitarianresponse.info/sites/www.humanitarianresponse.info/files/datasets/SS_admbnda_adm2_200k_ssnbs_2013_0.zip
- UN Cartographic Section: Sudan, March 2012 http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/4232_1407158723_sudan.pdf

Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Sudan, first quarter 2023: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 4 September 2023