UNHCR Angola Population of Concern Snapshot - June 2023



Overview

UNHCR has been in Angola for 43 years since the signing of the 'Accord de Siege' in February 1977. During this time, UNHCR has played an important role in the history of Angola such as leading the repatriation of Angolans who fled the long civil war. With reestablishment of peace in 2002, the Government of Angola asked for UNHCR support to facilitate repatriation of Angolan refugees. After voluntarily repatriation took place, from 2003 until 2015, more than 523,000 Angolan refugees returned, more than half coming from the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC). From 2015 to 2016, UNHCR Angola operation focused on urban refugees and asylum seekers. In 2017, influx of refugees fleeing Kasai region in DRC forced the operation to scale up. The Field Office Dundo was established and, eventually, the Lovua Settlement in Lundo Norte. Currently, there are around 56,000 refugees and asylum seekers in Angola spread over provinces such as Luanda and Lunda Norte. These refugees represent a multitude of countries such as the DRC. Rwanda, Mauritania and others. They are located in several provinces across Angola, including Luanda and Lunda Norte. UNHCR is a key observer of the National Council for Refugees (CNR) and works with several partners on the ground to ensure that refugees and person at risk of statelessness are

Refugees from DRC include regular caseload and Kasai caseload. Kasai caseload comprised of 9.305 individuals out of which 6.497 are residing in Lovua refugee settlement while 2,826 individuals are in out of camp settings. They are the refugees originating from Kasai region of DRC who came to Lunda Norte province in Angola as a result of conflict in 2017 and were given Prima Facie refugee status. The regular caseload consists of the remaining population (46,742) excluding the 2017 Kasai caseload and comprises of refugees and asylum-seekers who came to Angola as far as 35 years ago. The regular caseload includes urban refugees from different nationalities including Congolese. majority of them settled in Luanda but also in the other 12 provinces.

protected and have access to livelihood and

durable solutions.

Population Breakdown

56,047 Total Population of Concern

24,991 Total Refugees

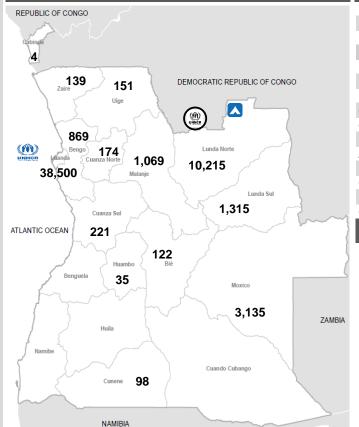
28,306 Total Asylum-Seekers

2,750 Total Others of Concern

Population of Concern by Country of Origin

Country of origin	Source	Population	
DR Congo	ACNUR, Governo	41.90%	23201
Guinea	ACNUR	16.50%	9272
Ivory Coast	ACNUR	11.30%	6357
Mauritania	ACNUR	10.20%	5725
Somalia	ACNUR	3.60%	2018
Sudan	ACNUR	3.50%	1951
Sierra Leone	ACNUR	3.40%	1910
Eritrea	ACNUR	3.30%	1896
Others	ACNUR	2.40%	1480
Chad	ACNUR	1.70%	968
Rwanda	ACNUR	1.10%	630
Liberia	ACNUR	1.10%	639

Geographical Distribution



Population of Concern by Province

Luanda ACNUR, Governo 68.20% 38500 Lunda Norte ACNUR, Governo 18.80% 10215 Moxico ACNUR 5.50% 3135 Lunda Sul ACNUR 2.30% 1315 Malanje ACNUR 1.90% 1069 Bengo ACNUR 0.40% 221 Cuanza Sul ACNUR 0.30% 174 Uige ACNUR 0.30% 151 Zaire ACNUR 0.20% 139 Bie ACNUR 0.20% 122 Cunene ACNUR 0.20% 98 Huambo ACNUR 0.10% 35	Province	Source	Population	
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Zaire ACNUR 0.20% 139 Bie ACNUR 0.20% 122 Cunene ACNUR 0.20% 98	Cuanza Norte	ACNUR	0.30%	174
Bie ACNUR 0.20% 122 Cunene ACNUR 0.20% 98	Uige	ACNUR	0.30%	151
Cunene ACNUR 0.20% 98	Zaire	ACNUR	0.20%	139
	Bie	ACNUR	0.20%	122
Huambo ACNUR 0.10% 35	Cunene	ACNUR	0.20%	98
0.1070	Huambo	ACNUR	0.10%	35
Cabinda ACNUR 0.00% 4	Cabinda	ACNUR	0.00%	4

Key Highlights

54% are asylum-seekers

46% are refugees

17% are refugees from 2017 Kasai group

88% are residing in urban area



UNHCR Country Office



Lovua Settlement



UNHCR Field Office