

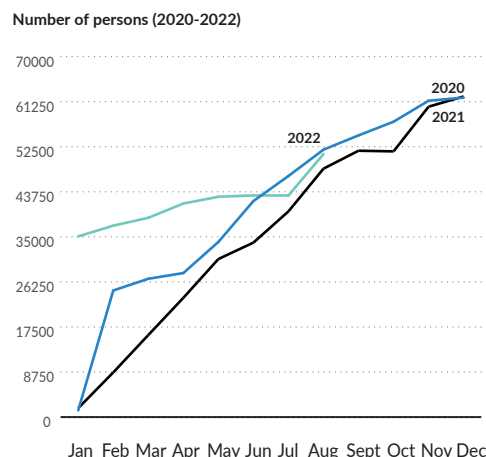
Between January and August there have been fifty-four (54) confinement events affecting 51.101 people (13.747 families). These amount to an 11% increase in the number of people affected compared to 2021. On August 5 events were registered in Montecristo, Bolívar (1), Almaguer (1) and Balboa in Cauca (1), Barbaocoas (1) and Roberto Payán (1) in Nariño. These events have affected 5.058 people (2.005 families).

The worsening of the humanitarian situation in the South of Bolívar and the South of Cauca, caused by confrontations between illegal armed groups and contamination by anti-personnel mines and unexploded ordnance (AP-UXOs), explains the report of the two first confinements

in Montecristo (Bolívar) and Almaguer (Cauca) in 2022, events related to the corresponding displacements in the areas. The persistence of the armed confrontation between illegal armed groups in the Nariño Pacific, especially in the region of Telembí, has caused the first confirmed confinements in Barbaocoas and Roberto Payán, which has added to the multiple large-group internal displacements in this area during 2022.

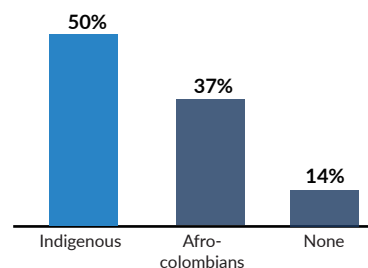
The most vulnerable people affected are young people, people with physical and mental disabilities and people with critical or chronic medical conditions.

CONFINEMENT EVOLUTION



January to August 2022:

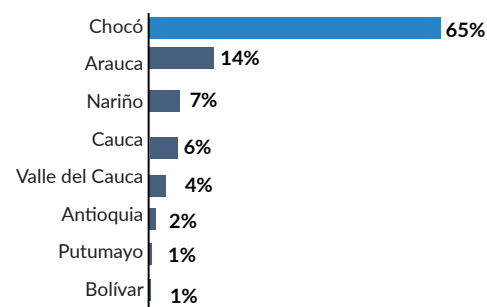
ETHNICITY



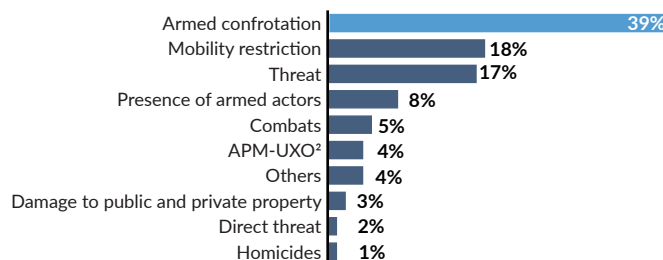
NATIONALITY

Less than 1 of the population victims of displacement was of Venezuelan nationality

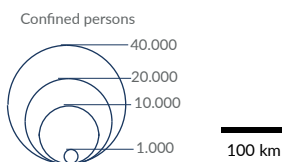
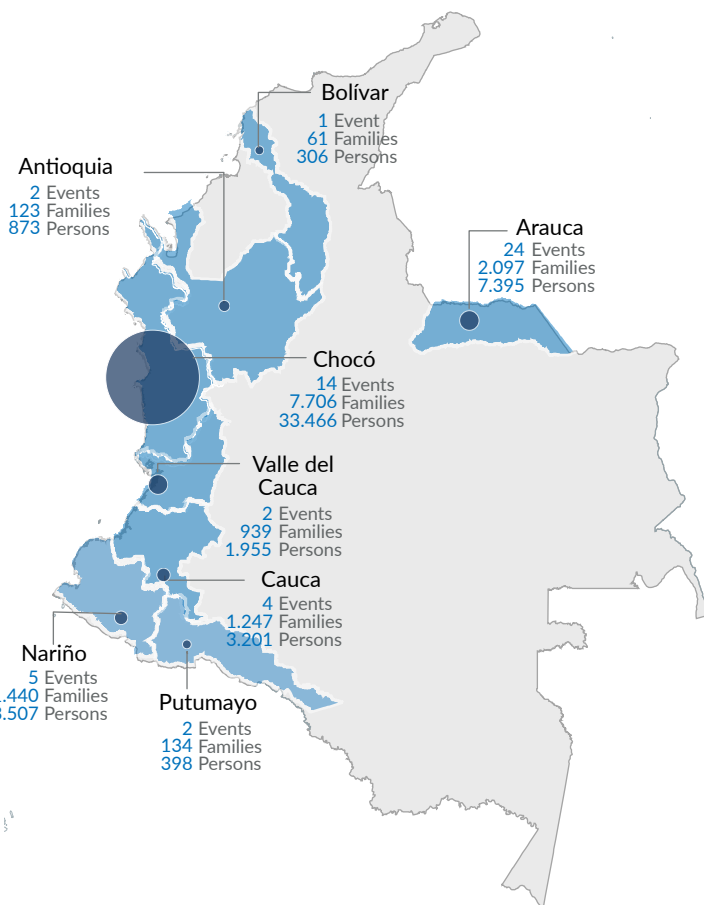
PERSONS BY DEPARTMENT



CAUSES OF CONFINEMENTS



54¹ Events
13.747 Confined Families
51.101 Confined Persons



¹ The confinements reported in the infographic and monitored by UNHCR correspond only to the departments in the coverage areas of its field offices. Confinement is understood as a situation of human rights violation where a community loses mobility, as a result of the actions of illegal armed groups, thus preventing access to essential goods for survival. ² Antipersonnel mine (APM)/unexploded ordnance (UXO) Note: This factsheet was produced with the support of the European Union's Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid Operations department (ECHO).