

Cabo Delgado – External Update

Internal Displacement Response - May 2022

More than **784,000**ⁱ people are internally displaced northern Mozambique due to violence perpetrated by non-state armed groups (NSAGs). UNHCR reiterates its concern for the protection and humanitarian needs of displaced and host communities in Cabo Delgado and neighboring provinces.

UNHCR is also concerned with the volatile security situation in Cabo Delgado. UNHCR and partners are working closely with local authorities to ensure that the needs of both recently and previously displaced communities are addressed in northern Mozambique.

Despite some spontaneous returns within Cabo Delgado, UNHCR reiterates the importance of ensuring that returns are safe, voluntary, conducted with dignity and based on an informed decision, and that basic services are restored in areas of origin.

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS: JAN 2021 - MAY 2022

113,000 people can access GBV services established by UNHCR and partners

80,000 people provided with Site Management and Support (SMS) interventions.

78,738 people/15,747 families received Non-Food Items (NFIs)

75,182 people reached by GBV prevention and response awareness campaigns

23,331 people from displaced and host communities received legal assistance out of which 15,630 received IDs and birth certificates

1,508 Shelters constructed, reaching 7,540 families

790 partner and government staff, and community volunteers trained on GBV

535 youths from displaced and host communities receiving technical and vocational training

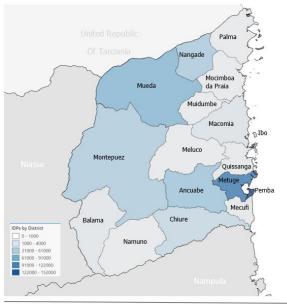
350 trained community volunteers providing awareness and referrals to GBV services

130 Protection Focal Points working with displaced and host communities, disseminating protection messages and referring vulnerable cases for services and assistance

i IOM/DTM Mozambique – <u>Baseline Assessment Round 15 (February 2022).</u> Cabo Delgado, Nampula, Niassa, Zambezia and Sofala Provinces.



Shelters build by UNHCR and Partner AVSI in Massingire IDP site, Montepuez district, Cabo Delgado. ©UNHCR/ Martim Pereira



Creation date: 18 May 2022, Sources: IOM-DTM, 15 of February 2022 Feedback: Faustino C. Vilanculo - Vilancuf@unhcr.org - I'M Association the boundaries and names shown and the designation used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nation





Protection

- Protection monitoring: In Eduardo Mondlane, Lianda, and Nandimba IDP sites in Mueda, UNHCR partner HelpCode conducted protection monitoring activities to identify and address protection needs and risks. With eight data collectors, HelpCode interviewed 1,250 households, who reported witnessing or suffering 408 past or present protection incidents, which are being referred and followed up. Additionally, HelpCode reported 387 people without civil documentation (199 men and 188 women), 369 single women at risk, 142 unaccompanied or separated children (82 girls and 60 boys), 62 older people at risk (39 women and 24 men), and 23 people living with disabilities (11 women, 10 men, and two girls). Since September 2021, UNHCR former partner Caritas and current partners Association for Volunteers in International Service (AVSI) and HelpCode interviewed 18,152 households and recorded 5,958 protection incidents.
- Access to documentation: UNHCR partner Catholic University of Mozambique (UCM) provided legal assistance and support in accessing documentation to **1,023** people from displaced and host communities in Ancuabe and Pemba districts (353 women, 336 boys, 124 girls and 210 men).
- **Community Engagement: (i)** UNHCR, partners AVSI and Doctors with Africa (CUAMM), Protection Focal Points (PFPs) and youth groups reached **1,376** people from displaced and host communities with community engagement activities focusing on child protection, human rights, GBV prevention and response, and prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse (PSEA) in the districts of Ancuabe, Chiure, Metuge, Montepuez, and Pemba (629 women, 367 men, 196 girls, 132 boys, 27 elderly people and 25 people living with disabilities). **(ii)** In Chiure, Metuge and Montepuez, AVSI and PFPs identified and provided support to **66** persons with specific needs through home visits (17 men, 16 women, 11 boys, 11 girls, six women and five men living with disabilities).
- Protection of Persons living with Disabilities (PWD): UNHCR partner Humanity and Inclusion (HI), conducted preliminary assessments to define areas of intervention and implementation of activities to assist PWDs. HI identified eight neighbourhoods in Pemba (Ingonane, Natite, Eduardo Mondlane, Chuiba, Chibuabuare, Mahate, Metula and Paquite) and four IDP sites/communities in Chiure (Marrupa, Chiure Velho, Katapua and Similala), and selected eight local activists in Pemba (five men and three women).
- UNHCR and UNICEF joint mission to Mueda district: From 17 to 18 May, UNHCR and UNICEF organized a joint mission to Lianda site to conduct child protection assessments through Focus Group discussions (FGDs) focused on grave violations of children's rights during armed conflicts; and strengthen the capacity of child protection partners and other humanitarian organizations in identifying child rights' violations and referral mechanisms. During the mission, UNHCR and UNICEF delivered a one-day training on Child Rights Violations Monitoring and Protection focusing on UNHCR's mandate, persons with specific needs, protection approaches and principles, and grave violations and child rights violations Monitoring. The training was attended by 27 staff from Fundação para o Desenvolvimento da Comunidade (FDC), Helpcode, IOM, MSF, NRC, and Save the Children.



Gender Based Violence

- **Expansion activities in Mueda and Pemba Districts:** UNHCR is rolling out GBV services, including prevention, risk mitigation, and response activities, in the districts of Mueda and Pemba with partners Helpcode and Doctors with Africa (CUAMM), respectively. The activities include GBV prevention through community engagement, and GBV and Mental Health and Psychosocial Support case management to GBV survivors.
- **GBV and PSEA trainings:** UNHCR and partners Doctors with Africa (CUAMM) and HelpCode provided multiple trainings to **202** people in the areas of GBV prevention and response, case management, survivorcentred approach, PSEA, intimate partner violence (IPV) and Inter-Agency Standing Committee (IASC) guidelines from the districts of Ancuabe, Chiure and Mecufi, Metuge, Montepuez, Mueda and Pemba. The 202 people receiving the training include **86** PFPs, **67** community leaders, **34** GBV responders, and **10** Midwives.
- **PSEA trends presentation to Protection Cluster:** UNHCR led a presentation of PSEA trends from January to March 2022 during the PC coordination meeting on behalf of the PSEA network. The trends

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demonstrated that the levels of reporting are still low in comparison to the same quarter in 2021, most perpetrators continue being community leaders, and all SEA survivors are women. Dedicated PSEA technical staff are urgently needed in Cabo Delgado to address the gap in reporting channels regarding community leaders and government officials. There is also a need to continue improving reporting and community feedback mechanisms for all stakeholders involved in the humanitarian response in Northern Mozambique, as well as the provision of support to SEA survivors.



Livelihoods and Economic Inclusion

■ Technical and vocational education and training (TVET): In collaboration with Instituto de Formação Profissional e Estudos Laborais Alberto Cassimo (IFPELAC), UNHCR launched the second Technical Vocational Education and Training (TVET) Cohort, which supports 100 youth, with priority for displaced women with heightened needs, to receive nationally accredited skills in a wide range of technical fields of electrical installation and air and refrigeration.



Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM)

• Site Management and Community Participation: UNHCR partners AVSI and Solidarités International (SI) are conducting regular Site Management and Coordination activities in Montepuez and Mueda districts, respectively. (i) Montepuez: UNHCR partner AVSI provided materials to 25 community mobilizers (13 men and 12 women) to enable them to conduct Site Management awareness raising activities. In Massingiri IDP site, UNHCR and AVSI established a site management committee with 16 members (12 men and four women) to facilitate site-level coordination and community engagement. In Campona IDP site, UNHCR and AVSI conducted community consultations to identify places to build a community hub and a football pitch and conducted household surveys to identify multi-sectoral gaps and inform the respective Clusters on the response needs. In Ntele, UNHCR partner AVSI mobilized and facilitated the bush clearance on the walkways leading to communal facilities (community centre and football fields). (ii) Mueda: In Nandimba IDP site, SI activated the first Community Feedback Mechanism (CFM) desk to facilitate community engagement activities in the site. In Eduardo Mondlane IDP site, UNHCR partner SI supported the relocation of 53 IDP families from Eduardo Mondlane to Nandimba site to decongest the former, targeting households living in overcrowded shelters/tents. Since March 2022, SI supported the relocation of 545 families from Eduardo Mondlane to Nandimba site.



Shelter and NFIs

- **Shelter Construction:** In May, UNHCR and partners AVSI and SI completed the construction of **149** shelters in Montepuez and Mueda Districts. Since January 2021, UNHCR and partners provided emergency shelters and shelter toolkits to **1,624** households/ **7,850** people.
- **NFIs:** In Mueda, UNHCR distributed NFI kits to **2,591** households in Nandimba and Chilindi IDP sites, including two blankets, a kitchen set, a bucket, two sleeping mats, and one plastic sheet. Since January 2021, UNHCR and partners distributed NFIs to **15,747** households/ **78,738** people

Financial information

UNHCR's financial requirements for the **refugee and IDP activities in Mozambique** in 2022 totals **US\$ 36.7 million of which 22 percent has been covered as of end of May.** A special thank you to Giuliana Lagetto, Japan, private donors, United Nations Central Emergency Relief Fund (CERF), United States of America and Vodafone Foundatioon **for their contributions to UNHCR's operations in Mozambique**, and to Belgium, Canada, Germany, Ireland, Norway, Netherlands, Private donors, Switzerland, and Spain for their **unearmarked contributions to UNHCR's operations worldwide.**

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