# IDP Hosting Sites in Sana'a

## **Context & Methodology**

As part of their regular programming, the CCCM Cluster and partners, with the support of REACH, are implementing the Site Report to build a profile of IDP hosting sites in Yemen. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted, evidence-based humanitarian response. The findings presented here provide an overview of basic information on population demographics, site conditions, service access, site threats and community needs. A total of 15 IDP hosting sites out of 51 IDP hosting sites in Sana'a governorate were surveyed, with a total population of 13,344 individuals out 23,696 individuals. Data was collected between January 2022 - April 2022 through key informant interviews with community representatives in each site. The findings presented should be read as the proportion of assessed sites as reported by key informants. Findings should be considered as both indicative and incomplete. All information is for humanitarian use only.

## IDP Site Number Trends

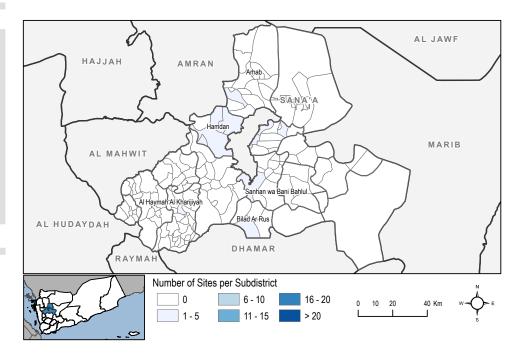


Jan-21 Feb-21 Mar-21 May-21 Jul-21 Sep-21 Oct-21 Dec-21 Jan-22 Feb-22 Mar-22

# Site Population Trends

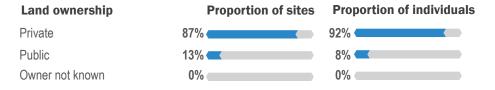


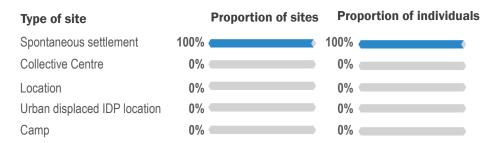
- Total IDP Population in Sites
- Number of IDP Households in Sites



April 2022

# **Site overview**

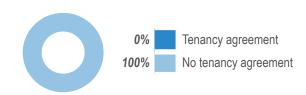




<sup>\*</sup>IDP site number and site population trends are based on the official CCCM IDP Hosting Site Master Lists.

## **Tenancy agreement**

### Proportion of sites with a tenancy agreement



## **Displacement**

#### Most common governorates of origin of displaced households, by proportion of assessed sites

Sa'dah	27%	
Al Hodeidah	27%	
Ta'iz	27%	
Sana'a	7%	
Hajjah	7%	
Ad Dali'	7%	

#### Most common districts of origin of displaced households, by proportion of assessed sites\*

Monabbih	20%	$\longrightarrow$
Ad Durayhimi	13%	
Maqbanah	13%	<b>→</b>
Ad Dali	7%	<b>▼</b>
Al Hali	7%	
Ash Shamayatayn	7%	

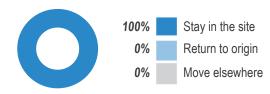
<sup>\*</sup> Additionally, At Tuhayta, Baqim, Harad, Nihm, Sabir Al Mawadim districts were also reported as most common districts of origin in 7% of assessed sites

#### Most common reason for displaced households to leave their place of origin, by proportion of assessed sites\*

Security concerns / War	100%	
Evicted from Property	0%	
House/livelihood assets destroyed/occupied	7%	
Lack of basic services	0%	
Evacuated for protection	0%	
Lack of commodities	0%	
Lack of employment	0%	
Natural disaster	0%	

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

## Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months, by proportion of assessed sites



Child-headed households	7%
Older persons	100%
Female-headed households	100%
Marginalized people / Minorities	0%
Persons with chronic diseases	100%
Persons with disabilities	100%
Pregnant and lactating women	100%
Unaccompanied / separated children	7%

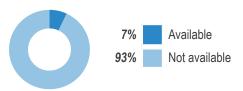
#### Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs\*

Host community	0%	
Migrants	0%	
Refugees	0%	
None - only IDPs present	100%	
Not known	0%	

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

## Infrastructure/Resources

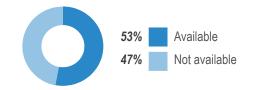
### Proportion of sites with cooking fuel in site / close



## Proportion of sites with electricity / solar power

Proportion of sites with markets in site / close







## **Access to Services**

## Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	7%	93%	0%
Shelter / maintenance services	7%	93%	0%
NFI distributions	0%	100%	0%
Food distributions	0%	33%	67%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	0%	93%	7%
WASH services	0%	100%	0%
Healthcare services	0%	73%	27%
Education services	0%	93%	7%
Livelihood services	0%	0%	100%
Protection services	0%	100%	0%
Nutrition services	0%	73%	27%

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## **Priority Needs**

#### **Proportion of sites per priority needs**

	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	0%	20%	7%
Education	0%	27%	13%
Food	93%	7%	0%
Water	0%	27%	0%
Legal services	0%	0%	0%
Livelihood assistance	0%	7%	53%
Medical assistance	0%	7%	0%
Non-food items	0%	0%	13%
Protection services	0%	0%	0%
Sanitation services	0%	7%	7%
Shelter / maintenance	7%	0%	7%
Nutrition services	0%	0%	0%



## **Primary Shelter Type**

#### Proportion of sites per primary shelter type

Own house / apartment	0%
Makeshift shelter	47%
Host family house / apartment	0%
Emergency shelter	47%
Rented house / apartment	0%
Transitional shelter	7%
Public building	0%
Open air (no shelter)	0%



## **Primary Latrine Type**

#### **Proportion of sites per primary latrine type**

Flush latrine to tank / sewage system pit	80%
Flush latrine to the open	0%
Pit latrine - covered	7%
Pit latrine - open	0%
Open defecation	13%



## **Primary Water Source**

## **Proportion of sites per primary water source**

Borehole	7% <	)
Bottled water	0%	)-
Illegal connection to piped network	0%	)-
Public tap	0%	)-
Protected rainwater tank	0%	)-
Surface water	0%	)-
Unprotected rainwater tank	7% <	)-
Water trucking	87%	)-



## **Site Threats**

#### Most common threats to sites by proportion of assessed sites\*

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Conflict-related incidents / War	0%	
Eviction	87%	
Fire-related incidents	0%	
Flooding	20%	
Friction between communities	7%	
Infectious diseases	7%	
Water contamination	0%	



## **Fire Safety Measures**

Most common fire safety measures adopted in the sites, by proportion of assessed sites\*

Fire points	0%
Fire wardens	0%
Fire breaks	0%
Escape routes	0%
None	100%



## **Data Collection Partners**

The following **CCCM partner** supported the data collection for the CCCM Site Report in Sana'a governorate from January 2022 - April 2022: Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC), Yemen General Union of Sociologists, Social Workers, and Psychologists (YGUSSWP)

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.