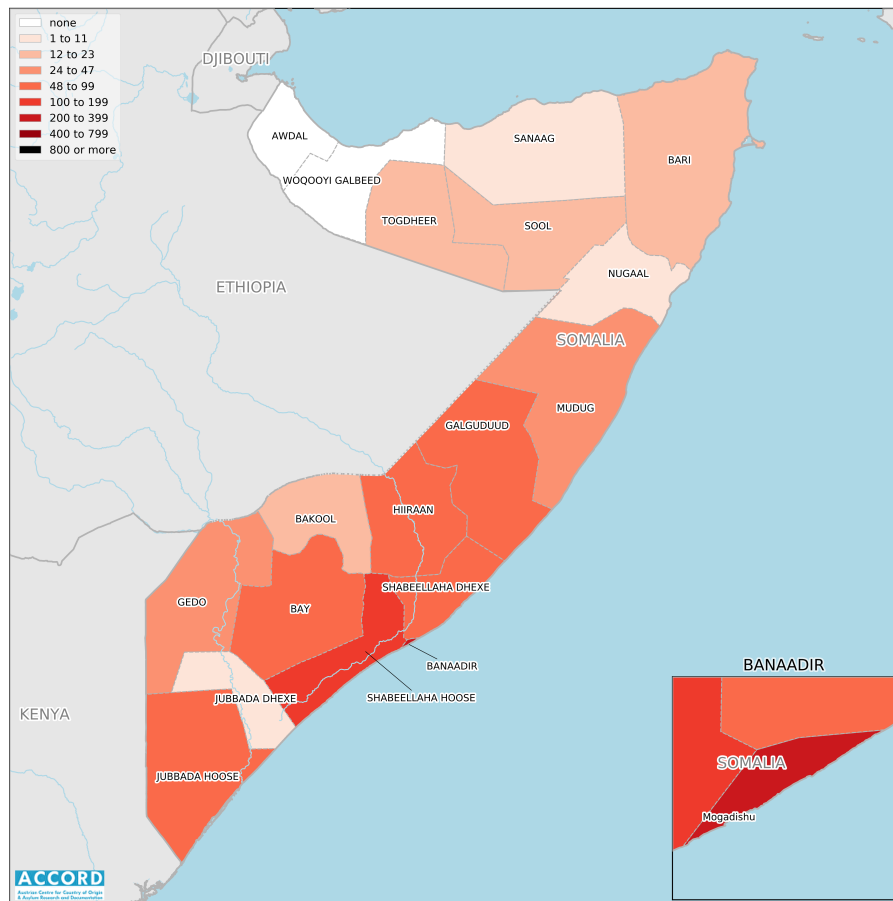


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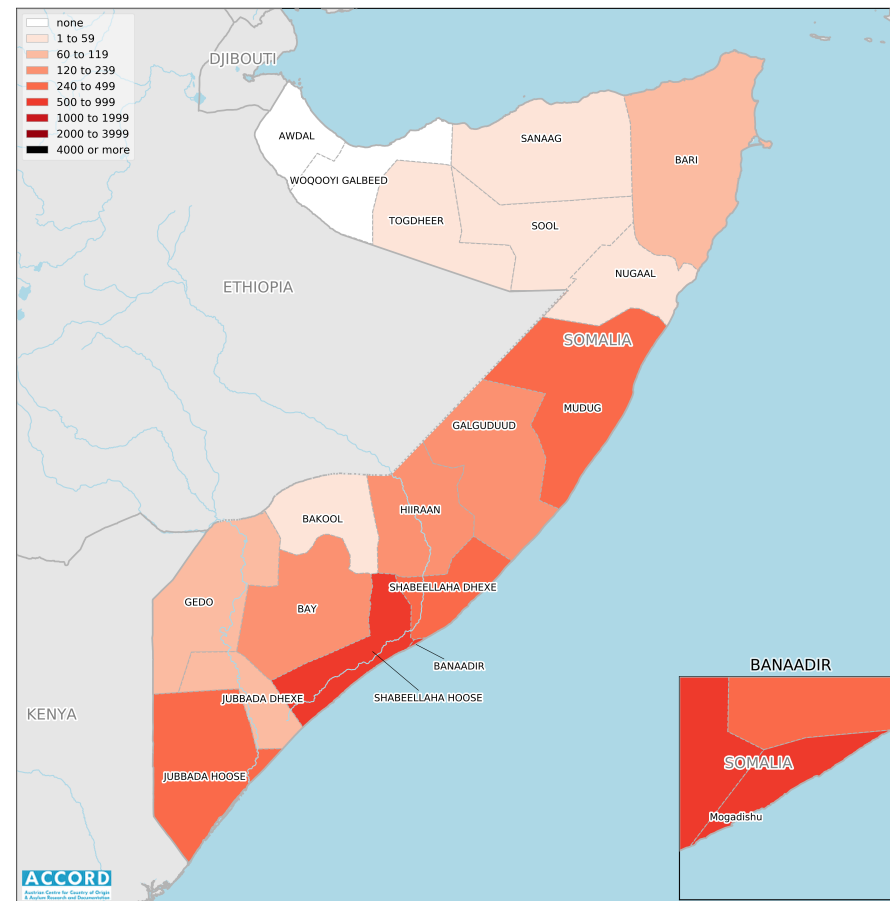
Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 30 May 2022

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality



Number of reported fatalities



National borders: [GADM, 6 May 2018a](#); administrative divisions: [GADM, 6 May 2018b](#); Ethiopia/Somalia border status: [CIA, 2014](#); incident data: [ACLED, 20 May 2022](#); coastlines and inland waters: [Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015](#)

Contents

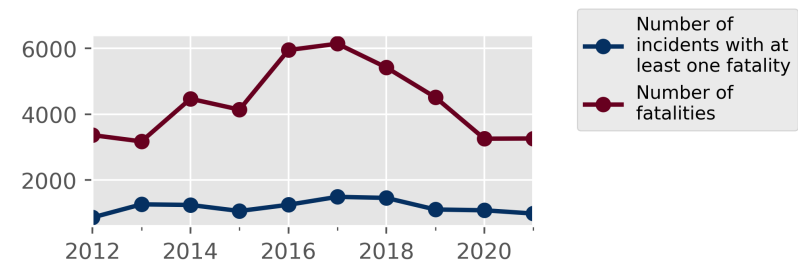
Number of reported fatalities	1
Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality	1
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Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Battles	1672	492	1989
Explosions / Remote violence	512	208	804
Violence against civilians	361	272	387
Protests	77	0	0
Strategic developments	65	6	80
Riots	8	1	1
Total	2695	979	3261

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 20 May 2022).

Development of conflict incidents from 2012 to 2021



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 20 May 2022).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Somalia being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("3" or "10" for plural fatalities, depending on the context; "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and [Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010](#).

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending

on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occurred, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, violence against civilians, remote violence, riots/protests, non-violent strategic activities. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019
https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ACLED_General-User-Guide_April-2019.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, February 2020
https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ACLED_FAQs-Fatalities-Methodology_v1_February-2020.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, January 2021
https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ACLED_Codebook_v1_January-2021.pdf

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Awdal	1	0	0
Bakool	145	23	58
Banaadir	535	279	549
Bari	41	23	114
Bay	213	85	194
Galguduud	116	59	176
Gedo	114	35	108
Hiiraan	163	61	194
Jubbada Dhexe	12	9	62
Jubbada Hoose	302	81	319
Mudug	101	44	405
Nugaal	12	8	8
Sanaag	9	5	9
Shabeellaha Dhexe	188	70	423
Shabeellaha Hoose	676	172	580
Sool	30	13	34
Togdheer	27	12	28
Woqooyi Galbeed	10	0	0

Localization of conflict incidents

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event

type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Awdal**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was among the affected: **Borama**.

In **Bakool**, 145 incidents killing 58 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abaq Beeday, Aboore, Baano, Banbar, Banjanaay, Ceel Baar, Ceel Barde, Doondardiir, Doonfuul, Edaayin, Fajer Boore, Faraq, Garas Weyne, Gomorey, Hudur, Ibrahim Kolow, Maarey, Rab Dhuure, Tayeeglow, Ted, Tijeeg Buul, Waajid, Yowkoyow**.

In **Banaadir**, 535 incidents killing 549 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Mogadishu, Mogadishu - Abdiiaziz, Mogadishu - Bondhere, Mogadishu - Daynile, Mogadishu - Dharkenley, Mogadishu - Hamar Jabjab, Mogadishu - Hamar Weyne, Mogadishu - Hawl Wadaag, Mogadishu - Heliwa, Mogadishu - Hodan, Mogadishu - Karan, Mogadishu - Kaxda, Mogadishu - Shangaani, Mogadishu - Shibis, Mogadishu - Waaberi, Mogadishu - Wadajir, Mogadishu - Wardhigley, Mogadishu - Yaqshid**.

In **Bari**, 41 incidents killing 114 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Af-Urur, Al Madow, Bali-Dhiddin, Bosaso, Buuraha Cali Miskat, Carmo, Dhadar, Galgala, Iskushuban, Laag, Lanta Hawada, Qandala, Qardho, Sugure**.

In **Bay**, 213 incidents killing 194 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Aawdiinle, Aroos Xaawa, Baidoa, Ban Dhuub, Bardaale, Berdale, Bilile, Bulla Gumar, Burjeedka, Buulo Fulaay, Buundo**

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Midow, Buur Xakaba, Carah Guduud, Daaudow, Danbalka, Daynuunay, Diinsoor, Gasarta, Goof Gaduud Shabelow 2, Gufguduud Burey, Isha, Iska-Darka, Korow-Rooge, Kurtun, Leego, Makuudo, Mayafulka, Mooda Mooda, Qansax Dheere, Saaxa Weyne, Saydheelow, Uffurow.

In **Galguduud**, 116 incidents killing 176 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Balanbale, Bali Cad, Balli-Howd, Baxdo, Biyo Gaduud, Bohol, Cabudwaaq, Cada Kibir, Cadaado, Ceel Buur, Ceel Dheer, Ceel Garas, Dhabad, Dhegtur, Dhuusamarreeb, Gadoon, Galinsoor, Godinlabe, Guri-Ceel, Ilix, Lebi Duule, Mirig, Oodaale, Sina Dhaga, Xananburre, Xananbuuro, Xeraale.**

In **Gedo**, 114 incidents killing 108 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Aboore, Aboow, Anole, Bardera, Belet Xaawo, Bur Gaduud, Buurdhuubo, Carro Case, Ceel Cadde, Doolow, El Wak, Garbahaarey, Garsaale, Geedweyne, Goley, Kudug, Luuq, Maykaareebi, Samarole, Shaatilow, Tubaaqe, Tuulo Barwaaqo, Urkut.**

In **Hiiraan**, 163 incidents killing 194 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Af Cad, Baar, Bacda, Banyaaaley, Beer-Gadiid, Belet Weyne, Booco, Bulu Burto, Buurto Qowleed, Caloola Cad, Ceel Gaal, Ceel-Bacad, Coomaad, El Adde, Feerfeer, Gacanka, Gumburlaawe, Halgan, Hawo Tako, Ilgule, Jalalaqsi, Kabxanley, Madhooy, Matabaan, Maxaas, Qabno, Shawliga, Tedan.**

In **Jubbada Dhexe**, 12 incidents killing 62 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Buaale, Jilib, Kuunyo-Barrow, Qunyo Barrow, Saakow, Salagle.**

In **Jubbada Hoose**, 302 incidents killing 319 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abdale Birole, Abdi-Dhore, Afmadow, Araara, Baadhaade, Baarka, Bar-Sanguun, Beerhani, Bilis Qooqaani, Bur**

Gabo, Buulo Gaduud, Buulo Xaaji, Canjeel, Dalxiiska, Dhobley, Didimess, Dif, Gobo Kibir, Golasciumbi, Hilashiid, Hosingow, Istanboul, Jamaame, Jana Cabdalle, Kamsuuma, Kismayo, Kobon, Koday, Kolbiyow, Qoqani, Ras Kamboni, Sariirle, Sunguuni, Tabta, Welharey, Yoontoy Yarey.

In **Mudug**, 101 incidents killing 405 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Baad Weyne, Bacadweyne, Bilcil, Caad, Camaara, Ceel Akhwan, Ceel Cabdi, Coast of Hobyo, Dabagalo, Gaalkacyo, Gaalkacyo North, Gacnafale, Gadobjiran, Galdogob, Garsoor, Hobyo, Israac, Jeexdin, Jildhere, Miliqo, Nugaal Gaban, Orshe, Saaxo, Sabansabdho, Saxquran, Wisil, Xarardheere.**

In **Nugaal**, 12 incidents killing 8 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Birta Dheer, Garowe.**

In **Sanaag**, 9 incidents killing 9 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Badhan, Ceel Afweyn, Ceerigaabo, Garadag, Laasqoray, Sanaag.**

In **Shabeellaha Dhexe**, 188 incidents killing 423 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Balcad, Biyo Cadde, Bur-Dheere, Burane, Buulo Shiikh, Buurane, Cadale, Cadeyga, Cali Fool Dheere, Caliyaalo, Ceel Baraf, Ceel Geelow, Ceel Macaan, Ceel-Baraf, Dabayodle, Dabeylley, Darusalam, Dhagaxow, Dinlaabe, Fila-Dheere, Gaaleef, Gambole, Garas Dhere, Geyfo, Gololey, Gondere, Jilyaale, Jowhar, Kulmis, Mahadaay, Mandheere, Miir-Taqwwo, Qalimow, Qoor-Dheere, Qorilow, Raaxoi, Raga Ceel, Sabuun, Shaam, Sokolwa, War-Ciise, Wararaxleey, Warshiikh, Xaaji-Cali, Xaanshooley, Xawaadleey.**

In **Shabeellaha Hoose**, 676 incidents killing 580 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Afgooye, Almada, Arabiiska, Awbocow, Awdheegle, Ballo, Balow, Baraawe, Bariirre, Basra, Bulu Mareer,**

Bulo Yaqle, Busley, Buufow Bacaad, Buulallow, Buulo-Xaaji, Caanoole, Cabdow Dibile, Ceel Waregow, Ceel-Jaale, Ceelasha Biyaha, Cumar Beerre, Dalbiyango, Daniga, Danow, Dawacaale, Dhagahtur, Dhanaane, Doonka, Doonka-Daafedow, Embareeso, Golweyn, Halane, Jabad Geele, Janaale, Jazeera, Jilib-Marca, K13, K50, K60, Kaaytoy, Kali Caafimaad, Kurtunwaarey, Laantabuur, Lafoole, Lambar 50, Madiina, Mareerey, Marian Guwaay, Marka, Mashalaay, Mubaarak, Mukaiga, Mushaani, Muuri, Qoryooley, Raqeyle, Raxoole, Rusio, Saabid, Shalaambood, Siinka Dheer, Tabeekaha, Tixsiile, Tortorow, Ugunji, Wanla Weyne, War Maxan, Warmahan, Xaawo-Cabdi, Yaaq Biri Weyne.

In **Sool**, 30 incidents killing 34 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Adhicideeye, Arooley, Boocame, Canjiid, God Qaboobe, Laascaanood, Tuko Raq, Tuulo Samakaab, Waqdoria, Xudun.**

In **Togdheer**, 27 incidents killing 28 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Burco, Buuhoodle, Ceegaag, Horufadhi, Qar Goliis, Sheikh.**

In **Woqooyi Galbeed**, 10 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Allay Baday, Berbera, Gabiley, Hargeysa, Wajaale.**

Sources

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http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/4543_1432122742_somalia-sm-2014.gif
- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: gadm36_levels.shp, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018a
http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/gadm36_levels.shp.zip
- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: gadm36_SOM_shp.zip, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018b
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<http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html>
- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015
<https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/>

Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED’s datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD’s reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter’s publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to

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collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the [ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED"](#). The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

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