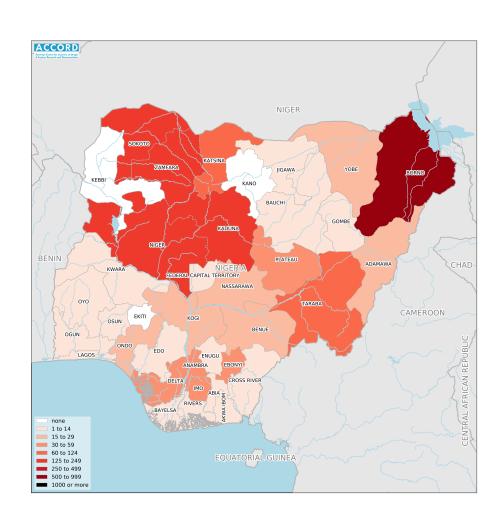
# NIGERIA, FOURTH QUARTER 2021: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

#### Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality

### ACCORD NIGER BAUCHI BENIN NIGERI FEDERAL CAPITAL TERRITORY CAMEROON BAYELSA 1 to 2 3 to 5 6 to 11 12 to 24 **EQUATORIAL GUINEA** 25 to 49 50 to 99 100 to 199

#### Number of reported fatalities



National borders: GADM, 6 May 2018a; administrative divisions: GADM, 6 May 2018b; incident data: ACLED, 20 May 2022; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

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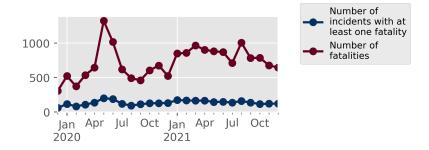
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#### Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Violence against civilians	372	188	822
Battles	213	136	932
Protests	191	1	3
Riots	73	17	26
Strategic developments	37	0	0
Explosions / Remote violence	31	19	325
Total	917	361	2108

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 20 May 2022).

## Development of conflict incidents from December 2019 to December 2021



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 20 May 2022).

#### Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Nigeria being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("3" or "10" for plural fatalities, depending on the context; "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending

on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, violence against civilians, remote violence, riots/protests, non-violent strategic activities. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019 https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew//wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ ACLED\_General-User-Guide\_April-2019.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, February 2020 https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew//wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ ACLED\_FAQs-Fatalities-Methodology\_v1\_February-2020.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, January 2021 https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew//wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ ACLED\_Codebook\_v1\_January-2021.pdf

#### Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Abia	12	5	8
Adamawa	14	6	29
Akwa Ibom	11	4	6
Anambra	30	17	58
Bauchi	9	1	3
Bayelsa	14	2	4
Benue	15	10	24
Borno	107	56	705
Cross River	13	1	1
Delta	33	16	37
Ebonyi	16	10	41
Edo	23	1	5
Ekiti	16	0	0
Enugu	21	6	9
Federal Capital Territory	36	2	2
Gombe	2	2	9
lmo	43	20	37
Jigawa	3	3	4
Kaduna	80	49	228
Kano	10	0	0

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Katsina	27	14	70
Kogi	23	7	16
Kwara	16	4	4
Lagos	36	9	13
Nassarawa	17	11	23
Niger	42	17	199
Ogun	30	2	2
Ondo	24	7	18
Osun	25	6	6
Oyo	24	4	6
Plateau	16	7	41
Rivers	20	2	5
Sokoto	34	20	207
Taraba	22	10	68
Yobe	5	2	20
Zamfara	48	28	200

#### Localization of conflict incidents

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unkown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are

taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In Abia, 12 incidents killing 8 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aba, Arochukwu, Ohafia, Onuaku Uturu, Umuahia.

In Adamawa, 14 incidents killing 29 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bolki, Hong, Karewa, Madagali, Maiha, Mayo Belwa, Ngurore, Sabongari Chambula, Song, Toungo, Yola.

In Akwa Ibom, 11 incidents killing 6 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Eket, Ibaka, Ibeno, Itu, Nung Ukana, Uyo.

In Anambra, 30 incidents killing 58 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Agulu, Amawbia, Awka, Awkuzu, Ekwulobia, Enugu-Ukwu, Fegge, Ihiala, Isuofia, Nnewi, Nnobi, Obosi, Ogidi, Oguaniocho, Orifite, Orkija, Otolo, Uli.

In Bauchi, 9 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bauchi, Bogoro, Ganjuwa, Tafawa-Balewa.

In Bayelsa, 14 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Akassa, Kolo Creek, Koluama, Nembe, Ogbia, Olugbobiri, Otuaka, Sagbama, Yenagoa.

In Benue, 15 incidents killing 24 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Agila, Apa-Agila, Eke, Katsina-Ala, Makurdi, Tor Donga, Tsenom, Ugba, Ugbokpo.

In Borno, 107 incidents killing 705 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abadam, Agapalawa, Arege, Asaga, Askira, Aulari, Auno, Azare, Baga, Bama, Banki, Beta, Damboa, Dikwa, Dille, Duguri, Duji, Gajiram, Gambori, Gashigar, Gubio, Gumsuri, Gwoza, Kamagunma,

Kilangar, Kombi, Kondori, Konduga, Kumshe, Kwada, Lambua, Magumeri, Maiduguri, Mainok, Malam Fatori, Mandafuma, Marte, Mauli, Monguno, Ngala, Ngamdu, Nguma, Pulka, Rann, Sambisa Forest Reserve, Shikarkir, Tumbun Gini, Wovi, Wulgo, Wultihiya.

In Cross River, 13 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bakassi, Calabar, Ogoja.

In Delta, 33 incidents killing 37 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aboh, Abraka, Agbarho, Agbor, Aladja, Asaba, Effurun, Ekuma-Abavo, Ibusa, Igbide, Kokori, Nsukwa, Okwagbe, Ole, Orhuwhorum, Otor Udu, Oviri-Olomu, Ozoro, Tuomor, Ughelli, Warri.

In Ebonyi, 16 incidents killing 41 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abakaliki, Akpoha, Amaseri, Effium, Ezamgbo, Isu, Ochokwu, Onicha, Uburu, Unwana.

In Edo, 23 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Auchi, Benin City, Ibillo, Idogbo, Igarra, Okomu, Ubiaja, Uhkirhi.

In Ekiti, 16 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ado-Ekiti, Igede-Ekiti, Ijan-Ekiti, Ikole, Ilawe, Itapaji, Iye, Omuo-Ekiti.

In Enugu, 21 incidents killing 9 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aku, Amagunze, Eha Amufu, Emene, Enugu, Enugu-Ezike, Ezeagu, Ikem, Mgbowo, Nimbo, Nsukka, Ozalla, Umulokpa, Uwani.

In Federal Capital Territory, 36 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abaji, Abuja, Dakwa,

Gwagwalada, Idu, Kubwa, Kwali, Piri, Rubochi, Tunga Maje, Wuse, Yangoji, Zuba.

In **Gombe**, **2** incidents killing **9** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Billiri**, **Gombe**.

In Imo, 43 incidents killing 37 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Afozuru, Akata, Amaigbo, Amaraka, Atta, Awo-Idemili, Awo-Omamma, Etekuru, Eziama, Eziama Obiato, Iho, Izombe, Mbutu, Mgbidi, Ndizuogu, Nekede, Nnenasa, Oguta, Okigwi, Orji, Orlu, Oru, Owerri, Ubulu Ihejiofo, Umu Elemai, Umueze, Umulogho, Umundugba.

In **Jigawa**, **3** incidents killing **4** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Malummaduri**, **Taura**.

In Kaduna, 80 incidents killing 228 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abobo, Bina, Birnin Gwari, Birnin Yero, Buda, Chikun, Dutsen Abba, Fadan Kagoma, Farin-Ruwa, Fatika, Giwa, Idasu, Igabi, Ikara, Jankasa, Jere, Kaduna, Kaduna South, Kafanchan, Kakau, Kakuri, Katari, Kibori, Kigudu, Ligari, Magamiya, Manchok, Rigasa, Rijana, Sabon Birni, Sabon Tasha, Sako, Sayen Lemu, Udawa, Wuciciri, Wusasa, Zangon Katab, Zankoro, Zaria.

In **Kano**, 10 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Chiromawa**, **Kano**, **Sabon Gari**, **Sitti**.

In Katsina, 27 incidents killing 70 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Banye, Barawa, Batsari, Baure, Dan Musa, Fankama, Faskari, Funtua, Gwarjo, Jibia, Kankara, Katsina, Kwakwari, Machika, Matazu, Sabon Layi, Safana, Sheme, Wanzamai.

In Kogi, 23 incidents killing 16 people were reported. The following locations

were among the affected: Ayangba, Bugana, Egume, Idah, Itobe, Iyara, Kabba, Koton-Karfe, Lokoja, Odo Ere, Ogaminana, Okene, Osara.

In Kwara, 16 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Afon, Alapa, Eruku, Illorin, Ilorin, Kaiama, Obo Aiyegunle, Olla, Oro Ago, Osi.

In Lagos, 36 incidents killing 13 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Agege, Apapa, Badagry, Ebute-Metta, Ejigbo, Epe, Festac, Ifako, Ikeja, Ikorodu, Ikoyi, Ipaja, Lagos, Lekki, Magodo, Ogba, Ojota, Oshodi, Poka, Tin Can Island, Victoria Island.

In Nassarawa, 17 incidents killing 23 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Alogani, Ashige, Awe, Lafia, Obi, Toto.

In Niger, 42 incidents killing 199 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bassa, Chanchaga, Daja, Farin Dutse, Kabogi, Kafin, Kagara, Kuta, Kutigi, Mariga, Mashegu, Minna, New Bussa, Pan Dongari, Sabon Wuse, Sarkin Pawa, Shiroro, Suleja, Tegina, Yakila, Zungeru.

In Ogun, 30 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abeokuta, Ado Odo, Aiyetoro, Ake, Akomoje, Fagbohun, Igbesa, Ijoun, Isara, Isuku, Itori, Magboro, Mowe, Odogbolu, Ogere, Otta, Owode, Sanngo-Ota, Shagamu.

In Ondo, 24 incidents killing 18 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Akunba, Akure, Awoye, Ifon, Igbara-Oke, Igbokoda, Iju, Ikare-Akoko, Iwaro Oka, Okitipupa, Ore, Owo.

In Osun, 25 incidents killing 6 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ede, Ibokun, Ijabe, Ikirun, Ile-Ife, Ilesa, Iwo, Oshogbo, Owode Ede.

In Oyo, 24 incidents killing 6 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Agodi, Eruwa, Ibadan, Igbo Ora, Moniya, Ogbomosho, Oke Ado, Oyo.

In **Plateau**, 16 incidents killing 41 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bassa**, **Durbi**, **Gindiri**, **Jos**, **Lamingo**, **Langtang**, **Miango**, **Wase**.

In Rivers, 20 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abuloma, Ahoada, Akpaji, Choba, Diobu, Elekahia, Elimgbu, Oginigba, Okehi, Omoku, Port Harcourt.

In Sokoto, 34 incidents killing 207 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Chacho, Gatawa, Gobir, Goronyo, Illela, Isa, Kojiyo, Kurawa, Kwasare, Makuwana, Mammande, Sabon Birni, Sokoto, Tara, Tureta, Unguwar Lalle, Wurno.

In Taraba, 22 incidents killing 68 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Baissa, Bali, Donadda, Gassol, Iware, Jalingo, Jen, Kambari, Karim Lamido, Takum, Tela, Wukari, Yelwa.

In Yobe, 5 incidents killing 20 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bujimirum, Buni Yadi, Gashua, Goniri.

In Zamfara, 48 incidents killing 200 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Anka, Birnin Magaji, Bungudu, Dan Sadau, Gada, Garbadu, Gummi, Gurbin Baure, Gusau, Karakai, Karazau, Kaura Namoda, Kuriya, Kwiambana Forest Reserve, Magami, Maradun, Mareri, Nahuche, Nasarawa, Rijiya, Sakajiki, Shinkafi, Talata Mafara, Tsafe, Wanke, Yanbuki, Zurmi.

#### Sources

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   http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/gadm36\_levels.shp.zip
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm36\_NGA\_shp.zip, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018b
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  http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html
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#### Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see <a href="https://www.acleddata.com/resources/">www.acleddata.com/resources/</a>. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the

ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

#### Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Nigeria, fourth quarter 2021: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 30 May 2022