DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO, FOURTH QUARTER 2021:

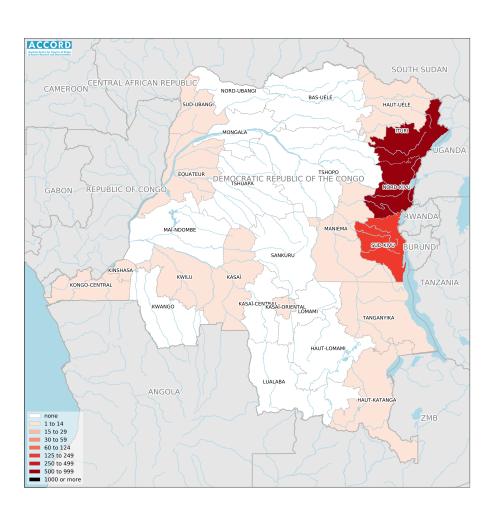
Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 30 May 2022

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality

ACCORD CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC NORD-UBANGI BAS-UÉLÉ DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO GABON REPUBLIC OF CONGO SANKURU KONGO-CENTRAL KASAÏ-CENTRAL KASAÏ-ORIENTAL LOMAMI LUALABA ANGOLA HAUT-KATANGA 1 to 2 3 to 5 6 to 11 12 to 24 25 to 49 50 to 99 100 to 199 200 or more

Number of reported fatalities



National borders: GADM, 6 May 2018b; administrative divisions: GADM, 6 May 2018a; incident data: ACLED, 20 May 2022; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

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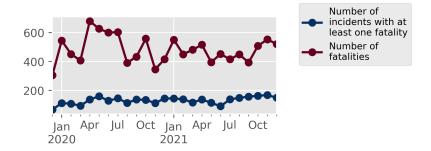
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Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Violence against civilians	373	218	663
Battles	356	216	776
Strategic developments	119	0	0
Protests	93	0	0
Riots	92	40	65
Explosions / Remote violence	24	5	78
Total	1057	479	1582

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 20 May 2022).

Development of conflict incidents from December 2019 to December 2021



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 20 May 2022).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Democratic Republic of Congo being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("3" or "10" for plural fatalities, depending on the context; "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending

on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, violence against civilians, remote violence, riots/protests, non-violent strategic activities. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019 https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew//wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ ACLED_General-User-Guide_April-2019.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, February 2020 https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew//wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ ACLED_FAQs-Fatalities-Methodology_v1_February-2020.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, January 2021 https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew//wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ ACLED_Codebook_v1_January-2021.pdf

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Bas-Uélé	5	0	0
Haut-Katanga	6	2	6
Haut-Uélé	8	2	8
Ituri	282	175	731
Kasaï	3	1	1
Kasaï-Central	4	0	0
Kasaï-Oriental	3	1	1
Kinshasa	37	3	3
Kongo-Central	12	2	3
Kwilu	12	1	3
Lomami	1	0	0
Lualaba	1	0	0
Maniema	18	5	10
Maï-Ndombe	2	0	0
Mongala	1	0	0
Nord-Kivu	374	192	613
Nord-Ubangi	1	0	0
Sud-Kivu	263	87	177
Sud-Ubangi	5	3	8
Tanganyika	12	4	14

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Tshopo	5	0	0
Équateur	2	1	4

Localization of conflict incidents

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In Bas-Uélé, 5 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ango, Nambia, Roa, Zangabai.

In **Haut-Katanga**, 6 incidents killing 6 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Kenya**, **Lubumbashi**, **Upemba National Park**.

In Haut-Uélé, 8 incidents killing 8 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bangadi, Bitima, Doruma, Durba, Mabadabada, Nambia, Nambili, Niangara.

In Ituri, 282 incidents killing 731 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abombi, Adru, Alafu, Amee, Andisa, Aru, Aveba, Awu, Badui, Baimani, Baiti, Bambu, Bandinbese, Baru, Berunda, Biakato, Boku, Bukaringi, Bule, Bunia, Canana, Chabusiku, Dada, Dala, Damblo,

Dhebu, Dhedja, Dhera, Dhi, Djaiba, Djuda, Djugu, Dodjo, Drodro, Dziblu, Elisha, Exode, Fataki, Gbala, Gina, Gutsi, Huma, Iga Barriere, Ilimba, Irumu, Itendey, Jisa, Kabarole, Kabrique, Kadawasi, Kadilo, Kambe, Kandigba, Kanyo, Katabey, Katoto, Katsu, Kenenji, Kilo, Kitumba, Kobu, Komanda, Kpandroma, Kyabwohe, Kyamujanzu, Lake Albert, Largu, Libi, Lita, Lodjo, Lokpa, Lopa, Lovi, Loya, Lukaya, Luna, Mahagi, Mahu, Makeke, Makpo, Makumo, Malabo, Malanga, Mambaka, Mambasa, Mambelenga, Mambembe, Mangbedu, Mangosa, Manjamanji, Manyala, Manzobe, Masome, Masumbuko, Matete, Maze, Mbau, Mitembo, Mongbwalu, Musaba, Mwanga, Ndalya, Ndalya-Depot, Ndengeza, Nderembi, Ndimo, Ngazba, Ngobi II, Ngombenyama, Ngongo, Ngotutsi, Nia-Nia, Nioka, Nizi, Njiapanda, Nyangaray, Nzala, Nzebi, Ofaye Otto Maber, Pabamga, Pakenge, Penyi, Pimbo, Rhoo, Rimba, Risasi, Sayo, Shari, Sokotano, Su, Tali, Tche, Tchunga, Toko, Tondoli, Tshabi, Tsili, Tsitsi, Tsoro, Tsukpa, Tsunde, Udhyek, Usigo, Wala, Yagu.

In **Kasaï**, **3** incidents killing **1** person were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Mushenge**, **Tshikapa**.

In **Kasaï-Central**, **4** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Kananga**.

In **Kasaï-Oriental**, **3** incidents killing **1** person were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Mbuji Mayi**.

In Kinshasa, 37 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Kinshasa - Kinshasa - Gombe, Kinshasa - Kalamu, Kinshasa - Lemba, Kinshasa - Limete, Kinshasa - Lingwala, Kinshasa - Matete, Kinshasa - Ndjili Airport, Kinshasa - Ndolo Airport, Kinshasa - Ngaliema.

In **Kongo-Central**, **12** incidents killing **3** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Boma**, **Kisantu**, **Madimba**, **Matadi**, **Mbanza**

Ngungu, Moanda.

In **Kwilu**, 12 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bandundu**, **Gungu**, **Ikubi II**, **Kahemba**, **Kikwit**, **Masi Manimba**.

In **Lomami, 1** incident killing **0** people was reported. The following location was among the affected: **Gandajika**.

In Lualaba, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was among the affected: Kolwezi.

In Maniema, 18 incidents killing 10 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Kabambare, Kibali, Kindu, Lukolo, Lwama, Mabamba, Mutuka, Mutupeke, Salamabila.

In Maï-Ndombe, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Kutu, Oshwe.

In **Mongala**, **1** incident killing **0** people was reported. The following location was among the affected: **Lisala**.

In Nord-Kivu, 374 incidents killing 613 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Apyeutu, Bahatsa, Bakila Tenambo, Beni, Bikara, Birihi, Bugoye, Buguri, Buhumba, Bukima, Bukombo, Bukomerwa, Bukununu, Bulambo, Bulongo, Bulotwa, Bunagana, Buramba, Bushalingwa, Busihe, Busoro, Butaro, Butembo, Butembo - Bulengera, Butembo - Matembe, Butembo - Mukalangirwa, Butembo - Wayene, Bwasha, Bweteta, Cantine, Chanika, Egombo, Eringeti, Fatua, Gisiza, Goma, Goma - Kasika, Goma - Katindo, Goma - Katoyi, Goma - Keshero, Goma - Mugunga, Goma - Ndosho, Goma - Virunga, Ihula, Isale, Itebero, JTN, Jomba, Kabaya, Kahande, Kahanga, Kailenge, Kainama, Kainama II & III, Kakuka I, Kalembe, Kalembo,

Kalingati, Kalonge, Kalunguta, Kamande, Kamango, Kambau, Kambi Ya Yua, Kamudoka, Kanune, Kanyabayonga, Kanzanza, Kasaka, Kasengesi, Kashebere, Kasindi, Kasinga, Kasisi, Katahandwa, Katale, Katanda, Katuhunda, Katunda, Katwa, Katwiguru II, Kavingu, Kazaroho, Kibati, Kibirizi, Kibumba, Kididiwe, Kihondo, Kikingi, Kikuku, Kikwaba, Kilia, Kilya, Kimoka, Kingarame, Kinundu, Kinyandonyi, Kinyumba, Kipese, Kiringa, Kirumba, Kisalala, Kisanga, Kiseguru, Kisharo, Kisharu, Kisigari, Kisone, Kisui, Kisunga, Kugheki, Kukutama, Kyavinyonge, Kyondo, Lake Edward, Libokara, Loashi, Logu, Lubango, Lubero, Lukweti, Lwibo, Mabondo, Mabule, Mahanga, Makisabo, Makoko, Makungwe, Maleki, Mamove, Mangazi, Mangina, Manguaki, Manguredjpa, Masisi, Mayeba, Mayele, Mbau, Mbughavinywa, Miandja, Miriki, Mubambiro, Mubi, Muhangi, Muhangozi, Mukaka, Mukoko, Munigi, Museya, Mushweshwe, Mutongo, Mutwanga, Muyenzi, Mwenda, Mweso, Ndoluma, Nduko, Ngesha, Ngugo, Nobili, Nyabiondo, Nyaleke, Nyamilima, Nyamiri, Nyamitwitwi, Nyanzale, Nyiragongo, Oicha, Peti, Pinga, Rangira, Remeka, Rubare, Rugari, Rugetsi, Rugogwe-Bunjuli, Rukoko, Rumangabo, Runyonyi, Rutshuru, Sake, Shonyi, Singipa, Tshanzu, Ufumandu, Vido I, Virunga National Park, Visiki, Vuhesi, Vuranga, Vusamba, Walikale.

In **Nord-Ubangi**, **1** incident killing **0** people was reported. The following location was among the affected: **Bosobolo**.

In Sud-Kivu, 263 incidents killing 177 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abala, Abwela, Ake, Balala, Baliga, Bambote, Baraka, Baraka - Mushimbakye, Batayo, Bibogobobo, Bideka, Bogamanda, Bugobe, Buhumba, Bukavu, Bukavu - Bagira, Bukavu - Ndendere, Bukavu - Panzi, Bwegera, Bwimika, Cakira, Ebisha, Ekyengya, Fizi, Hona, Igoki, Ikoma, Itula, Kabamba, Kabara, Kabare, Kabimba, Kabingo, Kabumbe, Kabunambo, Kabushwa, Kafulo, Kagando, Kagogo, Kahanda, Kahololo, Kakenge, Kalehe, Kalingi, Kalipa, Kalongwe, Kalungu, Kambale, Kamituga, Kamombo, Kanga, Karava, Karega, Kasheke, Katala, Katana, Katanga, Katongo, Katungulu, Katwenge, Kavimvira, Kibanga, Kibirizi,

Kidodobo, Kifune, Kigoma, Kigongo, Kigulube, Kiliba, Kiliba - Kagando, Kimbili, Kimoto, Kimuka, Kirumba, Kirungu, Kiryama, Kisha, Kishagala, Kitemesho, Kitundu, Kivumu, Lemera, Luberizi, Lubichako, Lugungu, Lugushwa, Luhihi, Luhonga, Lulingu, Lusenda, Luvungi, Lweba, Lwelela, Magaja, Makama, Makwale, Mankulu, Mashuba, Matala, Matili, Mboko, Miba, Mikamba, Mikenge, Milimba, Minembwe, Misisi, Mongemonge, Mubere, Mugogo, Mukaba, Mukera, Mukwezi, Mulongwe, Mumbili, Muranvya, Mutarule, Mwandakano, Natulonge, Numbi, Nyakabere I, Nyamutiri, Nyantende, Nyarundari, Rikobero, Rombe I, Runingu, Rurambo, Rusabagi, Rutanga, Sasira, Shabunda, Swima, Tusisi, Uvira, Walungu, Ziralo.

In **Sud-Ubangi**, **5** incidents killing **8** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bobito**, **Gemena**, **Kungu**.

In Tanganyika, 12 incidents killing 14 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Butondo, Kalemie, Kongolo, Lambo Katenga, Manono, Mbulula, Musebe, Nyunzu.

In **Tshopo**, **5** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Kisangani**.

In **Équateur**, **2** incidents killing **4** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Djombo**, **Mbandaka**.

Sources

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Africa (20 May 2022), 20 May 2022
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Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see <a href="https://www.acleddata.com/resources/.com/

ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross

Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Democratic Republic of Congo, fourth quarter 2021: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 30 May 2022