

# **IDP Hosting Sites in Yemen**

### **Context & Methodology**

As part of their regular programming, the CCCM Cluster and partners, with the support of REACH, are implementing the Site Report to build a profile of IDP hosting sites in Yemen. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted, evidence-based humanitarian response. The findings presented here provide an overview of basic informatin on population demographics, site conditions, service access, site threats and community needs. A total of **531 IDP hosting sites out of 2,340 IDP hosting sites in Yemen** were surveyed, with a total population of 567,011 individuals out 1,592,494 individuals. Data was collected between March 2021 - April 2022 through key informant interviews with community representatives in each site. Findings should be considered as both indicative and incomplete. All information is for humanitarian use only.

# IDP Site Number Trends



Jan-21 Feb-21 Mar-21 May-21 Jul-21 Sep-21 Oct-21 Dec-21 Jan-22 Feb-22 Mar-22

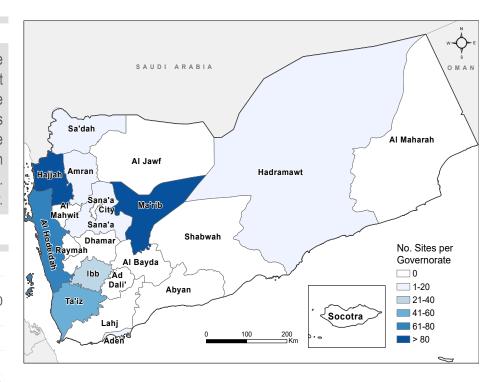
### Site Population Trends



Total IDP Population in Sites

Number of IDP Households in Sites

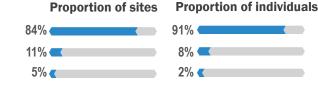




### **Site overview**

#### Land ownership

Private
Public
Owner not known

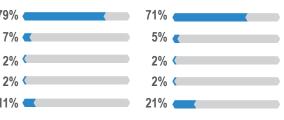


May 2022

#### Type of site

Spontaneous settlement
Collective Centre
Location
Urban displaced IDP location
Camp

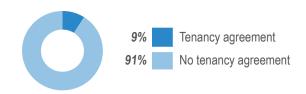
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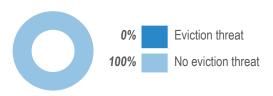


### **Tenancy agreement**

#### Proportion of sites with a tenancy agreement



#### Proportion of sites with a tenancy agreement facing eviction





### **Displacement**

#### Most common governorate of origin of displaced

Nr	First governorate	Second governorate	Third governorate
1	Hajjah 36.17%	Hajjah 35.92%	Hajjah 33.81%
2	Taizz 14.77%	Al Hodeidah 15.08%	Al Hodeidah 17.33%
3	Ma'rib 14.39%	Ma'rib 13.75%	Ma'rib 11.08%

## Most common district of origin of displaced households

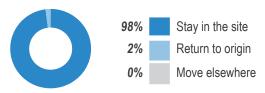
Nr	First district	Second district	Third district
1	Harad 28.91%	Harad 8.99%	Hayran 11.90%
2	Al Jubah 6.25%	Hayran 8.99%	Abs 7.14%
3	Salah 3.71%	Abs 8.53%	Mustaba 5.06%

#### Most common reason for displaced households to leave place of origin\*

Security concerns / War	98%	
Evicted from Property	9%	
House/livelihood assets destroyed/occupied	3%	<b>(</b>
Lack of basic services	5%	•
Evacuated for protection	1%	<b>(</b>
Lack of commodities	0%	
Lack of employment	0%	
Natural disaster	1%	

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

# Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months





### **Demographics**

#### Proportion of sites with presence of High-Risk Groups\*

Child-headed households	44%	
Elderly	83%	
Female-headed households	85%	
Marginalized people / Minorities	30%	
Persons with chronic diseases	84%	
Persons with disabilities	87%	
Pregnant and lactating women	89%	
Unaccompanied / separated children	20%	

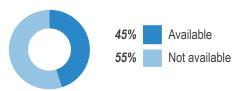
### Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs\*

Host community	68%	
Migrants	3%	<b>《</b>
Refugees	1%	<b>(</b>
None - only IDPs present	28%	
Not known	1%	<b>(</b>

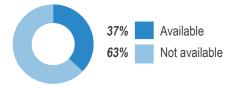
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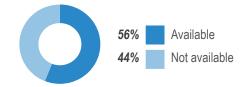
### Infrastructure/Resources

### Proportion of sites with cooking fuel in site / close



### Proportion of sites with electricity / solar power





Proportion of sites with markets in site / close



### **Access to Services**

### Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type

May 2022

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	19%	32%	49%
Shelter / maintenance services	6%	26%	68%
NFI distributions	6%	35%	58%
Food distributions	4%	80%	17%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	3%	52%	45%
WASH services	5%	36%	59%
Healthcare services	7%	36%	57%
Education services	11%	48%	41%
Livelihood services	2%	7%	91%
Protection services	5%	32%	63%
Nutrition services	12%	42%	45%



### **Priority Needs**

#### **Proportion of sites per priority needs**

	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	6%	20%	21%
Education	2%	2%	8%
Food	43%	12%	10%
Water	10%	13%	5%
Legal services	0%	0%	0%
Livelihood assistance	3%	3%	15%
Medical assistance	2%	6%	8%
Non-food items	4%	17%	9%
Protection services	2%	3%	3%
Sanitation services	5%	9%	11%
Shelter / maintenance	23%	13%	10%
Nutrition services	0%	0%	0%



### **Primary Shelter Type**

#### **Proportion of sites per primary shelter type**

Own house / apartment	2%
Makeshift shelter	53%
Host family house / apartment	7% <
Emergency shelter	16%
Rented house / apartment	4%
Transitional shelter	14%
Public building	4%
Open air (no shelter)	1%



### **Primary Latrine Type**

#### **Proportion of sites per primary latrine type**

Flush latrine to tank / sewage system pit	20%
Flush latrine to the open	10%
Pit latrine - covered	31%
Pit latrine - open	17%
Open defecation	22%



### **Primary Water Source**

### **Proportion of sites per primary water sourece**

Borehole	27%
Bottled water	2% (
Illegal connection to piped network	6% <b>《</b>
Public tap	6% <b>⋖</b>
Protected rainwater tank	7% <
Surface water	1%
Unprotected rainwater tank	18%
Water trucking	33%



### **Site Threats**

#### Most common threats to sites\*

Conflict-related incidents / War	12%
Eviction	19%
Fire-related incidents	15%
Flooding	14%
Friction between communities	5%
Infectious diseases	21%
Water contamination	13%

May 2022



### **Fire Safety Measures**

#### Most common fire safety measures\*

Fire points	13%
Fire wardens	7%
Fire breaks	2%
Escape routes	2%
None	85%



### **Data Collection Partners**

The following **20 CCCM partners** supported the data collection for the CCCM Site Report in Yemen from March 2021 - April 2022: RADF, IOM, JAAHD, GWQ, YFCA, FMF, DRC, NRC, Human Access, NFDHR, YDF, YGUSSWP, Tamdeen, ACTED, PAH, SHS, NMO, CRB, BFD and DEEM.

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.