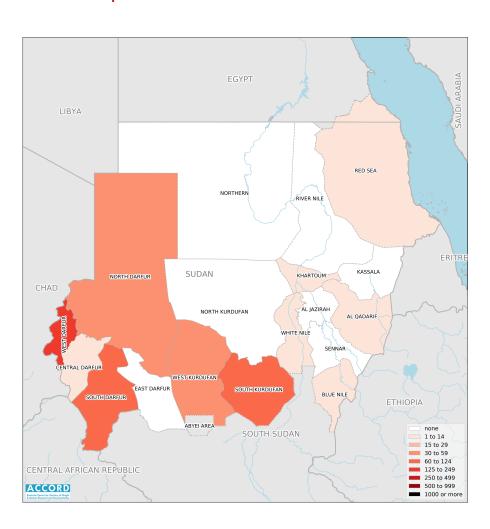
Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

### Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality

#### LIBYA NORTHERN RIVER NILE KASSALA SUDAN KHARTOUM AL JAZIRAH NORTH KURDUFAN WHITE NILE SENNAR EAST DARFUR SOUTH KURDUFAN BLUE NILE ETHIOPIA ABYEI AREA none SOUTH SUDAN 1 to 2 3 to 5 6 to 11 12 to 24 CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC 25 to 49 50 to 99 100 to 199 ACCORD 200 or more

#### Number of reported fatalities



National borders: GADM, 6 May 2018a; administrative divisions: GADM, 6 May 2018b; Abyei Area: SSNBS, 1 December 2008; South Sudan/Sudan border status, Hala'ib triangle and Bir Tawil: UN Cartographic Section, March 2012; incident data: ACLED, 12 November 2021; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

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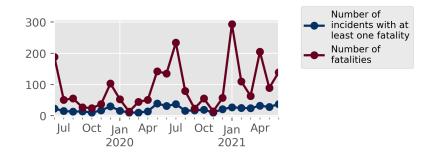
Number of reported fatalities	1
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### Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Protests	129	3	3
Violence against civilians	73	45	75
Battles	60	42	343
Riots	34	5	8
Strategic developments	9	0	0
Explosions / Remote violence	3	2	4
Total	308	97	433

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 12 November 2021).

# Development of conflict incidents from June 2019 to June 2021



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 12 November 2021).

### Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Sudan being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("10" for plural fatalities, "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Note: Data on incidents in the Abyei area are not included in this overview.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in

this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, headquarters or bases established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook (2019), 10 April 2019a https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm\_uploads/2017/10/ ACLED\_Codebook\_2019FINAL\_pbl.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019b https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm\_uploads/2019/04/ General-User-Guide\_FINAL.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, 27 January 2020 https://www.acleddata.com/download/17979/

### Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Al Jazirah	11	0	0
Al Qadarif	24	7	11
Blue Nile	6	2	6
Central Darfur	22	6	6
East Darfur	4	0	0
Kassala	6	0	0
Khartoum	58	5	12
North Darfur	27	12	30
North Kurdufan	8	0	0
Northern	1	0	0
Red Sea	23	4	7
River Nile	10	0	0
South Darfur	28	11	83
South Kurdufan	51	33	69
West Darfur	16	10	166
West Kurdufan	7	6	40
White Nile	6	1	3

#### Localization of conflict incidents

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among

the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In Al Jazirah, 11 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Atra, Barakat, El Managil, Shabarga, Wad Medani.

In Al Qadarif, 24 incidents killing 11 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Atrab, Barakat Norein, Elkfay, Gallabat, Gedaref, Ghotor Aant, Mashra Al Fursan, Mashra Tuklayn, Qureisha, Safarah, Shy Biet, Sundus, Um Tawakkul.

In **Blue Nile**, **6** incidents killing **6** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Ed Damazin**, **Fazughli**.

In Central Darfur, 22 incidents killing 6 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Deirirro, Fanga Suk, Garsila, Khor Ramla, Mukjar, Muni Jartagar, Nertiti, Salma, Taringa, Towa, Useige, Wadi Saleh, Zalingei.

In East Darfur, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Nimir Refugee Camp, Ed Daein, Yassin.

In **Kassala**, **6** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Kassala**.

In Khartoum, 58 incidents killing 12 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Jarif East, Al Kalakla, Hajj Yusuf, Khartoum, Khartoum North, Ombada, Omdurman.

In North Darfur, 27 incidents killing 30 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Zerega, Birkat Seira, El Fasher, El Serief Beni Hussein, Hillet Sharfa, Kebkabiya, Khor Jagedeldei, Misteriya, Saraf Omra, Serreih, Shangil Tobay, Sortine, Sortony, Tina, Wadaah.

In **North Kurdufan**, **8** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bara**, **El Obeid**.

In **Northern**, **1** incident killing **0** people was reported. The following location was among the affected: **Dongola**.

In Red Sea, 23 incidents killing 7 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Jabet, Port Sudan, Sinkat, Suakin.

In River Nile, 10 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Atbara, Berber, Ed Damer, El Ubaiyid.

In South Darfur, 28 incidents killing 83 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bielel, Bulbul, Buram, Donkey Abiad, El Salaam IDP Camp, Gereida, Kalma IDP Camp, Kass, Mandawa, Mogabi, Nyala, Songo, UNAMID Supercamp Nyala.

In South Kurdufan, 51 incidents killing 69 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Abbasiya, Al Fayd, Dalami, Dibebad, Dilling, El Higrat, El Koaik, El Rahmania, Elfaid Um-Abdalla, Gadier, Gardood Toro, Habila, Heiban, Jabal el Liri, Julud, Kadugli, Kadugli Airport, Kedber, Kologi, Mabroka, Miri Bara, Sabori, Tillo, Tugul, Zalataya.

In West Darfur, 16 incidents killing 166 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Zar IDP Camp, Dumej, El Geneina, Foro Burunga, Randi, Tendelti.

In West Kurdufan, 7 incidents killing 40 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Adila, An Nahud, El Fula, El Mahfora, El Udayyah, Muglad.

In White Nile, 6 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Redis 2 Refugee Camp, Asalaya, Kosti, Rabak, Tandalti.

#### Sources

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Africa (12 November 2021), 12 November 2021
   https://www.acleddata.com/download/2909/
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm36\_levels.shp, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018a http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/gadm36\_levels.shp.zip
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm36\_SDN\_shp.zip, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018b http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/shp/gadm36\_SDN\_shp.zip
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- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015 https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/
- SSNBS South Sudan National Bureau of Statistics: Counties including disputed Abyei region, 1 December 2008
   https://www.humanitarianresponse.info/sites/www.humanitarianresponse.info/files/datasets/SS\_admbnda\_adm2\_200k\_ssnbs\_2013\_0.zip
- UN Cartographic Section: Sudan, March 2012
   http://www.ecoi.net/file\_upload/4232\_1407158723\_sudan.pdf

#### Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see <a href="https://www.acleddata.com/resources/methodology/">www.acleddata.com/resources/methodology/</a>. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the <a href="https://ecoi.net-blog-posts-tagged-with">ecoi.net-blog-posts-tagged-with</a> "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

#### Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Sudan, second quarter 2021: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 19 November 2021