# **UNHCR Angola Population of Concern Snapshot - October 2021**



#### Overview

Population Breakdown

Population of Concern by Country of Origin

UNHCR has been in Angola for 43 years since the signing of the 'Accord de Siege' in February 1977. During this time, UNHCR has played an important role in the history of Angola such as leading the repatriation of Angolans who fled the long civil war. With reestablishment of peace in 2002, the Government of Angola asked for UNHCR support to facilitate repatriation of Angolan refugees. After voluntarily repatriation took place, from 2003 until 2015, more than 523,000 Angolan refugees returned, more than half coming from the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC). From 2015 to 2016, UNHCR Angola operation focused on urban refugees and asylum seekers. In 2017, influx of refugees fleeing Kasai region in DRC forced the operation to scale up. The Field Office Dundo was established and, eventually, the Lovua Settlement in Lundo Norte. Currently, there are more than 56,000 refugees and asylum seekers in Angola spread over provinces such as Luanda and Lunda Norte. These refugees represent a multitude of countries such as the DRC, Rwanda, Mauritania and others. They are located in several provinces across Angola, including Luanda and Lunda Norte. UNHCR is a key observer of the National Council for Refugees (CNR) and works with several partners on the ground to ensure that refugees and person at risk of statelessness are protected and have access to livelihood and durable solutions.

Refugees from DRC include regular caseload and Kasai caseload. Kasai caseload comprised of 9.755 individuals out of which 6.861 are residing in Lovua refugee settlement while 2,894 individuals are in out of camp settings. They are the refugees originating from Kasai region of DRC who came to Lunda Norte province in Angola as a result of conflict in 2017 and were given Prima Facie refugee status. The regular caseload consists of the remaining population ( 46,802) excluding the 2017 Kasai caseload and comprises of refugees and asylum-seekers who came to Angola as far as 35 years ago. The regular caseload includes urban refugees from different nationalities including Congolese. majority of them settled in Luanda but also in the other 12 provinces.

56,557 Total Population of Concern
26,065 Total Refugees
30,290 Total Asylum-Seekers
Total Others of Concern

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Source		Population	
UNHCR, Government		41.90%	23,685
UNHCR		16.50%	9,272
UNHCR		11.30%	6,357
UNHCR		10.20%	5,725
UNHCR		3.60%	2,018
UNHCR		3.50%	1,951
UNHCR		3.40%	1,911
UNHCR		3.30%	1,896
UNHCR		2.40%	1,488
UNHCR		1.70%	968
UNHCR		1.10%	644
UNHCR		1.10%	642
	UNHCR, Government UNHCR	UNHCR, Government UNHCR	Source         Population           UNHCR, Government         41.90%           UNHCR         16.50%           UNHCR         11.30%           UNHCR         10.20%           UNHCR         3.60%           UNHCR         3.40%           UNHCR         3.30%           UNHCR         2.40%           UNHCR         1.70%           UNHCR         1.10%

### **Geographical Distribution**

## Population of Concern by Province

REPUBLIC OF CONGO	
Cabinda	1
4	1
Zaire DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO	I
139	
UNHCR WHICH	(
Bengo	
Lunda Norte	<u> </u>
Malanje 10665 DE	MOCR
1069	
Lunda Sul	i i
Cuanza Sul 1315	
221	~
ATLANTIC OCEAN	- {
Huambo Bié	- (
Renguela 35 122	1
Moxico	
3135	
Huila ZA	MBIA
Namibe	
Cunene Cuando Cubango	
98	
NAMDIA	
NAMIBIA	

Province	Source	Population	
Luanda	UNHCR, Government	68.20%	38,560
Lunda Norte	UNHCR, Government	18.80%	10,665
Moxico	UNHCR	5.50%	3,135
Lunda Sul	UNHCR	2.30%	1,315
Malanje	UNHCR	1.90%	1,069
Bengo	UNHCR	1.50%	869
Cuanza Sul	UNHCR	0.40%	221
Cuanza Norte	UNHCR	0.30%	174
Uige	UNHCR	0.30%	151
Zaire	UNHCR	0.20%	139
Bie	UNHCR	0.20%	122
Cunene	UNHCR	0.20%	98
Huambo	UNHCR	0.10%	35
Cabinda	UNHCR	0.00%	4

#### **Key Highlights**

54% are asylum-seekers

46% are refugees

17% are refugees from 2017 Kasai group

88% are residing in urban area



**UNHCR Country Office** 



**Lovua Settlement** 



**UNHCR Field Office**