

KEY FIGURES

IDPs IN 2021 (AS OF 18 JULY)



294,703

People displaced by conflict (verified)



152,387

Received assistance (including 2020 caseload)

NATURAL DISASTERS IN 2021 (AS OF 11 JULY)



24,073

Number of people affected by natural disasters

RETURNEES IN 2021 (AS OF 18 JULY)



621,856

Returnees from Iran



7,251

Returnees from Pakistan



45

Returnees from other countries

HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE PLAN (HRP) REQUIREMENTS & FUNDING



1.28B

Requirements (US\$) – HRP 2021



479.3M

37% funded (US\$) in 2021

AFGHANISTAN HUMANITARIAN FUND (AHF) 2021



43.61M

Contributions (US\$)



0

Pledges (US\$)



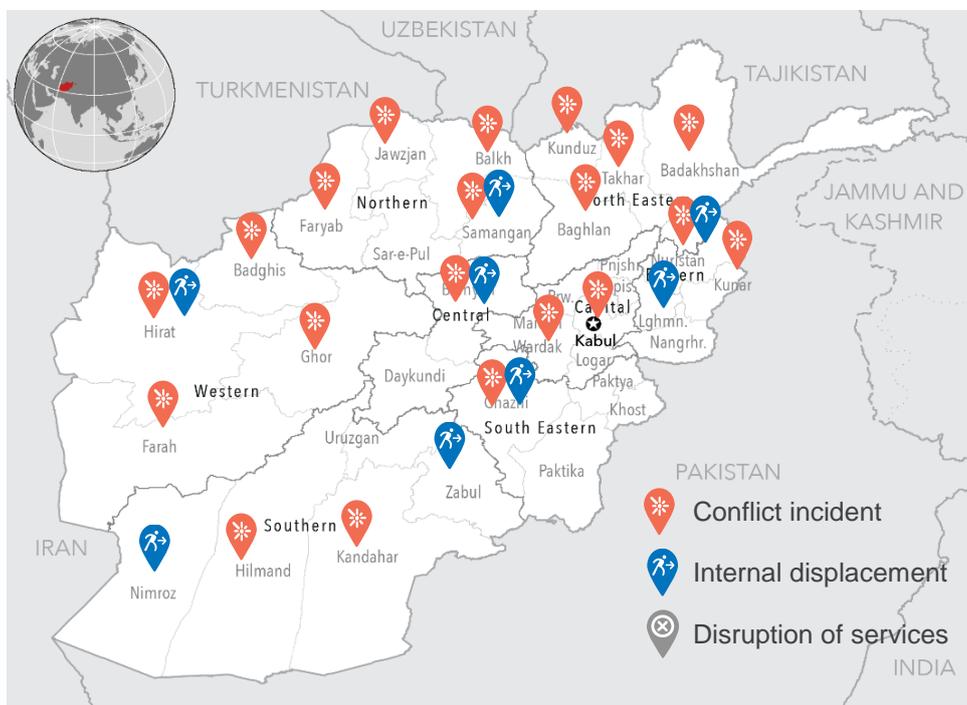
25.63M

Expenditure (US\$)



30.30M

Available for allocation, including carry-over (US\$)



South: Fighting continues including near border

Kandahar and Hilmand province witnessed a significant spike in conflict during the reporting period. A Non-State Armed Group (NSAG) reportedly continued to apply pressure on District Administrative Centres (DACs) and provincial capitals to expand areas under their control while Afghan National Security Forces (ANSF) conducted clearing operations supported by airstrikes. Ongoing conflict reportedly led to the displacement of civilians with increased fighting resulting in civilian casualties in Dand and Zheray districts in Kandahar province and Lashkargah city in Hilmand province.

The intermittent closure of roads to/from districts and provinces, particularly in Hilmand and Kandahar provinces, hindered civilian movements and transportation of food items and humanitarian/medical supplies. Intermittent outages of mobile service continued. On 14 July, an NSAG reportedly took control of posts and bases around the Spin Boldak DAC and Wesh crossing between Afghanistan and Pakistan. Closure of the border could affect trade and have adverse implications on local communities and the region. Due to insecurity around the DAC and border, humanitarian partners have temporarily suspended activities. Spin Boldak District Hospital remains operational.

Local authorities reported the presence of 3,780 internally displaced persons (IDPs) in Zabul and Nimroz provinces, 700 IDPs displaced within Qalat district, Zabul province and 3,080 IDPs from Chakhansur district and neighbouring provinces displaced to Zaranj city, Nimroz province.

Between 13 and 15 July, interagency response consisting of food, relief items, water, sanitation, hygiene and hygiene education, physiotherapy services and cash aid was provided to 3,511 IDPs (2,086 in Kandahar and 1,425 in Hilmand) while preparations were ongoing to respond to 1,795 IDPs in Kandahar before the start of Eid celebrations.

North-east: 134,000 people displaced by conflict to receive aid

Armed clashes continued in all provinces, especially around provincial capital cities with intense fighting observed in Koran wa Munjan District, Badakhshan province. Six civilians were reportedly killed by airstrikes; and three civilians were reportedly killed and two others injured by mortar fire in Baghlan province. Attacks near the Kunduz airport have impacted some flights although humanitarian flights continue to operate.

Provincial authorities provided some 8,500 people with temporary shelter in five schools and a park in Kunduz city. Assessments are underway to assist them in finding alternative shelters as their situation is precarious. Due to ongoing fighting and movement restrictions, humanitarian assistance is currently limited to Government controlled areas and provincial capitals reaching 17,346 people affected by conflict and 21,616 vulnerable people. Ongoing needs assessments identified 134,231 people in need to receive aid in the upcoming days.

East: Fighting continued causing civilians casualties, including children

Fighting and violence continued to affect civilians in the east. Five children were reportedly injured by an unexploded ordnance in the Bachi area in Marawara District (Kunar Province). On 14 July, five civilians were reportedly killed and 12 others were injured by mortars in Nurgram DAC, Nuristan province. According to initial reports, 1,400 IDPs were displaced within Nurgram District. Local authorities in Laghman province reported the presence of as many as 100 families (700 IDPs) displaced from Nurgram District to Mehtarlam City (Laghman province). New displacement was also reported in Alingar District, Laghman Province. Segments of the Asadabad-Ghaziabad and Ghaziabad-Nari roads remain closed, disrupting the supply of basic commodities and could affect health partners' ability to replenish medical supplies in Nuristan Province.

Out of 9,919 people assessed this week, 3,766 IDPs were recommended to receive immediate humanitarian assistance. Interagency teams continued assessment in Nangarhar, Nuristan, Laghman and Kunar provinces. A total of 10,164 people received humanitarian assistance comprising 10,101 new IDPs and 63 undocumented returnees who received post arrival assistance at the Torkham Transit Centre.

West: 7,000 IDPs assessed as being in need of aid, tens of thousands more reportedly displaced

The security situation in the region remained tense with no significant change in territorial control by parties to the conflict. Sporadic clashes and airstrikes continued to cause internal displacement as civilians feared further escalation of hostilities. According to initial reports from local authorities in Badghis and Hirat, up to 42,000 people have been displaced to Hirat city due to ongoing conflict. During the reporting period, 7,057 people who were displaced from recent conflict were assessed and the distribution of aid is ongoing. The majority of these families were displaced during the last two weeks from Ghor, Badghis and Farah provinces.

In Ghor province, a needs assessment is ongoing of 10,500 people displaced by conflict in Dawlatyar district to Lal Wa Sarjangal district in Ghor province.

Centre: tens of thousands of people temporarily displaced in Bamyān

The security situation remained unstable and unpredictable with reports of increased NSAG activities and the ANDSF reportedly retaking control of several districts Bamyān, Ghazni and Parwan provinces. Security incidents were reported in Kabul, Logar, Wardak, Parwan, Kapisa, Khost, Ghazni, Paktya, Paktika, Daykundi and Bamyān provinces. During the reporting period, 13 civilians were reportedly killed and 24 injured by airstrikes, improvised explosive devices and targeted killing in Kabul, Ghazni and Wardak provinces.

Tens of thousands of people in Bamyān province were temporarily displaced to remote villages, districts with the province and to other provinces, with the majority (about 60 per cent) of people reportedly returning to their homes a couple of days later. At least three children reportedly died due to exposure to cold weather in Dokani valley, Bamyān province.

According to assessment team on the ground, IDPs that displaced in the outskirts of the Baba mountain had critical health needs due to harsh weather. Women and children were found to be ill with respiratory infections, diarrhoea and other diseases, likely caused by contaminated water and inadequate shelters and food.

In addition, 1,200 families (about 8,400 people) were reportedly displaced from Malistan district to Jaghori in Ghazni Province. A needs assessment and response including the distribution food and relief items have started.

A total of 16,772 IDPs received humanitarian assistance in Khost, Kabul, Parwan and Daykundi provinces, while 48,431 IDPs were identified to receive assistances in Kabul, Kapisa and Bamyan provinces. An inter-agency joint needs assessment is ongoing for 11,900 IDPs reported in Logar, Kabul and Bamyan province.

North: Almost 12,000 people displaced by conflict receive aid

The security situation remained volatile with increased NSAGs activities in DACs and heavy fighting reported in the surroundings of Shiberghan in Jawsjan province and Maymana in Faryab province. Fighting was also reported on the main road between Mazar-e-Sharif (Balkh province) and Aybak (Samangan Province) which affected the movement of aid agency trucks in the Sayad area of Khulm (Balkh province).

During the reporting period, 10,213 people were assessed to be displaced by conflict – more than half (5,516 people) were displaced from Hazrati Sultan and Aybak districts, Samangan province due armed clashes in the beginning of July. A total 11,774 people received humanitarian assistance. Currently, there are no gaps in response, but humanitarian needs and internal displacement are expected to surge should fighting intensify and continue.

For further information, please contact:

Linda Tom, Public Information Officer, OCHA Afghanistan, tomi@un.org, Cell: +93 79300 11 10

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