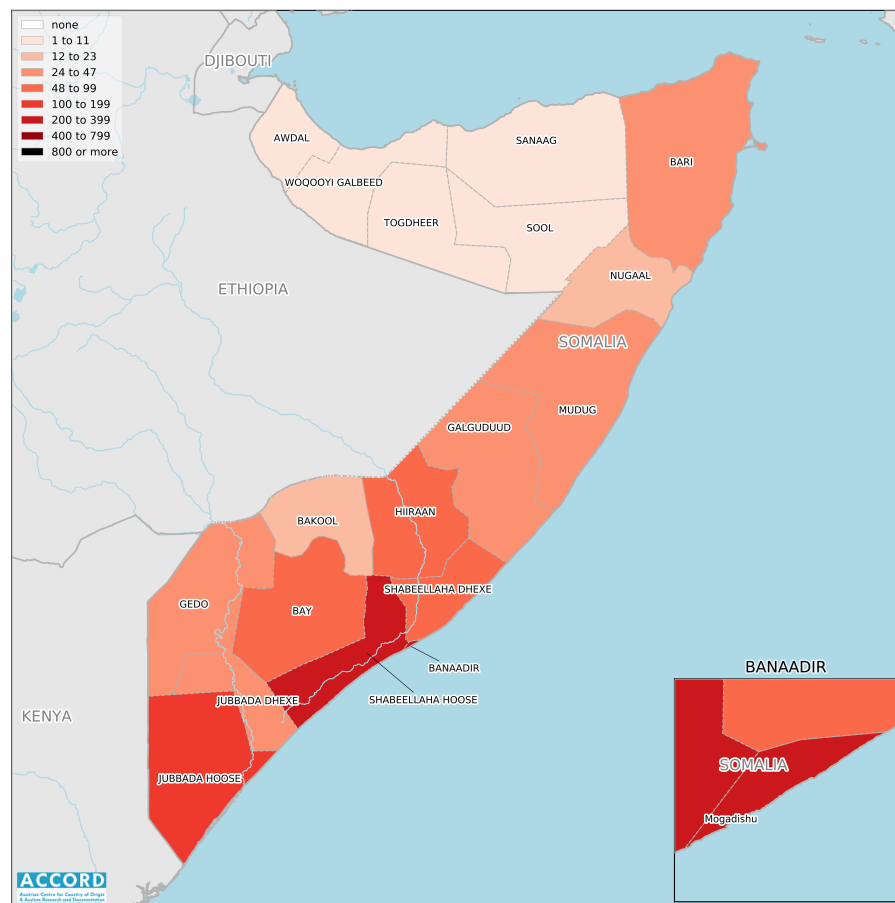


SOMALIA, YEAR 2020:

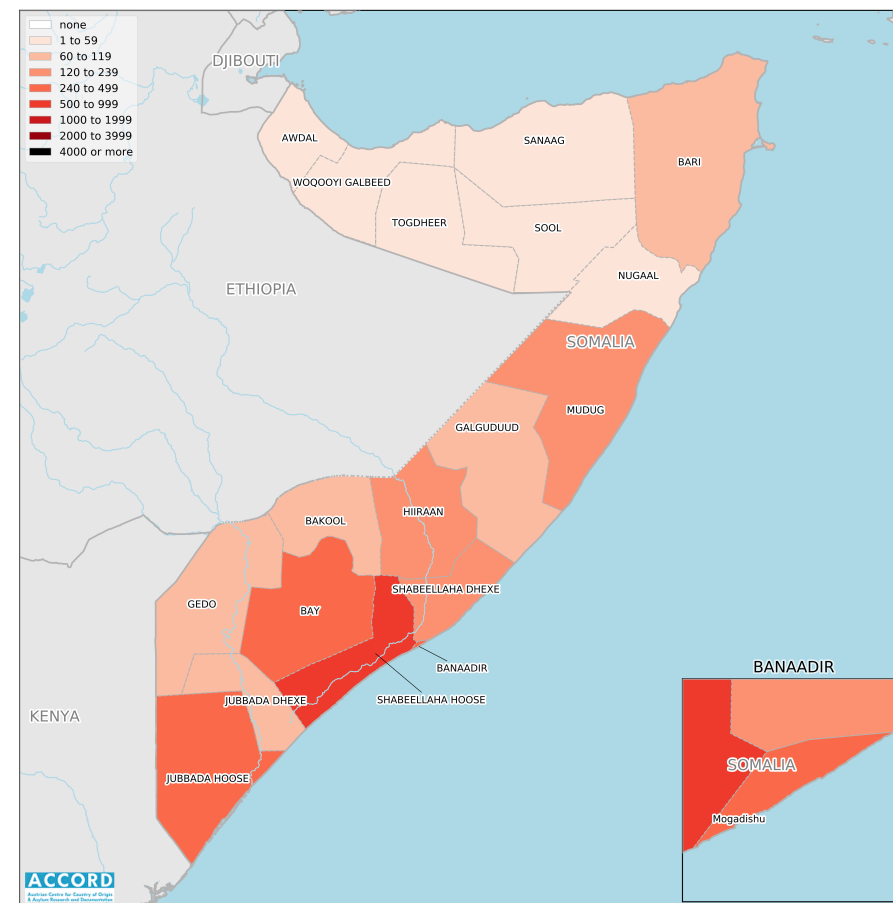
Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 23 March 2021

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality



Number of reported fatalities



National borders: [GADM, 6 May 2018a](#); administrative divisions: [GADM, 6 May 2018b](#); Ethiopia/Somalia border status: [CIA, 2014](#); incident data: [ACLED, 12 March 2021](#); coastlines and inland waters: [Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015](#)

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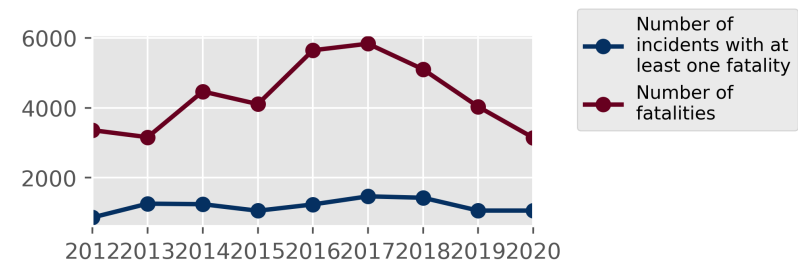
Number of reported fatalities	1
Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality	1
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Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Battles	1403	518	1891
Explosions / Remote violence	554	209	761
Violence against civilians	450	317	465
Protests	119	3	3
Strategic developments	91	7	16
Riots	21	1	5
Total	2638	1055	3141

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED, 12 March 2021](#)).

Development of conflict incidents from 2012 to 2020



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED, 12 March 2021](#)).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Somalia being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("10" for plural fatalities, "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending

on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occurred, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, headquarters or bases established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook (2019), 10 April 2019a https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2017/10/ACLED_Codebook_2019FINAL_pbl.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019b https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2019/04/General-User-Guide_FINAL.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, 27 January 2020 <https://www.acleddata.com/download/17979/>

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Awdal	5	1	1
Bakool	56	22	71
Banaadir	530	240	438
Bari	79	31	100
Bay	223	94	380
Galguduud	100	40	103
Gedo	125	32	77
Hiiraan	200	72	169
Jubbada Dhexe	41	29	111
Jubbada Hoose	283	115	375
Mudug	80	43	142
Nugaal	33	12	13
Sanaag	27	9	22
Shabeellaha Dhexe	201	88	218
Shabeellaha Hoose	598	208	871
Sool	21	9	14
Togdheer	17	5	27
Woqooyi Galbeed	19	5	9

Localization of conflict incidents

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event

type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Awdal**, 5 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Awdal, Borama**.

In **Bakool**, 56 incidents killing 71 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abal, Aboore, Baano, Burdho, Buur Dhuxunle, Ceel Baar, Ceel Barde, Ceel Gudo, Ceel Jelow, Ceeldheere, Duuray, Eel Leheli, Hudur, Maarey, Oddur, Oor-Gaafin, Tayeeglow, Ted, Waajid, Yabyab**.

In **Banaadir**, 530 incidents killing 438 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Mogadishu, Mogadishu - Abdiiaziz, Mogadishu - Bondhere, Mogadishu - Daynile, Mogadishu - Dharkenley, Mogadishu - Hamar Jabjab, Mogadishu - Hamar Weyne, Mogadishu - Hawl Wadaag, Mogadishu - Heliwa, Mogadishu - Hodan, Mogadishu - Karan, Mogadishu - Kaxda, Mogadishu - Shangaani, Mogadishu - Shibis, Mogadishu - Waaberi, Mogadishu - Wadajir, Mogadishu - Wardhigley, Mogadishu - Yaqshid**.

In **Bari**, 79 incidents killing 100 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Af-Urur, Alula, Balli-Khadar, Bosaso, Buuraha Cali Miskat, Carmo, Dangoroyo, Galgala, Iskushuban, Laag, Lanta Hawada, Milxa, Qardho, Sugure, Timirshe**.

In **Bay**, 223 incidents killing 380 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Aawdiinle, Abrano, Baidoa, Bardaale, Berdale, Bilile, Buulo Amiin, Buulo Fulaay, Buulo Fur, Buulo Gaduude-Dhunte, Buulo Hareere, Buulo Xaawo, Buulo-Fulay, Buundo Midow, Buur Xakaba, Cannole, Danbalka,**

Daynuunay, Diinsoor, Dolondole, Gaduud, Gasarta, Goof Gaduud Shabelow 2, Goof Guduud, Gufguduud Burey, Gurbaan, Halule, Idad Geeri, Ideedi, Iska-Darka, Jidow, Jiir Mad Sheeg, Korow-Rooge, Kurman, Kurta, Kurtun, Lamo Warood, Leego, Lug-Habar, Makuudo, Mayafulka, Mooda Mooda, Qansax Dheere, Sarmaan-Dheer, Tugaar-Hoosle, Uffurow, Walaq, War Diinle.

In Galguduud, 100 incidents killing 103 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Balanbale, Balli-Howd, Bangeele, Bar Ujeed, Bulacle, Cabudwaaq, Cada Kibir, Cadaado, Ceel Buur, Ceel Dheer, Ceel-Lahelay, Dhuumoodle, Dhuusamarreeb, Gadoon, Galcad, Galhareeri, Galinsoor, Godinlabe, Guri-Ceel, Ilix, Kooshin, Lebi Duule, Mareer Gur, Miiracad, Mirjicle, Qaayib, Wargalo, Warshubo, Warxoolo, Xananburre, Xananbuuro.

In Gedo, 125 incidents killing 77 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Badiye, Bardera, Bashiir, Belet Xaawo, Bulo Gudud, Buurdhuubo, Buusaar, Ceel Boon, Ceel Cadde, Cows Qurun, Dadabli, Darasalaam, Dhamase, Doolow, Doolow-Luuq, Duqay, El Wak, Faafax Dhuun, Garbahaarey, Garsaale, Geedweyne, Kurteele, Likolay, Luuq, Qalwo, Qasah-Oomane, Shaatilow, Urkut, Uusi Yareey, Wantey.

In Hiiraan, 200 incidents killing 169 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aborey, Af Cad, Bacad, Bacda, Banyaaaley, Belet Weyne, Bilcile, Booco, Bulo Burto, Buqda Caqable, Buundo Weyne, Buur Weyn, Ceel Cali, Ceel Gaal, Ceel-Bacad, Ceel-Dheer, Ceelbaar, Coomaad, El Adde, Farlibaax, Feerfeer, Geedosame, Gumburlaawe, Haad Weyn, Halgan, Hawo Tako, Jalalaqsi, Jawil, Kalabeyr, Luuqjelow, Matabaan, Maxaas, Moqokori, Musse Geel, Nurhawad, Qabno, Qod Qod, Quracle, Quracley, Tarda, Tedan, Yasooman.

In Jubbada Dhexe, 41 incidents killing 111 people were reported. The following

locations were among the affected: Arabow, Buaale, Buur Gaduud, Duqiyo, Jilib, Kuunyo-Barrow, Saakow, Salagle.

In Jubbada Hoose, 283 incidents killing 375 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abdale Birole, Abdi-Dhore, Afmadow, Anole, Araara, Arare, Badhaadhe, Bangeeni, Bar-Sanguun, Beerhani, Bilis Qooqaani, Buulo Gaduud, Buulo Xaaji, Calanley, Canjeel, Dalsan, Dalxiiska, Dhesheeg Waamo, Dhobley, Dif, Fanoole, Farjano, Fuma Village, Gobo Kibir, Haawina, Hosingow, Jamaame, Jana Cabdalle, Kamsuuma, Kismayo, Kobon, Koday, Kolbiyow, Liboi, Qoqani, Ras Kamboni, Shaqalaha, Tabta, Tarri, Wadajir, Yaaq Shiniile, Yoontoy Yarey.

In Mudug, 80 incidents killing 142 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Af Barwaaqo, Baad Weyne, Bacaadweyn, Bacadweyne, Bandiidley, Beyra, Bursaalax, Camaara, Gaalkacyo, Gaalkacyo North, Galdogob, Garsoor, Hobyo, Horumar, Isaac, Laanwaaley, Orshe, Qalanqal, Saxquran, Xarfa.

In Nugaal, 33 incidents killing 13 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Burtinle, Garowe, Laanta Hawada.

In Sanaag, 27 incidents killing 22 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Af-Urur, Badhan, Carmale, Cawsane, Ceel Afweyn, Ceerigaabo, Dararweyne, Fadhi Gaab, Hadaaftimo, Jidbaale, Laas Doomaare, Laasqoray, Sanaag, Xidid.

In Shabeellaha Dhexe, 201 incidents killing 218 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Adan Yabaal, Balad, Balcad, Baraagta, Biyo Cadde, Bur-Dheere, Burane, Buurane, Buurka Ceele, Caamir, Cadale, Cali Fool Dheere, Ceel Baraf, Ceel Geelow, Dhagaxow, Dhongole, Fiidow, Fila-Dheere, Gambole, Garsaalley, Garsaalo, Gaway, Geel Gub, Gololey, Gulane, Hareer Cradle, Jowhar, Mahadaay, Mareerey, Maxaa Deex,

Miir-Taqwo, Miiro, Mukudheere, Mulqeey, Nagey, Qalimow, Qorilow, Raga
Ceel, Run-nirgod, Shaam, Sokolwa, Tawakal, Warshiikh, Xaaji-Cali,
Xaanshooley, Xawaadleey, Yaaqla.

In **Shabeellaha Hoose**, 598 incidents killing 871 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abiikarow, Afgooye, Almada, Awdheegle, Baasra, Bacaw, Balad Amiin, Bali Doogle, Ballo, Balow, Baraawe, Bariirre, Basra, Bulo Fulay, Bulo Hashi, Bulo Mareer, Busley, Buufow Bacaad, Buulallow, Buulo Folyo, Buundo Yarey, Caanoole, Cabdow Dibile, Ceel Salini, Ceel-Jaale, Ceelasha Biyaha, Cumar Beerre, Daarasalaam, Daniga, Danow, Dhanaane, Doon Buraale, Doonka, Embareeso, Garas Barey, Gendershe, Golweyn, Haawaay, Hantiwadaag, Horseed, Janaale, Jazeera, Jilib-Marca, K13, K50, K60, Kaba Hereg, Kabtab Laas, Kurtunwaarey, Laantabuur, Lafoole, Lambar 50, Madax Marodi, Marcadde, Mareerey, Marka, Mashalaay, Mubaarak, Mukaiga, Muuri, Qoryooley, Rusio, Saabid, Sablaale, Shalaambood, Siinka Dheer, Tortoroow, Ugunji, Waberi, Wanla Weyne, Warmahan, Xaawo-Cabdi, Yaaq Biri Weyne.**

In **Sool**, 21 incidents killing 14 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Adhicadeeye, Boame, Caynabo, Laascaanood, Oog, Tuko Raq.**

In **Togdheer**, 17 incidents killing 27 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Balli Dhiig, Burco, Buuhoodle, Ceegaag, Horufadhi.**

In **Woqooyi Galbeed**, 19 incidents killing 9 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Baligubadle, Berbera, Gabiley, Hargeysa, Heedho, Salaxley, Wajaale.**

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Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to

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COMPILED BY ACCORD, 23 MARCH 2021

collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/methodology/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the [ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED"](#). The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

- ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Somalia, year 2020: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 23 March 2021