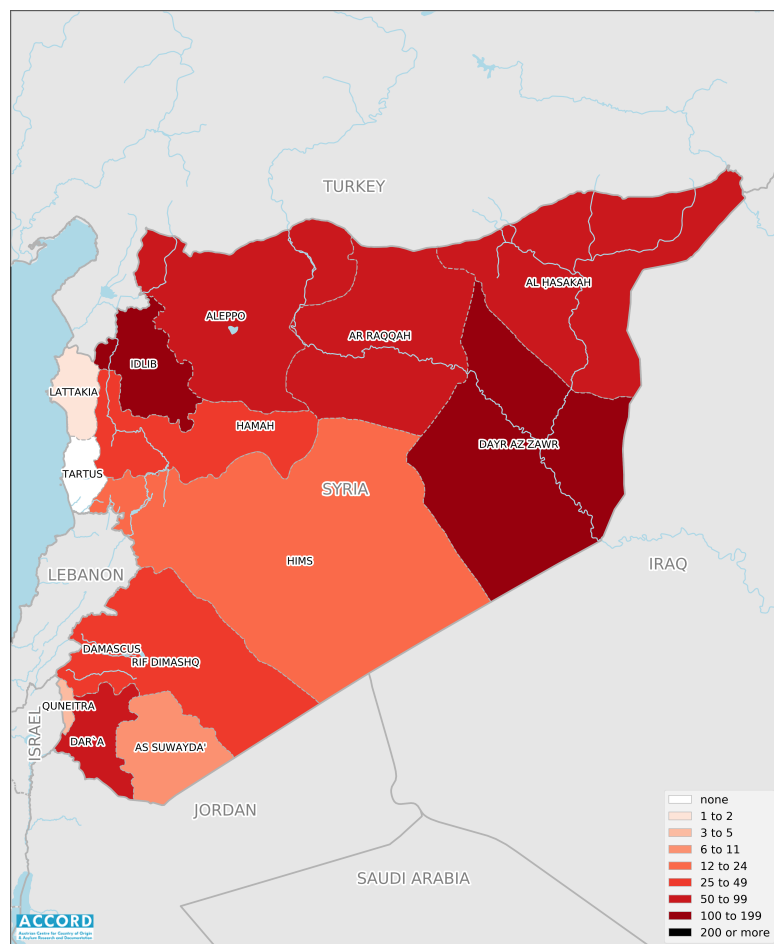


SYRIA, THIRD QUARTER 2020:

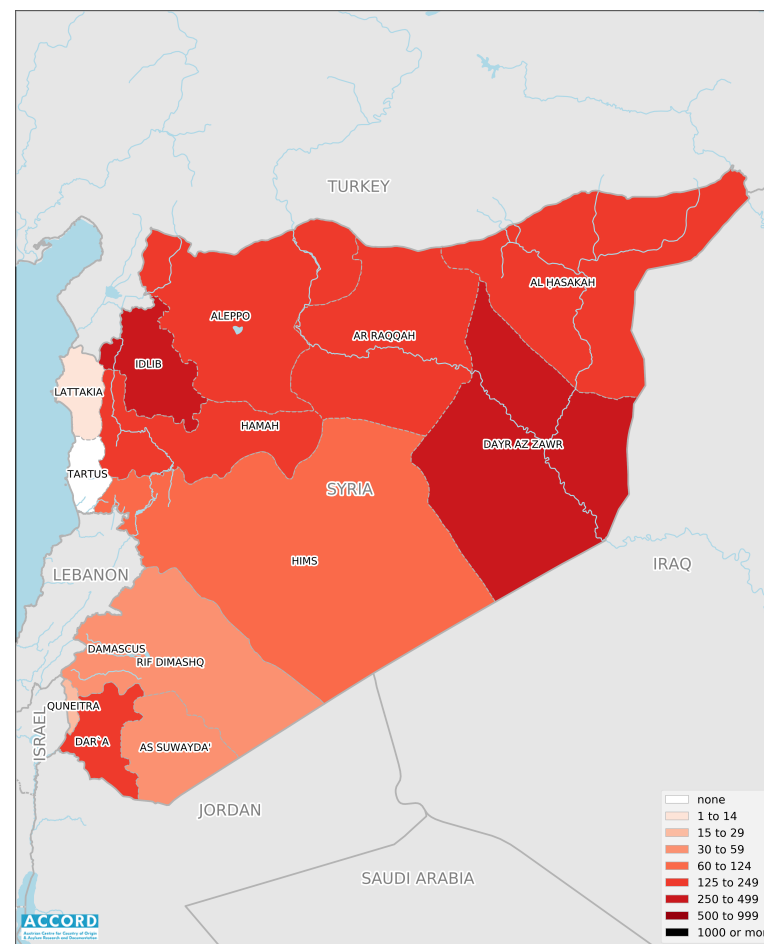
Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 25 March 2021

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality



Number of reported fatalities



National borders: [GADM, 6 May 2018a](#); administrative divisions: [GADM, 6 May 2018b](#); incident data: [ACLED, 12 March 2021](#); coastlines and inland waters: [Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015](#)

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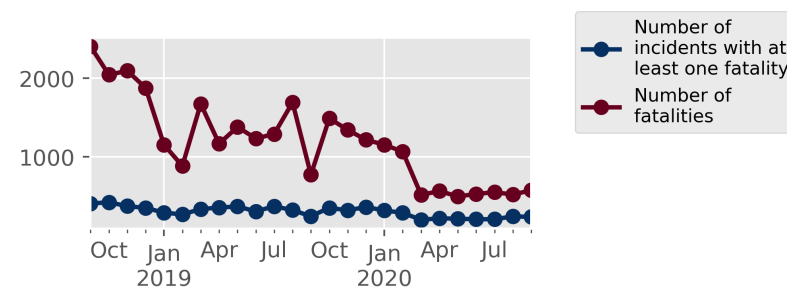
Number of reported fatalities	1
Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality	1
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Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Explosions / Remote violence	1439	241	633
Battles	543	232	747
Violence against civilians	400	209	262
Strategic developments	394	0	0
Protests	107	0	0
Riots	12	1	2
Total	2895	683	1644

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 12 March 2021).

Development of conflict incidents from September 2018 to September 2020



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 12 March 2021).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Syria being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("10" for plural fatalities, "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Please see ACLED's additional methodological paper for Syria: [ACLED, 16 April 2019](https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2019/04/ACLED_Codebook_2019FINAL_pbl.pdf)

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and

GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occurred, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, headquarters or bases established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook (2019), 10 April 2019a https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2017/10/ACLED_Codebook_2019FINAL_pbl.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019b https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2019/04/General-User-Guide_FINAL.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, 27 January 2020 <https://www.acleddata.com/download/17979/>

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Al Hasakah	429	97	208
Aleppo	380	85	188
Ar Raqqa	237	81	164
As Suwayda'	13	6	30
Damascus	14	9	13
Dar'a	188	75	130
Dayr Az Zawr	308	123	279
Hamah	171	35	164
Hims	40	17	103
Idlib	993	116	298
Lattakia	50	2	2
Quneitra	15	5	18
Rif Dimashq	57	32	47

Localization of conflict incidents

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Al Hasakah**, 429 incidents killing 208 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abdan, Abu Rasin, Abu Thweil, Al Adwaniyah, Al Asadiyah, Al Assadiyah, Al Fakka, Al Taif, Al Ushaytah, Al-Arbain, Al-Dahma, Al-Hasakeh, Al-Hasakeh - Al-Aziziyeh, Al-Hasakeh - Ghoweran, Al-Hasakeh - Msheirfeh, Al-Hasakeh - Tal Hajar, Al-Maabdaa, Al-Malikeyyeh, Al-Sa'da, Ali Agha, Amuda, Aniq El Hawa, Aradah, Areesheh, Areshet Ras El Ein, Arisha Camp, Aziziyeh, Bab al Kheir, Big Damkhiyeh, Busays, Daoudiyeh, Darbasiyah, Dardara, Dashishah, Dwerah, Eastern Elweh, Fakkeh, Hdadiyeh, Hliwah, Hole, Hole Camp, Jabal Abdulaziz, Kabibah Oil Field, Kalhi, Kani Kirk, Kherbet Jamu, Khrbit Al-Banat, Leylan, Mabrouka Camp, Madhba'a, Mahmudiyeh, Markada, Mashrafah, Masjid, Mjeibreh, Muraykiz, Nadas, Qabr Al Kabir, Qahtaniyyah, Qasemiyeh, Qasruk, Qotniyeh, Quamishli, Quamishli Airbase, Ras Al Ain, Ras al-Ain, Rihaniya, Rmelan, Salehiyeh, Salhiyeh, Semalka Border Crossing, Shadadah, Tal Baydar, Tal Baydar Haskeh, Tal Brak, Tal Farfara, Tal Hmis, Tal Khanzir, Tal Mohammad, Tal Shayr, Tal Tamer, Tall Al Dahab, Tall Baram, Tall Diyab, Tawileh, Tell Halaf, Tuwaymin, Um Harmala, Umm Al-Kayf, Umm Ashba, Western Alouk, Western Tall Sattih, Ya'robiyah.

In **Aleppo**, 380 incidents killing 188 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: A'rima, Abla, Abu Hamad, Abu Qalqal, Abzemo, Afrin, Aghtrin, Ahras, Ain al Arab, Al Bab, Al Habata, Al Qurt, Al Salameh, Al-Alqamiyyeh, Al-Eis, Al-Klariyah, Al-Malikeyyeh, Al-Rahal Association, Al-Rashdeen, Al-Salihiyyah, Al-Yalni, Aleppo, Aleppo - Halab Al-Jadida, Amarnah, Andarin, Ar-Ra'ee, Arab Hassan Kabeer, Arab Shekho, Atareb, Azaz, Azraq, Bala, Barna, Barqum, Barratah, Bastron, Basufan, Basuta, Baza'a, Big Fikha, Bulbul, Burj Haydar, Buwaybiyah, Dadat, Daghelbash, Dandaniya, Daret Azza, Ein Daqneh, Farat, Fayraziyah, Ghandorah, Ghazawiyah, Haj Qassem, Hamran, Harbal, Haritan, Hayamli, Haykajah, Hazwan, ICARDA Research Facility, Ihtaymilat, Jandairis, Jarablus, Julqan, Kafr Aleppo, Kafr Amma, Kafr Ghan, Kafr Hamra, Kafr Janna, Kafr Kalbein, Kafr Khasher, Kafr Naha, Kafr Naseh Elatareb, Kafr Noran, Kafr Taal,

Kafrnaya, Kaljibrin, Kassibeh, Khalsa, Khan Al-Asal, Khan Tuman, Khanaser, Kirzele, Kurke Al-Fawkaniyah, Kusniya, Ma'btali, Makbas, Mansoura, Maraanaz, Maratet Um Hosh, Mare', Maryuda, Maskana, Menagh, Menagh - Military Airport, Menbij, Miznaz, Mreimin Afrin, Muhsinli, Nabul, Qabasin, Qamari, Qanater, Qastal Khadiriya, Qebtan al Jabal, Qirata, Qude, Qushla, Raju, Rasm Al Sahreej, Rasm Eliss, Regiment 46 - Military Base, Rif al-Mohandessin al-Awal, Sad Al-Shahba, Sad Tishreen, Sarin, Semalka, Shadir, Shamarekh, Shamarin, Sharan, Shawarighat al Arz, Sheikh Ali, Sheikh Helal, Sheikh Isa, Sheikh al-Hadid, Shekhotka, Shughaydilah, Shuyukh, Sinnara, Sorhane, Sosyan, Sukkariyah Saghira, Tadil, Tal Bajer, Tal Elhawa, Tal Heddiyah, Tal Madeeq, Tall Qarah, Tall Refaat, Tall Sussin, Taqad, Tel Battal, Tokhar, Um Adase, Um Atba, Urum al-Kubra, Urum al-Sughra, Yalishli, Zahraa, Zarbah, Zeitan, Zmar, Zur Maghar.

In Ar Raqqa, 237 incidents killing 164 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: 93rd Brigade Army Base, Abbara, Abdi Koy, Abu Serra, Abu Shamat, Al Tabqa, Al-Asadiyah, Al-Hawara, Al-Khaldiyah, Al-Khalidiyah, Al-Rasafah, Al-Tabaqa - Wahdah, Ali Bajliyah, Ar-Raqqa, Ar-Raqqa - Al-Batani, Ar-Raqqa - Al-Dar'eiyah, Ar-Raqqa - Al-Rasheed, Ar-Raqqa - Amin, Ar-Raqqa - Hutteen, Arbed, Artawaziya, Badi, Baroudeh, Bir Rahum, Debsi Afnan, Division 17, Ein Al-Arus, Ein Issa, Fatsa, Hammam al Turkman, Hoshan, Hunaida, Hweijet Shnan, Ibrahim Kurdi, Jeidine, Jurneyyeh, Kalta, Karama, Kasrat Affan, Kasrat Faraj, Khafat Salem, Khirbat Al-Baqr, Kobarlik, Kor Hassan, Kuramaza, Maadan, Mansura, Marj Abu Shareb, Mazra'at Tishrin, Qantari, Qazali, Sabka, Safyan, Sakoura, Saronj, Sharkrak, Suluk, Tabqa Airbase, Tal Samn, Tell Abiad, Western Jaabar, Yamama.

In As Suwayda', 13 incidents killing 30 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: As-Sweida, Jbib, Juneineh, Mjeimer, Najran, Qarayya, Salakhed, Shahba.

In Damascus, 14 incidents killing 13 people were reported. The following

locations were among the affected: Damascus, Damascus - Al-Salihiyah, Damascus - Dummar, Damascus - Mazzeh.

In Dar'a, 188 incidents killing 130 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: 52nd Armored Brigade, Al-Na'ema, Al-Qusayr, Al-Sourah, Alyeh, Aqraba, As-Sanamayn, Asem, Ash-Shajara, Bistr Elharir, Busra Esh-Sham, Da'el, Dar'a, Dar'a - Al-Sad, Dar'a - Shuhada, Eastern Ghariyeh, Eib, Ghasm, Hit, Hrak, Izra', Jasim, Jbab, Jizeh, Jlein, Kafr Nassij, Karak, Mahjeh, Mseifra, Mzeireb, Namar, Nawa, Qarfa, Rakhim, Sahm El Golan, Sahwa, Sayda, Shaara, Sheikh Miskine, Sheikh Saed, Tafas, Tal Shihab, Tall Al Samn, Tall al Jabiyah, Tassil, Um Elmayathen, Um Walad, Yadudeh, Zayzun.

In Dayr Az Zawr, 308 incidents killing 279 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abbas, Abu Hamam, Abu Khashab, Al Jafra - Oil field, Al Jamah, Al Mayadin, Al Mayadin - City Bridge, Al Sabkha, Al Shu'aytat, Al Sikhah, Al-Asbah farms, Al-Bahra, Al-Bukamal, Al-Bukamal Border Crossing, Al-Hawayij, Al-Heri, Al-Hussainiyah, Al-Kubar, Al-Sayyal, Al-Zabari, As Sukkariyah, Ash Shula, Ashara, Baghuz, Basira, Bishri Mountain - Deir-ez-Zor, Breiha, Dahleh, Daman, Darnaj, Deir-ez-Zor, Deir-ez-Zor - Al-Arfi, Deir-ez-Zor - Al-Joura-Al-Thawra, Deir-ez-Zor - Hamidiya, Deir-ez-Zor - Military Airport, Dweir, Eastern Jurdi, Faydat Bin Muwaynah, Ghabra, Gharibah, Hajin, Harbisha, Jadid Bakkara, Jalaa, Jazaret Elbuhmeid, Jazaret Milaj, Jdid Ekeidat, Kaba Jeb, Kasra, Kassar, Kharita, Kishkiyeh, Koniko Gas Field, Maadan 'Atiq, Mahkan, Mashekh, Masrab, Mhemideh, Moezleh, Muhasan, Omar - Oil Fields, Quriyeh, Ruwayshid, Saalu, Sawa, Shafa, Shaqra, Shiheil, Shmeitiyeh, Sosa, Sur, Sweidan Jazira, Tabni, Takihi, Tal Al Hajif, Tayyana, Thiban, Tuwamiyeh, Upper Baqras, Western Jurdi, Zir.

In Hamah, 171 incidents killing 164 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Fayyad Dam, Al Ghab Plain, Al

Uraymah, Al-Hamidiah, Al-Mashiak, Al-Qahera, Al-Sirmaniyah, Ankawi, Aqrab, As-Salamiyeh, As-Suqaylabiyah, Aslieh, Bahsa, Burayghith, Dayr Sunbul, Doqmaq, Dweir Elakrad, Fawru, Hawash, Huweiz, Hweijeh, Ithariyah, Jabal Shashabo, Jabl Al-Fasidah, Jeb al Ahmar, Jurin, Karnaz, Khafiyeh, Khattab, Kherbet Elnaqus, Lower Amiqa, Maarkaba, Mansura, Murak, Oqeirbat, Qalat Mirza, Qasr Al Mukharram, Qastun, Qulaydin, Ruwaida, Shahrana, Shakkushiyah, Tal Wassit, Tanjarah, Zakoom, Zayzun, Ziyara.

In Hims, 40 incidents killing 103 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Dahabiyah, Al-Hail - Oil Field, Al-Houla, Al-Wa'er Valley, Hamimat, Hashemiye, Homs, Kafr Laha, Masudiyyeh, Rasm Eltawil, Sakra, Sokhneh, Tadmor, Tal Dahab, Talbiseh, Wadi Dabiyat.

In Idlib, 993 incidents killing 298 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abdeta, Abu Kansah, Afes, Al Alani, Al Burayj, Al Burnas, Al Hallubah, Al Hanboushiyeh, Al Serj, Al-Dana, Al-Z'einiyeh, Ariha, Armanaz, Arnaba, Arshani, Atmah, Bab El Hawa, Babilla, Babisqa, Badama, Balyun, Banin, Bara, Baragethi, Barsa, Barzeh Fawqani, Batenta, Bennsh, Bsanqul, Bsaqla, Bsida, Dadikh, Dana, Dar Al-Kabira, Deir Sharqi, Deir Sunbul, Delim, Dhahabiyah, Dorriyeh, Ehsem, Ein Laruz, Eshtabraq, Ferwan, Fleifel, Foah, Frikeh, Ftireh, Ghadqa, Ghassaniyeh, Haimaymat, Hamdieh, Hammam al Sheikh Isa, Hantutin, Haranbush, Harim, Has, Hazano, Hazarin, Hersh Banin, Idleb, Idleb - Al Janoubi, Idleb - Al-Sharqui, Jabal Arba'in, Jabal al-Zawiya, Janat al Qura, Jarada, Jarjnaz, Jeb Kas, Jisr-Ash-Shugur, Jobas, Kadoura, Kafr Battikh, Kafr Din, Kafr Jales, Kafr Lusin, Kafr Nobol, Kafr Oweid, Kafr Takharim, Kafraya, Kafrsajna, Kafruma, Kaftin, Kansafra, Kawkabah, Kelly, Ketyan, Khan Shaykun, Khan al-Sabeel, Kherbet Eljoz, Kinda, Ma'arrat An Nu'man, Ma'arrat Mukhus, Ma'arrat Tamasrin, Ma'arrat al Ikhwani, Maar Dibsi, Maar Hattat, Maar Shamarin, Maar Shamsheh, Maar Shurin, Maarat Sin, Maarbali, Maaret Al Naasan, Maaret Alia, Maarzaf, Maasaran, Maghareh Merza, Majdaliya, Mantaf, Maraand, Marj Elzohur, Mastomeh - Military Camp, Mastumeh, Mejazir, Milaja, Moqa, Mozra,

Mseibin, Najiyeh, Nayrab, Orm Eljoz, Qminas, Qoqfin, Ram Hamdan, Ruwaiha, Sallah Al Zuhur, Salqin, Samkeh, San, Saraqab, Sarja, Sarmada, Sarman, Sarmin, Sergilla, Sfuhen, Shallakh, Sheikh Ahmad, Sheikh Bahr, Shinan, Sijer - Bqesemto, Tah, Tal 'Adah, Tal Tuqan, Talhiyeh, Tall al-Shaykh, Teftnaz, Teftnaz - Military Air Base, Telamnas, Termanin, Tuffahiyeh, Turnabah, Um Jalal, Wiramba, Zardana Mashehad, Ziyadah Qibliyyah.

In Latakia, 50 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aka, Ein Elhur, Ein Issa, Haddada, Jabal al-Akrad, Jabal al-Turkman, Kabani, Kansaba, Kellez, Khadraa, Latakia, Sallur, Shalaf, Tall Rasha, Tardeen, Zaytunah.

In Quneitra, 15 incidents killing 18 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Qahtaniyah, Baath, Hadar, Jaba, Katzrin, Majdal Shams, Momtaneh, Quneitra, Um Batna, Zubaydah.

In Rif Dimashq, 57 incidents killing 47 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Arbin, Bait Jan, Betima, Damascus - International Airport, Dhameer, Duma, Ein Terma, Felita, Jaramana, Jirud, Jroud Al-Qalamoon, Kanaker, Kisweh, Qalamoun, Rukban, Sa'sa', Saqba, Sarghaya, Sidnaya Military Prison, Tanf, Tiba, Wadi Barada, Zakiyeh, Zalaf.

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Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs

close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/methodology/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the [ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED"](#). The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

- ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Syria, third quarter 2020: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 5 May 2021