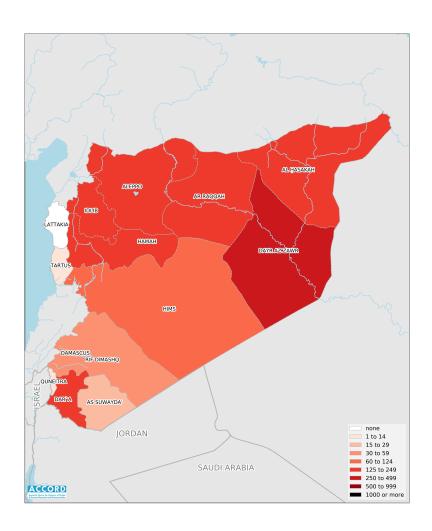
SYRIA, SECOND QUARTER 2020: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality

ALHASAKAH ALEPPO AR RAQQAH DAYRAZZAW 1 to 2 3 to 5 6 to 11 12 to 24 SAUDI ARABIA 25 to 49 50 to 99 ACCORD 100 to 199 200 or more

Number of reported fatalities



National borders: GADM, November 2015a; administrative divisions: GADM, November 2015b; incident data: ACLED, 3 October 2020; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

Contents

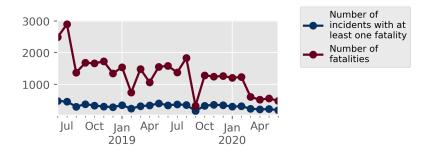
Number of reported fatalities	1
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Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Explosions / Remote violence	1051	193	496
Strategic developments	439	1	1
Battles	415	203	760
Violence against civilians	326	223	283
Protests	131	2	4
Riots	20	2	11
Total	2382	624	1555

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 3 October 2020).

Development of conflict incidents from June 2018 to June 2020



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 3 October 2020).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Syria being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("10" for plural fatalities, "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Please see ACLED's additional methodological paper for Syria: ACLED, 16 April 2019

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and

GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, headquarters or bases established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook (2019), 10 April 2019 https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2017/10/ ACLED_Codebook_2019FINAL_pbl.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019 https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2019/04/ General-User-Guide FINAL.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, 27 January 2020 https://www.acleddata.com/download/17979/

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Al Hasakah	400	66	176
Aleppo	378	85	185
Ar Raqqah	217	72	194
As Suwayda′	32	11	17
Damascus	7	5	5
Dar'a	206	104	170
Dayr Az Zawr	229	116	255
Hamah	121	30	200
Hims	16	11	96
Idlib	697	85	196
Lattakia	20	0	0
Quneitra	6	2	3
Rif Dimashq	51	36	57
Tartus	2	1	1

Localization of conflict incidents

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unkown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names

are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In Al Hasakah, 400 incidents killing 176 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abdel Salam, Abu Fas, Abu Hamdah, Abu Rasin, Al Asadiyah, Al-Ahras, Al-Hasakeh, Al-Hasakeh - Ghoweran, Al-Maabdaa, Al-Malikeyyeh, Al-Shamsani, Alia, Aluk Sharkiya, Amiriyeh, Amuda, Anig El Hawa, Areesheh, Arshet Ras El Ein, Atamiye, Atiya, Aziziyeh, Bab al Faraj, Bab al Kheir, Bir Kanis, Daoudiyeh, Darbasiyah, Dardara, Dashishah, Dwerah, Fadghami, Fakkeh, Faysaliyya, Hole, Hole Camp, Jan Tamr, Kabibah Oil Field, Kherbet Al Sha'er, Kozliyeh, Leylan, Mabrouka Camp, Madhba'a, Mahmudiyeh, Manajir, Markada, Msheirfeh Remo, Muraykiz, Nadas, Qabr Al Kabir, Qahtaniyyah, Qasemiyeh, Qasr Eldib, Qasruk, Quamishli, Quamishli Airbase, Ras Al Ain, Rashidiyeh, Rihaniya, Rmelan, Rubay'at, Salhiyeh, Sekar, Semalka Border Crossing, Shadadah, Shakariyah, Tal Baydar, Tal Farfara, Tal Hmis, Tal Mohammad, Tal Tamer, Tall Kubaybah, Tall Tawil, Tall Ward Sharqi, Tawileh, Tell Halaf, Tuwaymin, Um Hajar, Um Harmala, Umm Al-Kayf, Umm Al-Khair, Umm Ashba, Umm al Asafir, Western Alouk.

In Aleppo, 378 incidents killing 185 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abad, Abzemo, Afrin, Aghtrin, Ahras, Ain Al Arab, Ain al Arab, Al Bab, Al Safira Military Base and Defence Factories, Al Salameh, Al-Alqamiyyeh, Al-Baylonah, Al-Malikeyyeh, Al-Rashdeen, Aleppo, Aleppo - Al-Kawakbi, Aleppo - Ramousa, Aleppo - Sheikh Maqsoud, Aqibah, Ar-Ra'ee, Arab Hassan Kabeer, Atareb, Azaz, Bab Al Salameh, Barad, Basufan, Basuta, Bene, Big Amya, Big Sukariyeh, Dadat, Daghelbash, Daret Azza, Deir Ballut, Deir Jamal, Ein Daqneh, Fayraziyah, Ghandorah, Ghazawiyah, Halisa, Halnaj, Harbal, Haykajah, Hazwan, Hsajek, Jandairis, Jarablus, Julqan, Kafr Aleppo, Kafr Amma, Kafr Antoun, Kafr Dael, Kafr Ghan, Kafr Kalbein, Kafr Khasher, Kafr Naseh Elatareb, Kafr Noran, Kafr Taal, Kafrnaya, Kaljibrin, Kashtaar, Khalsa, Kreidiyeh, Lower Shyookh, Ma'btali, Maarrata, Maraanaz, Maratet Um Hosh, Mare', Maydankay Dam,

Menagh, Menagh - Military Airport, Menbij, Miznaz, Nimane, Nisriyeh, Oqayba, Qabasin, Qatma, Raju, Rashadiyah, Regiment 46 - Military Base, Sad Al-Shahba, Sahara, Samouqa, Sayada, Shamarin, Sharan, Shawarighat al Arz, Sheikh Helal, Sheikh Isa, Sheikh al-Hadid, Sorhane, Sosyan, Sukkariyah Saghira, Tadaf, Tal Jijin, Tal Madeeq, Tall Qarah, Tall Refaat, Tall Sussin, Tanab, Taqad, Tatemrash, Tel Battal, Tokhar, Turandah, Tweis, Um Adase, Um Jlud, Urum al-Kubra, Yalishli, Zeitan, Ziyara Afrin.

In Ar Raqqah, 217 incidents killing 194 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: 93rd Brigade Army Base, Abdi Koy, Akeirshi, Al Hishah, Al Tabqa, Al-Hurriyeh, Al-Khaldiyah, Al-Rasafah, Al-Tabaqa - Wahdah, Ar-Raqqa, Ar-Raqqa - Al-Dar'eiyah, Ar-Raqqa - Amin, Ar-Raqqa - Tas-Heeh, Ar-Raqqa - Tishrine, Ar-Raqqa - Wihdeh, Arbed, Arida Abu Jarada, Ath-Thawrah Oil Fields, Ayed, Badi, Debsi Afnan, Division 17, Ein Al-Arus, Ein Issa, Fatsa, Ghanim al-Ali, Hadl, Hammam al Turkman, Hoshan, Hweijet al Abd, Jurneyyeh, Karama, Katuniyeh, Kdeiran, Khayala, Khirbat Al-Baqr, Kor Hassan, Maadan, Mansura, Moezleh, Qahtaniyyeh, Qazali, Raeqqet Samra, Sabka, Safyan, Sahl, Saida, Sharkrak, Suluk, Tabqa Airbase, Tal Samn, Tell Abiad, Western Salhabiyeh, Yabseh, Zannubah, Zunnar, Zur Shummar.

In As Suwayda', 32 incidents killing 17 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al-Thaala, Ara, Ariqa, As-Sweida, Dor, Mazra'a, Salakhed, Shahba, Taara, Tall Sahn.

In **Damascus**, **7** incidents killing **5** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Damascus**, **Damascus** - **Qaboun**.

In Dar'a, 206 incidents killing 170 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: 38th Bridage, 52nd Armored Brigade, Abtaa, Al-Sourah, Ankhel, Aqraba, As-Sanamayn, Ash-Shajara, Atman, Bisr Elharir, Busra Esh-Sham, Da'el, Dar'a, Dar'a - Al-Abbasiah, Dar'a - Al-Sad, Dar'a -

Arbaine, Dar'a - Oumawiyeen, Dar'a - Shuhada, Eastern Ghariyeh, Eastern Maliha, Ein Thakar, Hit, Hrak, Izra', Jasim, Jbab, Jizeh, Jlein, Kafr Nassij, Kafr Shams, Kahil, Karak, Khirbet Qias, Maaraba, Maariya, Mahjeh, Mseifra, Mzeireb, Nafeaa, Nahta, Namar, Nasib, Nasib Border Crossing, Nawa, Sahm El Golan, Sahwa, Sayda, Sheikh Miskine, Sheikh Saed, Tafas, Tal Shihab, Tassil, Tiba, Um Elmayathen, Um Walad, Western Ghariyeh, Western Maliha, Yadudeh, Yarmouk Basin, Zamrin.

In Dayr Az Zawr, 229 incidents killing 255 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abbas, Abu Hamam, Abu Khashab, Abul Nitel, Al Jamah, Al Mayadin, Al Sabkhah, Al Shanan, Al-Asbah farms, Al-Bukamal, Al-Hawayij, Al-Jurdi al-Gharbi, Al-Sayyal, Al-Shahabat, Albu Badran, Ali, Ash Shula, Azraq oil field, Baghuz, Basira, Bishri Mountain - Deir-ez-Zor, Daman, Darnaj, Deir-ez-Zor, Deir-ez-Zor - Al-Joura-Al-Thawra, Deir-ez-Zor - Hatla, Elhisan, Gharanij, Gharibah, Hajin, Hamdan Military Air Base, Jadid Bakkara, Jalaa, Jazaret Elbuhmeid, Jurdi al-Sharqi, Kaba Jeb, Kasra, Khasham, Koniko Gas Field, Lower Baqras, Maadan 'Atiq, Mashekh, Mathlum, Mhemideh, Moezleh, Muaayzilah, Namliyah, Omar - Oil Fields, Qetet Elbuleil, Quriyeh, Ruwayshid, Sbeikhan, Shafa, Shiheil, Sosa, Sur, Sweidan Jazira, Sweiyeh, Tabni, Takihi, Tayyana, Thiban, Tiba, Zir.

In Hamah, 121 incidents killing 200 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Ghab Plain, Al Hamra, Al-Latamna, Al-Qahera, Al-Sirmaniyah, Ankawi, Aqareb al-Safi, As-Saan, As-Salamiyeh, Atshan, Doqmaq, Dweir Elakrad, Hama, Hama - Airbase, Hamamiyat, Ithariyah, Jabal Abu Darda, Jabal Shashabo, Jana al-Elbawi, Jurin, Kafr Nabutha, Kafr Zeita, Karnaz, Kherbet Elnaqus, Latmin, Maan, Maghir, Masyaf Defence Factories, Murak, Oqeirbat, Qamhana, Qarqur, Qastun, Qulaydin, Rahjan, Rasm al-Abd, Ruwaida, Saboura, Sheikh Hilal, Suran, Tal Wassit, Tanjarah, Tehmaz, Zakoom, Zalaqit, Ziyara.

In Hims, 16 incidents killing 96 people were reported. The following locations

were among the affected: ARK Oilfield, Al-Wa'er Valley, Homs, Humaymeh, Sokhneh, Tadmor, Third Station.

In Idlib, 697 incidents killing 196 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Afes, Al Burnas, Al Hallubah, Al Salihiyah, Al-Dana, Al-Z'einiyeh, Ariha, Armanaz, Arnaba, Arshani, Atmah, Bab El Hawa, Babilla, Badama, Balyun, Banin, Bara, Bennsh, Bsames, Bsangul, Dadikh, Dar Al-Kabira, Deir Hassan, Deir Sunbul, Ein Laruz, Fleifel, Foah, Frikeh, Ftireh, Ghadga, Ghassaniyeh, Hantutin, Haranbush, Harim, Harsh Basangul, Hazano, Hazarin, Hersh Banin, Idleb, Isqat, Jabal Arba'in, Jabal al-Zawiya, Janat al Qura, Janudiyeh, Jarada, Jisr-Ash-Shugur, Joseph, Kafr Battikh, Kafr Lusin, Kafr Musa, Kafr Nobol, Kafr Oweid, Kafr Takharim, Kafraya, Kansafra, Kastan al Tahtani, Kelly, Khan Shaykun, Khan al-Sabeel, Kherbet Eljoz, Kinda, Korin, Lajj, Ma'aratah, Ma'arrat An Nu'man, Ma'arrat Mukhus, Ma'arrat Tamasrin, Maar Shamarin, Maar Shurin, Maarbalit, Maaret Al Naasan, Maaret Alia, Maasaran, Magharet Merza, Majdaliya, Mantaf, Maraand, Marata, Marayan, Mastumeh, Mejazir, Mhambal, Milis, Mozra, Nayrab, Qoqfin, Qunaya, Ruwaiha, Salhiyeh, Salqin, San, Saraqab, Sarja, Sarmada, Sarmin, Sergilla, Sfuhen, Shinan, Tal 'Adah, Talhiyeh, Tall Al Nar, Tall Al Nimr, Tall al Nabi Ayoub, Tamanaah, Teftnaz, Telamnas, Tuffahiyeh, Turnabah, Yakoubia, Zardana Mashehad.

In Lattakia, 20 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ein Issa, Haddada, Hmeimim Air Base, Jabal al-Turkman, Kabani, Tardeen.

In Quneitra, 6 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ghadir al Bostan, Hadar, Majdal Shams, Nasiriyah, Tall al Ahmar al Gharbi.

In **Rif Dimashq**, **51** incidents killing **57** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Al Qutayfah**, **Bait Jan**, **Dhameer**, **Duma**, **Ein**

Terma, Harasta, Jaramana, Jdidet Yabus, Kafr Batna, Kisweh, Marj Sultan, Rukban, Sidnaya Military Prison, Tanf, Wadi Barada, Zakiyeh, Zamalka.

In **Tartus**, **2** incidents killing **1** person were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Tartous**.

Sources

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Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs

close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/methodology/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Syria, second quarter 2020: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 28 October 2020