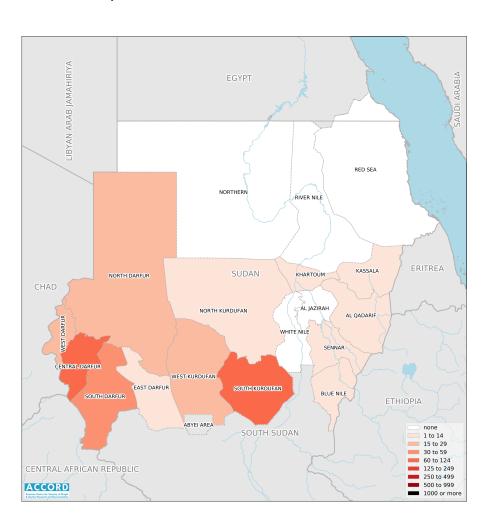
Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality

RED SEA NORTHERN RIVER NILE ERITREA KASSALA SUDAN AL JAZIRAH WHITE NILE SENNAR CENTRAL DARFUR EAST DARFUR BLUE NILE ETHIOPIA ABYEI AREA none 1 to 2 3 to 5 6 to 11 12 to 24 CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC 25 to 49 50 to 99 100 to 199 ACCORD 200 or more

Number of reported fatalities



National borders: GADM, November 2015a; administrative divisions: GADM, November 2015b; Abyei Area: SS-NBS, 1 December 2008; South Sudan/Sudan border status, Hala'ib triangle and Bir Tawil: UN Cartographic Section, March 2012; incident data: ACLED, 3 October 2020; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

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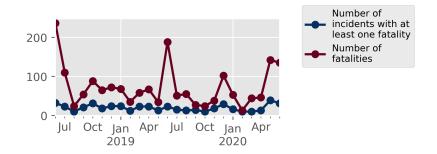
| Number of reported fatalities | 1 |
|---|---|
| Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality | 1 |
| Conflict incidents by category | 2 |
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Conflict incidents by category

| Category | Number of incidents | Number of incidents with at least one fatality | Number of fatalities |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--|----------------------|
| Protests | 85 | 1 | 2 |
| Violence against civilians | 70 | 38 | 100 |
| Battles | 46 | 39 | 215 |
| Riots | 28 | 4 | 4 |
| Strategic developments | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Explosions / Remote violence | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Total | 234 | 83 | 323 |

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 3 October 2020).

Development of conflict incidents from June 2018 to June 2020



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 3 October 2020).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Sudan being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("10" for plural fatalities, "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Note: Data on incidents in the Abyei area are not included in this overview.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in

this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, headquarters or bases established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook (2019), 10 April 2019a https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2017/10/ ACLED_Codebook_2019FINAL_pbl.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019b https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2019/04/ General-User-Guide_FINAL.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, 27 January 2020 https://www.acleddata.com/download/17979/

Conflict incidents per province

| Province | Number of incidents | Number of incidents with fatalities | Number of fatalities |
|----------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Al Jazirah | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Al Qadarif | 11 | 5 | 8 |
| Blue Nile | 5 | 1 | 2 |
| Central Darfur | 36 | 15 | 90 |
| East Darfur | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| Kassala | 12 | 4 | 12 |
| Khartoum | 42 | 3 | 8 |
| North Darfur | 21 | 9 | 15 |
| North Kurdufan | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Northern | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Red Sea | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| River Nile | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Sennar | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| South Darfur | 20 | 12 | 53 |
| South Kurdufan | 25 | 20 | 78 |
| West Darfur | 15 | 5 | 21 |
| West Kurdufan | 12 | 6 | 29 |
| White Nile | 2 | 0 | 0 |

Localization of conflict incidents

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event

type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unkown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Al Jazirah**, **6** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Mahareiba**, **Wad Medani**.

In Al Qadarif, 11 incidents killing 8 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ad Dahhab, Es Sihai, Gedaref, Mashra Al Hamra', Taya, Wad Faiya.

In Blue Nile, 5 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abus, Ed Damazin, El Roseires.

In Central Darfur, 36 incidents killing 90 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abata, Abu Jaradel, Bilgyoumeil, Daya, Dursa, Golo, Guldo, Hamidiya IDP Camp, Kammbuna, Khor Ramla, Kutrum, Miri, Mukjar, Nertiti, Rokoro, Ronga Tas IDP Camp, Shawa, Turr, UNAMID base Nertiti, Zalingei.

In **East Darfur**, **4** incidents killing **3** people were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Ed Daein**.

In **Kassala**, 12 incidents killing 12 people were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Kassala**.

In Khartoum, 42 incidents killing 8 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: El Elafon, Hajj Yusuf, Hillat Wad Hesona, Jabal Aulia, Khartoum, Khartoum North, Omdurman, Salah, Soba East, Soba West.

In North Darfur, 21 incidents killing 15 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Shouk IDP Camp, Birkat Seira, Dobo Umda, El Fasher, Goz Beina, Jebel Amer, Katur, Kebkabiya, Korru, Martial, Saraf Omra, Shangil Tobay, Shoba, Sortony, Zamzam.

In North Kurdufan, 3 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: El Obeid, Maliha.

In **Northern**, **2** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Delgo**, **Dongola**.

In Red Sea, 10 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Port Sudan, Sinkat, Suakin.

In **River Nile**, 5 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Atbara**, **Shendi**.

In Sennar, 3 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Hujar, Sennar, Singa.

In South Darfur, 20 incidents killing 53 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Jabra, Belle el-Sereif, Bielel, Dimsu, Donkey Dereis, Gereida, Kalma, Kass, Katayla, Manasis, Nyala, Otash, Singita, Toga, Tullus.

In South Kurdufan, 25 incidents killing 78 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Jubaiha, Abu Kershola, Albardab, Alsharak, Damik, Dilling, El Fayd, Kadugli, Kalogi, Kortala, Kujuria, Tegmala, Umm Barambita.

In West Darfur, 15 incidents killing 21 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Rumayl, Ardamata IDP Camp, Bir

Seleiba, El Geneina, Gergi Gergi, Kahir Wajid, Kango Haraza, Murnei, Sirba, Tirti (North West), Ushara.

In West Kurdufan, 12 incidents killing 29 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Tareen, An Nahud, Babanussa, El Fugara, El Fula, El Meiram, Lagawa, Meiram, Muglad.

In White Nile, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was among the affected: Kosti.

Sources

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Africa (3 October 2020), 3 October 2020
 https://www.acleddata.com/download/2909/
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- SSNBS South Sudan National Bureau of Statistics: Counties including disputed Abyei region, 1 December 2008
 https://www.humanitarianresponse.info/sites/www.humanitarianresponse.info/files/datasets/SS_admbnda_adm2_200k_ssnbs_2013_0.zip
- UN Cartographic Section: Sudan, March 2012 http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/4232_1407158723_sudan.pdf

Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/methodology/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Sudan, second quarter 2020: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 30 October 2020