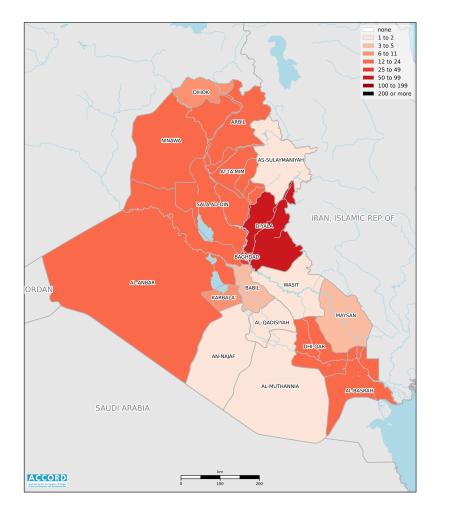
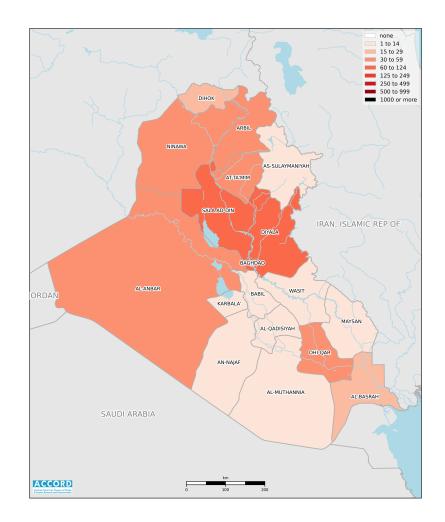
IRAQ, FIRST QUARTER 2020:

Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality



Number of reported fatalities



National borders: GADM, November 2015a; administrative divisions: GADM, November 2015b; incident data: ACLED, 20 June 2020; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

IRAQ, FIRST QUARTER 2020: UPDATE ON INCIDENTS ACCORDING TO THE ARMED CONFLICT LOCATION & EVENT DATA PROJECT (ACLED) COMPILED BY ACCORD, 23 JUNE 2020

Contents

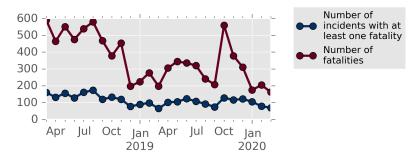
Number of reported fatalities	1
Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality	1
Conflict incidents by category	2
Development of conflict incidents from March 2018 to March 2020	2
Methodology	3
Conflict incidents per province	4
Localization of conflict incidents	4
Disclaimer	6

Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Protests	433	11	34
Explosions / Remote violence	286	50	105
Riots	163	20	37
Battles	135	90	259
Violence against civilians	123	77	102
Strategic developments	64	4	4
Total	1204	252	541

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 20 June 2020).

Development of conflict incidents from March 2018 to March 2020



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 20 June 2020).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Iraq being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("10" for plural fatalities, "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, headquarters or bases established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook (2019), 10 April 2019 https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2017/10/ ACLED_Codebook_2019FINAL_pbl.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019 https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2019/04/ General-User-Guide_FINAL.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, 27 January 2020 https://www.acleddata.com/download/17979/

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Al-Anbar	35	13	32
Al-Basrah	96	16	20
Al-Muthannia	76	2	2
Al-Qadisiyah	68	1	1
An-Najaf	44	2	13
Arbil	94	17	55
As-Sulaymaniyah	24	2	5
At-Ta'mim	50	20	37
Babil	23	3	7
Baghdad	181	43	69
Dhi-Qar	142	17	32
Dihok	61	11	20
Diyala	106	54	84
Karbala'	32	6	7
Maysan	18	3	4
Ninawa	56	21	37
Sala ad-Din	44	19	114
Wasit	54	2	2

Localization of conflict incidents

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event

type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unkown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In Al-Anbar, 35 incidents killing 32 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ain Assad Air Base, Akashat, Al Baghdadi, Al Halqaniyah, Al Muhammadi, Al Nukhib, Al Qaim, Al Waleed Border Crossing, Alsawar, Anah, Ar Rutba, Fallujah, Haditha, Hit, Karma, Ramadi.

In Al-Basrah, 96 incidents killing 20 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu al-Khaseeb, Al Nashwa, Al Qiblah, Al-Faw, Al-Hartha, Al-Madiana, Al-Zubair, Ar Ramilah, Ar Rumaylah, Basrah, Khor al Zubair, Majnoon Oil Field, Nahiyat ad Dayr, Qurna, Safwan, Umm Qasr, West Qurna 1 Oilfield.

In Al-Muthannia, 76 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Khidr, Al Warka, Al-Hilal, As Salman, As Samawah, Qaryat al Mamlahah, Rumaitha.

In Al-Qadisiyah, 68 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Afak, As Sinniyah, Ash-Shinafiyah, Diwaniya, Hamza, Shamiya.

In **An-Najaf**, **44** incidents killing **13** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Kufa**, **Najaf**.

In Arbil, 94 incidents killing 55 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Choman, Erbil, Jabal Biradawst, Koisnjaq, Lolan, Makhmur, Mergasur, Qaraj, Ruala, Sidakan, Silsilat Jibal Qandil, Wadi Khakurik.

IRAQ, FIRST QUARTER 2020: UPDATE ON INCIDENTS ACCORDING TO THE ARMED CONFLICT LOCATION & EVENT DATA PROJECT (ACLED) COMPILED BY ACCORD, 23 JUNE 2020

In As-Sulaymaniyah, 24 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bazian, Chamchamal, Dokan, Halabja, Kalar, Penjwin, Seyid Sadiq, Sulaymaniyah, Xelekan.

In At-Ta'mim, 50 incidents killing 37 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Daquq, Hamrin Mountains - Kirkuk, Haweeja, Jaghmaghah, Kirkuk, Mamah, Nahiyat ar Riyad, Nahiyat az Zab, Qaryat Albu Sibah, Qaryat Tuwayliah, Rashad, Shay Valley, Taza, Tuwayriyah, Wadi Zaghaytun.

In **Babil**, **23** incidents killing **7** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **AI Qasim**, **Hilla**, **Jurf AI Nasr**.

In Baghdad, 181 incidents killing 69 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Ghraib, Al Latifiyah, Al Mahmudiyah, Al Yusufiyah, At Tarmiyah, Baghdad, Baghdad - 9 Nissan, Baghdad -Adhamiya, Baghdad - Al Rashid, Baghdad - Kadhimiya, Baghdad - Karadah, Baghdad - Karkh, Baghdad - Mansour, Baghdad - Rusafa, Baghdad - Sadr City, Baghdad International Airport, Bismayah, Hawr Rajab, Jisr Diyala, Nahrawan, Taji.

In Dhi-Qar, 142 incidents killing 32 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Akaika, Al Gharraf, Al Islah, Batha, Chibayish, Nahiyat al Fudaylah, Nahiyat al Fuhud, Nassriya, Qalat Sukkar, Rifai, Shatra, Suq Al-Shoyokh.

In Dihok, 61 incidents killing 20 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Amadiya, Chiya-e Gara, Dahuk, Fish Khabur, Haftanin, Metina, Sheladiz.

In **Diyala**, **106** incidents killing **84** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abu Saida**, **Adhaim**, **Al Abbarah**, **Al Azim**, **Al Hadd**

al Akhdar, Al Husseiniya, Al Mandhariyah, Al-Khalis, Al-Mansouriyah, Al-Muqdadiya, Al-Zoor, Balad Ruz, Baquba, Buhriz, Dur al Waqf, Hamrin Mountains - Diyala, Jalawla, Kahriz, Khan Bani Saad, Khanaqin, Kifri, Lake Hamrin, Mandali, Naft Khanah, Qarah Tabah, Qaryat Jayzani, Qaryat al Aswad al Bazayiz, Qaryat al Islah, Qaryat al Mukhaysah, Qaryat as Sadah, Qaryat ash Shaykhi, Shaykh Bawa, Umm al Hintah, Zaghiniyah.

In Karbala', 32 incidents killing 7 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Hindyah, Kerbala, Nahiyat al Haydariyah.

In Maysan, 18 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Amara, Muhayn, Qalat Salih.

In Ninawa, 56 incidents killing 37 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Akre, Al Ayadhiyah, Al Baaj, Al Barit, Al Kuwayr, Al Muhallabiyah, Al Qayyarah, Atashana Mountains, Ath Thaljah, Badush, Hajj Ali, Hammam al Alil, Hatra, Khana Sor, Mosul, Mosul - Al Karamah, Mosul - Al-Hadbaa, Mosul - Al-Jadeda, Mosul - Al-Rabee, Mosul - Al-Salam, Munira, Qaraj Tahtali, Shurah, Sinjar, Sinuni, Telafar, Tilkaif.

In Sala ad-Din, 44 incidents killing 114 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Khanukiyah, Amerli, Aradi Hawi al Maytah, Baiji, Balad, Daur, Dujail, Hamrin Mountains - Sala al-Din, Maftul, Makhol Mountain, Mukeshefah, Mutaibijah, Nahiyat al Ishaqi, Qaryat Albu Faraj, Qaryat al Huwaysh, Samarra, Sulayman Bak, Tikrit, Tuz Khurma.

In Wasit, 54 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Aziziyah, Hai, Kut, Namaniya, Suwaira.

IRAQ, FIRST QUARTER 2020: UPDATE ON INCIDENTS ACCORDING TO THE ARMED CONFLICT LOCATION & EVENT DATA PROJECT (ACLED) COMPILED BY ACCORD, 23 JUNE 2020

Sources

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Middle East (20 June 2020), 20 June 2020 https://www.acleddata.com/download/2915/
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm28_levels.shp, Version 2.8, November 2015a http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/gadm28_levels.shp.zip
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: IRQ_adm.zip, Version 2.8, November 2015b https://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/shp/IRQ_adm_shp.zip
- Raleigh, Clionadh; Linke, Andrew; Hegre, Håvard, and Karlsen, Joakim: "Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data", in: Journal of Peace Research (47(5) 2010), pp. 651–660 http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html
- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015 https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/

Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/ methodology/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data,

please see the ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Iraq, first quarter 2020: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 23 June 2020