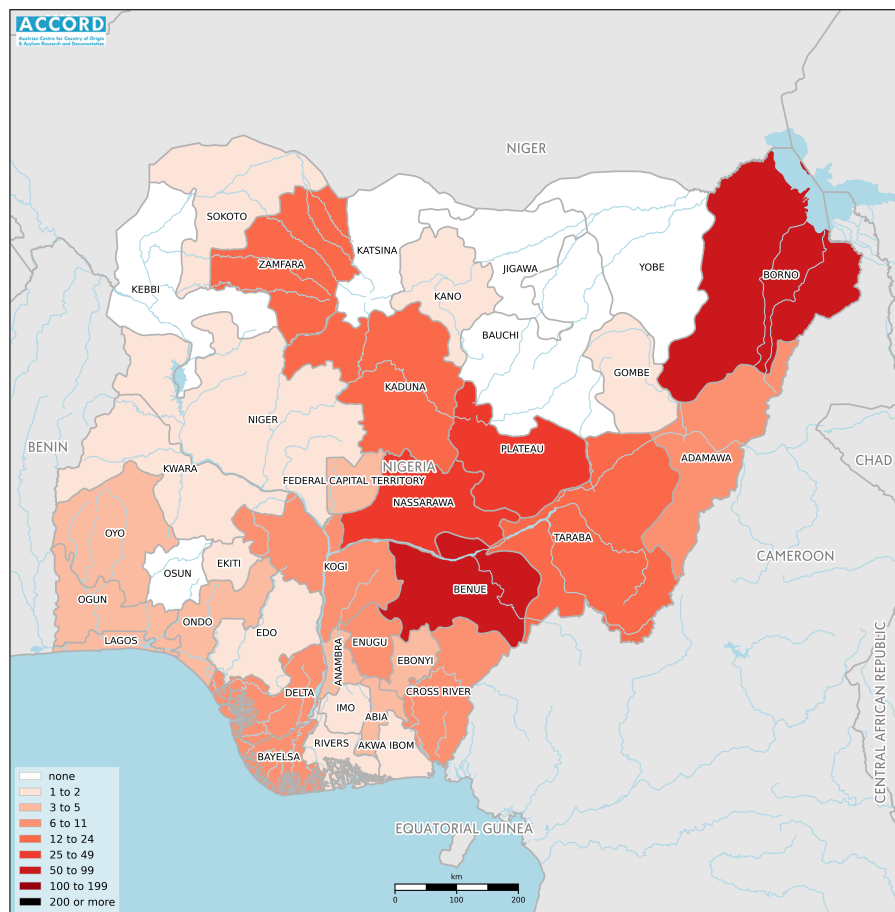


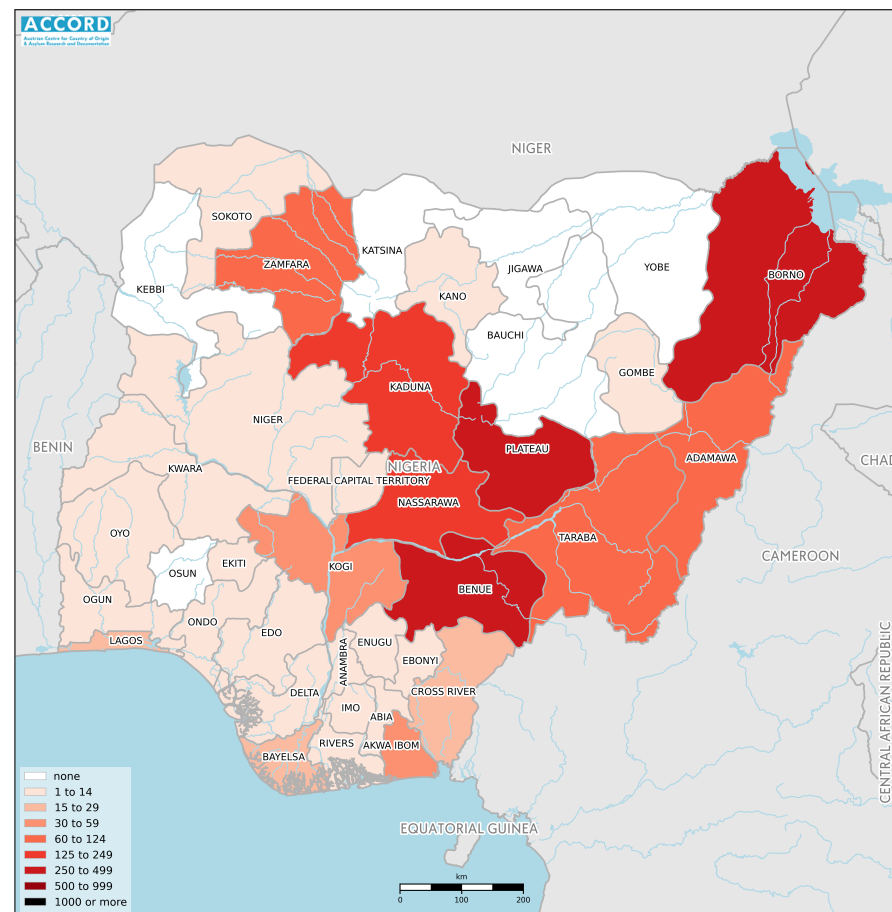
NIGERIA, SECOND QUARTER 2018:

Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED) - Updated 2nd edition compiled by ACCORD, 20 December 2018

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality



Number of reported fatalities



National borders: [GADM, November 2015a](#); administrative divisions: [GADM, November 2015b](#); incident data: [ACLED, 15 December 2018](#); coastlines and inland waters: [Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015](#)

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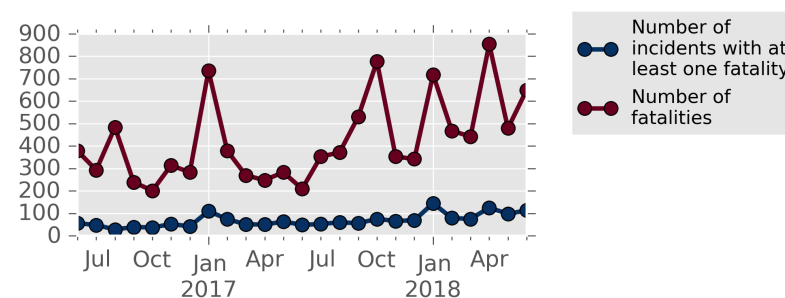
Number of reported fatalities	1
Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality	1
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Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Violence against civilians	231	192	1278
Riots/protests	163	13	22
Battles	145	120	544
Strategic developments	25	0	0
Remote violence	14	11	139
Non-violent activities	9	0	0
Headquarters established	1	0	0
Total	588	336	1983

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 15 December 2018).

Development of conflict incidents from June 2016 to June 2018



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 15 December 2018).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Nigeria being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("10" for plural fatalities, "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

This 2nd edition replaces the previously published overviews on the same reporting period and is based on updated ACLED data.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

The two maps above serve to compare the number of reported fatalities (potentially containing estimates) to the number of events with reported fatalities.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. ACLED's location data is then used to locate incidents in these maps. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occurred, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, headquarters or bases established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook; ACLED - ASIA, 2015
http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/07/ACLED_Codebook_2015_ASIA-CR.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, 2017
http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED_Codebook_2017.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: User Guide, January 2017
http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED_User-Guide_2017.pdf

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Abia	8	3	12
Adamawa	12	10	74
Akwa Ibom	3	1	30
Anambra	15	3	3
Bauchi	3	0	0
Bayelsa	10	7	24
Benue	67	54	372
Borno	92	74	466
Cross River	10	8	27
Delta	18	8	14
Ebonyi	11	5	12
Edo	7	2	2
Ekiti	10	2	4
Enugu	20	7	8
Federal Capital Territory	36	4	5
Gombe	3	1	1
Imo	6	2	4
Jigawa	1	0	0
Kaduna	31	13	132

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Kano	5	1	1
Kogi	8	7	39
Kwara	6	2	2
Lagos	19	3	17
Nassarawa	50	40	210
Niger	2	2	2
Ogun	7	3	6
Ondo	20	4	5
Osun	3	0	0
Oyo	11	4	8
Plateau	45	37	255
Rivers	9	2	5
Sokoto	2	2	11
Taraba	21	13	114
Yobe	1	0	0
Zamfara	16	12	118

Localization of conflict incidents

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names

are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Abia**, 8 incidents killing 12 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Aba, Arochukwu, Obehie**.

In **Adamawa**, 12 incidents killing 74 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bare, Dowaya, Kaya, Michika, Mubi, Numan, Yola**.

In **Akwa Ibom**, 3 incidents killing 30 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Itu, Uya Oron, Uyo**.

In **Anambra**, 15 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Anaku, Awka, Fegge, Nnewi, Nteje, Onitsha, Orkija**.

In **Bauchi**, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bauchi, Bogoro, Ningi**.

In **Bayelsa**, 10 incidents killing 24 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Amassoma, Brass, Nembe, Opokuma, Yenagoa**.

In **Benue**, 67 incidents killing 372 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Agagbe, Agasha, Aliade, Anyiin, Enger, Gbajimba, Katsina-Ala, Lessel, Makurdi, Mbara, Naka, Tombo, Tse Akanga, Tseaondo, Tseaudu, Tsedyugh, Tsevii, Ugba, Ukum, Zaki Biam**.

In **Borno**, 92 incidents killing 466 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abadam, Afa, Alkari, Anadawa, Angwa Audu, Arege, Auno, Ayaza, Azaya Kalmari, Azaya Kura, Bama, Banki, Belle, Benisheikh, Buk, Burburna, Cross Kauwa, Dabu Abdullahi, Dabu Wulkaro, Damasak, Damboa, Dikwa, Gajiram, Gambaru, Gamboru, Gashager,**

Gashigar, Giwa Barracks, Goni, Gori Jaji, Gudumbali, Gwoza, Hashime, Hayaba Gana, Hayaba Kura, Jaje, Kala Balge, Kantanna, Kawuri, Khaddamari, Konduga, Magumeri, Maiduguri, Major Ali, Mallam Kafari, Mijigine, Moduhum, Monguno, Ngala, Njimtulur, Parisu, Sambisa Forest Reserve, Takwala, Tungushe, Uba, Wumbi, Yerimari Kura, Yerwa.

In **Cross River**, 10 incidents killing 27 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abuochichi, Boji, Calabar, Isu, Obubra, Otukpo, Ugep**.

In **Delta**, 18 incidents killing 14 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Asaba, Bomadi, Eku, Issele-Uku, Ogume, Omavovwe, Onicha-Olona, Otor Udu, Owevwe, Ugborodo, Ughelli, Umuachi-Ator, Warri**.

In **Ebonyi**, 11 incidents killing 12 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abakaliki, Afikpo, Amoso, Ezamgbo, Ikwo, Isu, Izzi, Uburu**.

In **Edo**, 7 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Benin City, Evbuomoma, Obagie**.

In **Ekiti**, 10 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Ado-Ekiti, Agbado, Oye**.

In **Enugu**, 20 incidents killing 8 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abakpa Nike, Abi, Adani, Agbani, Enugu, Igbo-Etiti, Ndeaboh, New Haven, Owo, Trans Ekulu, Umulokpa**.

In **Federal Capital Territory**, 36 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abuja, Gwagwalada**.

In **Gombe**, 3 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Baianga, Deba, Kaltungo**.

In **Imo**, 6 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Awara, Mgbe, Owerri, Umuokwara**.

In **Jigawa**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was among the affected: **Jahun**.

In **Kaduna**, 31 incidents killing 132 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Afaka, Birnin Gwari, Chikun, Dogon Dawa, Gwaska, Jaji, Jemaa, Kaduna, Kajuru, Kakangi, Koriga, Nandu, Samaru, Sanga, Tudun Wada**.

In **Kano**, 5 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Kano**.

In **Kogi**, 8 incidents killing 39 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Iyara, Kabba, Koton Karifi, Lokoja, Odugbo, Oguma, Okpakiri**.

In **Kwara**, 6 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Illorin, Offa, Oloworu**.

In **Lagos**, 19 incidents killing 17 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abule Egba, Agege, Ajegunle, Alausa, Dopemu, Fadeyi, Ijora, Ikeja, Ikorodu, Lagos, Mile Twelve, Murtala Mohammed Airport, Odi-Olowo, Oregun**.

In **Nassarawa**, 50 incidents killing 210 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Aguatashi, Alosi, Awe, Doma, Kadarko, Keana, Lafia, Nassarawa, Obi, Toto, Udegi, Umaish, Yerewata**.

In **Niger**, 2 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Kutigi, Mokwa**.

In **Ogun**, 7 incidents killing 6 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abeokuta, Ijebu-Igbo, Ilaro, Mowe, Sanngo-Ota, Shagamu**.

In **Ondo**, 20 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Akure, Arigidi, Iju, Ikare-Akoko, Isua, Oba-Ile, Ore**.

In **Osun**, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Iwo, Ondo, Osogbo**.

In **Oyo**, 11 incidents killing 8 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Ibadan, Idi Ayunre, Igangan, Igbetti, Ogbomoshu, Olubi, Omi Adio**.

In **Plateau**, 45 incidents killing 255 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Baap, Barkin Ladi, Bassa, Bukuru, Gashish, Gashit, Gindi Akwati, Gindiri, Gnar, Haifam, Jos, Kafi Abu, Kakuruk, Kok, Kufang, Kurra Falls, Kwal, Miango, Mongu, Nekan, Rakok, Razat, Riyom, Ropp, Ruku**.

In **Rivers**, 9 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Ogbokiri, Okrika, Port Harcourt**.

In **Sokoto**, 2 incidents killing 11 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bodinga, Gebo**.

In **Taraba**, 21 incidents killing 114 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bolki, Donga, Gampu, Gassol, Jalingo, Lau, Lissam, Mutum Biyu, Nguroje, Sabon Gida, Takum, Tunari, Wukari, Yorro**.

Zambana.

In **Yobe**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was among the affected: **Gujba**.

In **Zamfara**, 16 incidents killing 118 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Anka, Birnin Magaji, Dan Sadau, Gusau, Kaboro, Maru, Ohoh, Sangeku, Zurmi**.

Sources

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Africa 1997-present (Data through 17 November 2018), 15 December 2018
<https://www.acleddata.com/download/2909/>
- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: gadm28_levels.shp, Version 2.8, November 2015a
http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/gadm28_levels.shp.zip
- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: NGA_adm.zip, Version 2.8, November 2015b
http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/shp/NGA_adm.zip
- Raleigh, Clionadh; Linke, Andrew; Hegre, Håvard, and Karlsen, Joakim: "Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data", in: Journal of Peace Research (47(5) 2010), pp. 651–660
<http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html>
- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015
<https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/>

Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/methodology/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data,

please see the [ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED"](#). The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

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