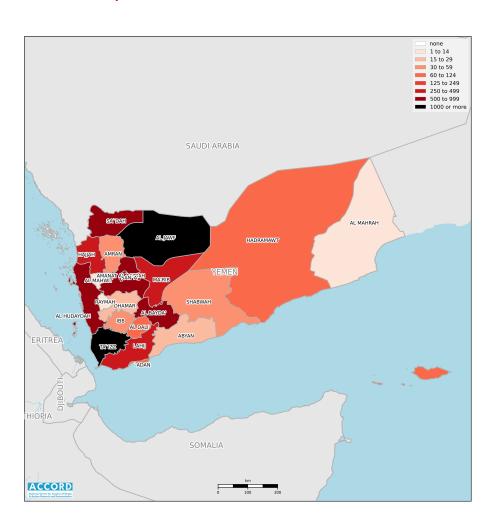
YEMEN, FIRST QUARTER 2018:

Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED) - Updated 2nd edition compiled by ACCORD, 20 December 2018

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality

1 to 2 3 to 5 6 to 11 12 to 24 25 to 49 50 to 99 100 to 199 ERITREA ACCORD

Number of reported fatalities



National borders: GADM, November 2015a; administrative divisions: GADM, November 2015b; incident data: ACLED, 15 December 2018; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

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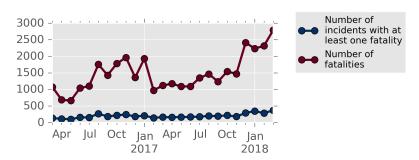
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Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Remote violence	1546	400	2539
Battles	750	549	4717
Violence against civilians	64	45	63
Riots/protests	53	0	0
Strategic developments	50	3	16
Non-violent activities	4	0	0
Headquarters established	1	0	0
Total	2468	997	7335

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 15 December 2018).

Development of conflict incidents from March 2016 to March 2018



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 15 December 2018).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Yemen being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("10" for plural fatalities, "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

This 2nd edition replaces the previously published overviews on the same reporting period and is based on updated ACLED data.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

The two maps above serve to compare the number of reported fatalities (potentially containing estimates) to the number of events with reported fatalities.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. ACLED's location data is then used to locate incidents in these maps. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, headquarters or bases established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook; ACLED - ASIA, 2015 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/07/ACLED_ Codebook_2015_ASIA-CR.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, 2017 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED_ Codebook_2017.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: User Guide, January 2017
 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED_User-Guide_2017.pdf

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Abyan	20	6	18
Al Bayda'	191	122	888
Al Dali'	30	21	122
Al Hudaydah	207	87	947
Al Jawf	233	147	1125
Al Mahrah	7	2	2
Al Mahwit	35	1	10
Amanat Al Asimah	38	6	19
Amran	20	5	37
Dhamar	12	5	21
Hadramawt	30	17	80
Hajjah	185	31	376
lbb	10	9	35
Lahij	95	47	334
Ma'rib	127	52	488
Raymah	12	2	5
Sa'dah	543	97	636
San'a'	146	68	534
Shabwah	25	9	36
Ta'izz	424	230	1538

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
'Adan	78	33	84

Localization of conflict incidents

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In Abyan, 20 incidents killing 18 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Mahfid, Al Wuday, Am Qulaytah, Aqabat Thirah, Wadi Dofas, Wadi Thirah.

In Al Bayda', 191 incidents killing 888 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ahl al Jawf, Al Ajradi, Al Bayda, Al Faraj, Al Ghawl, Al Ghaylah, Al Haykal, Al Hazm, Al Humayqan, Al Jawf, Al Malagim, Al Mansur, Al Miswah, Al Munqati, Al Qayfa, Al Quraishyah, Al Shirqan, Am Hamra, Aqabat Al Qantha, As Sahah, As Sawmaah, At Tarya al Ulya, Az Zaharah, Az Zahir, Az Zahra, Az Zuwab, Dhi Kalib al Asfal, Dhi Maddahi, Dhi Naim, Fadhaha, Hammat Sarar, Hayd as Sarir, Jabal Markazah, Jabal Nawfan, Jamaliyat Al al Arif, Kasad, Laqah, Milah, Mukayras, Najd ash Shawahirah, Nawfan, Qayfat al Mahn Al Yazid, Radaa, Riyam, Sabah, Usaydah, Waalah Al Raqab, Wald Rabi, Yafan.

In Al Dali', 30 incidents killing 122 people were reported. The following locations

were among the affected: Ad Dali, Asaf Murays, Hammam Damt, Jabal Murays, Jalas, Juban, Khawbar, Najd al Qurayn, Qatabah, Sanah, Wadi Khashabah.

In Al Hudaydah, 207 incidents killing 947 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Musa al Ashaari Military Camp, Ad Durayhimi, Al Buqa, Al Fawwahah, Al Fazzah, Al Ghawadir, Al Hudaydah, Al Hudaydah-Al Hali, Al Hudaydah-Al Hudaydah International Airport, Al Hudaydah-Al Mina, Al Husayniyah, Al Jabanah, Al Jah, Al Jarrahi, Al Jarubah, Al Jirbah, Al Khawbah, Al Khawkhah, Al Luhayyah, Al Maghras, Al Mansuriyah, Al Marawiah, Al Masajid, Al Mujaylis, Al Qamariyah, Al Qanawis, Al Qataba, Al Ukaysh, As Salif, As Suaydiyah, As Sudd, As Sukhnah, At Tuhayta, Az Zuhrah, Bajil, Bayt al Faqih, Bura Wildlife Sanctuary, Hays, Jabal ar Ras, Kamaran, Markaz al Marir, Ras Isa, Ras al Katib, Riqab, Southern Roundabout, Wadi Siham, Wadi Zabid, Zabid, Zuma.

In Al Jawf, 233 incidents killing 1125 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Afi, Al Ajashir, Al Anan, Al Aqabah al Waqaz, Al Bayda, Al Ghayl, Al Halah al Bayda, Al Hayjah, Al Hazm, Al Humaydat, Al Khalifayn, Al Khanjar, Al Mahjal, Al Maslub, Al Matun, Al Waqaz, Al Yatmah, Ashar, Az Zahir, Bir al Mahashimah, Hajlah, Jabal Dab, Jabal Ham al Asfal, Jabal Sabrayn, Jabal al Aqabah, Jabal al Habash, Jablat Umar, Milaha, Muaymirah, Qarn Bin Shaman, Qarn Salbah, Ruhub, Suq al Thuluth, Tawathinah, Wadi Hurab, Wadi Khalifayn, Wadi Quayf, Wadi Sadhba, Wadi Silba, Wadi as Saqiyah.

In Al Mahrah, 7 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Ghayzah, Al Qurh, Muhayfif, Nishtun.

In Al Mahwit, 35 incidents killing 10 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Ahjar, Al Ammariyah, Al Khamis, Al Mahwit, Al Mirwah, Ar Rujum, As Safaqayn, At Tawilah, Bani Hujjaj, Bani

Khayat, Dayr ash Sharif, Jibal Nimrah, Shibam.

In Amanat Al Asimah, 38 incidents killing 19 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ar Rahabah, Dhahaban, Sanaa, Sanaa-Al Hushayshiyah, Sanaa-Al Sabeen, Sanaa-As Sunaynah, Sanaa-At Tahrir, Sanaa-Aththaorah, Sanaa-Bayt Miyad, Sanaa-Hadda, Sanaa-Jabal an Nahdayn, Sanaa-Qaryat Asr al Asfal, Sanaa-Sanaa International Airport, Sanaa-Shuaub.

In Amran, 20 incidents killing 37 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Harf, Al Jabal al Aswad, Al Majzaah, Al Qaflah, Amran, Ghawlah Ajib, Huth, Idan, Jabal Ajmar, Jabal Dhira al Ahmar, Wadi al Amashiyah.

In Dhamar, 12 incidents killing 21 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ash Sharm as Safil, Dawran ad Daydah, Dhamar, Dhamar al Qarn, Dhi Sahr, Qa al Haql.

In Hadramawt, 30 incidents killing 80 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Abr, Al Hudhi, Al Jawl, Al Misna, Al Mukalla, Al Qatn, Amd, Ash Shihr, Budah, Ghayl Ba Wazir, Hadibu, Hajr, Mankhar, Sayun, Suhayl Shibam, Tarim, Wadi Dawan, Wadi al Ghabar.

In Hajjah, 185 incidents killing 376 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abs, Afsar, Ahim, Al Atn, Al Haddaliyah, Al Jarr, Al Khadra, Al Makhazin, Al Mazraq, Al Mikshab, At Tuwal Border Crossing Point, Bahais, Bani Sura, Ghawl al Kadah, Hajjah, Harad, Harad Al Qadim, Hayran, Hislan, Masahir Mawr, Midi, Mustaba, Wadi Ibn Abd Allah, Washhah.

In Ibb, 10 incidents killing 35 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ar Radai, As Sabal, Dhi As Sufal, Hazm al Udayn, Ibb, Maris, Markaz Mudhaykirah, Nakhlan.

In Lahij, 95 incidents killing 334 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ad Dahi, Al Anad, Al Hawtah, Al Milah, Al Qabbaytah, Al Waht, As Sawalihah, Ash Shab, Ash Shaibi, Ash Shatt, Bani Bakr, Huwaymi, Jabal Al Ahmar, Jabal Ghayfan, Jabal Hisn, Jabal Humalah, Jabal Kahbub, Jabal Rukayzah, Jabal al Kirsh, Jawaziaah, Kirsh, Lahij, Shurayjah, Suq Al Khamis, Suq al Khamis, Tawr al Bahah, Thawjan, Yafi al Ulya.

In Ma'rib, 127 incidents killing 488 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ad Dayq, Al Hijlan, Al Makhdarah, Al Mashajih, Al Multaqa, An Najd, Ar Rabiah, Ar Rawdah, Duwar, Haylan, Jabal Bahrah, Jabal Haylan, Jabal Kawfal, Jabal Martad, Jabal Umm Rish, Kawfal, Marib, Marib Airport, Mas Military Camp, Qaryat as Sadah, Sanumah, Suq Sirwah, Wadi Abidah, Wadi Habab, Wadi Harib Naham, Wadi Harib al Qaramish, Zijjan.

In Raymah, 12 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ad Dil, Al Hadiyah, Al Jabin, Kusmah, Markaz Bilad At Taam, Rubu Bani al Khawli, Suq ar Ribat.

In Sa'dah, 543 incidents killing 636 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ad Dayah, Ahma at Talh, Akwan, Al Ajashir, Al Amir, Al Ammar, Al Anad, Al Aqib, Al Aqiq, Al Ashshah, Al Atfayn, Al Ayn, Al Azhur, Al Azqul, Al Buqa, Al Buqah, Al Far, Al Fard, Al Fari, Al Ghawal al Qutaynat, Al Ghawr, Al Habil Walibah, Al Hamazat, Al Hassamah, Al Jamilah, Al Kahlan, Al Khafji, Al Kharab, Al Maghsal, Al Mahadir, Al Majda, Al Malahit, Al Malil, Al Maqash, Al Maqna, Al Masaibah, Al Mashaf, Al Mashnaq, Al Mgash, Al Minzalah, Al Musahif, Al Qadd Alt Ali, Al Qahr, Al Sabhan, Al Umm Shaykh, Al Uqab, Al al Hamaqi, Al as Sayfi, An Nazir, Ar Ramadiyat, Ar Raqqah, Ar Raqw, Ar Ruzamat, As Sabah, As Sarw al Asfal, As Sawah, As Sawh, Ash Shawati, At Talh, At Tawilah, Atis, Ayyash, Az Zawr, Azzan, Bani Muadh, Bani Siyah, Bani Suwayd, Bani Urayj, Baqim as

Suq, Burkan, Dammaj, Dhari ad Dawshah, Dhira, Dhuwayb as Sufla, Farwah, Ghafirah, Hafsayn, Hajlah, Haydan, Jabal Adiyaq, Jabal Al Hamra, Jabal Al Minmar, Jabal Farad, Jabal Mahjubah, Jabal Mandabah, Jabal Marran, Jabal Sama, Jabal Shair, Jabal Taybat al Asim, Jabal al Mahjar, Jabal al Mihram, Jabal al Qurad, Jabal as Sama, Jebel Marran, Jumat Bin Fadil, Kahlan Camp, Kitaf, Kurs al Qahzah, Madhab, Mahd, Mahdidah, Majz, Mandabah, Munabbih, Namalah, Nayd ath Thimmi, Nushur, Qalat Ghumar, Qaryat al Malil, Qullat Firas, Qullat Shuayb, Qullat al Umar, Rawnat al Maqash, Razih, Rishahah, Rughafeh, Sabar, Sadah, Saqayn, Shab an Nayd, Shaban, Shawdhan, Suq al Khamis, Takhyah, Talan, Tallan, Tishdan, Umm Tariq, Wadi Al Jabir, Wadi Alaf, Wadi Amir, Wadi Imarah, Wadi Liyah, Wadi Sabar, Wadi Yasnam, Wadi al Abu Jubarah, Wadi al Fara, Wadi al Hibal, Wadi as Sidad, Walad Masud.

In San'a', 146 incidents killing 534 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ad Dubayah, Al Arush, Al Ashraf, Al Ghurzah, Al Hanshat, Al Hattab, Al Hawl, Al Jarjour, Al Khaniq, Al Mabdaah, Al Madid, Al Majawihah, Al Mansur, Al Urr, Amad, Ar Ramadah, As Sawad, As Subahah, Ash Sharyah, Bani Masar, Barran, Bayt al Ahmar, Bayt ash Shatibi, Beit Marran, Dabuah, Dayrat al Majawihah, Dhula, Dula, Furdat Naham, Hamdan, Iyal Mohammed, Jabal Ayban, Jabal Dhabab, Jabal Salab, Jabal Shahirah, Jabal Yam, Jabal al Manarah, Jabal al Masawarah, Jabal al Qarn, Jabal al Qatab, Khawlan at Tiwal, Mahalli, Manakhah, Najd as Safnah, Sanaa-Attan, Sawan, Shamlan, Wadi Harib, Wadi Marhabah, Wadi Namlah, Wadi al Ugran, Walan.

In Shabwah, 25 incidents killing 36 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Said, Ar Rawdah, Ataq, Bayhan, Habban, Jabal as Sawda, Jawl ar Raydah, Mas, Mayfaah, Nawkhan, Rudum, Usaylan, Yashbum.

In Taʻizz, 424 incidents killing 1538 people were reported. The following

locations were among the affected: Abar, Abdan, Ad Dabab, Ad Dimnah, Adh Dhakarah, Adinah, Al Adanah, Al Ahyua, Al Akbush, Al Anin, Al Anni, Al Aggaybah, Al Agrud, Al Arish, Al Aruk, Al Arus, Al Asabih, Al Ashab, Al Ashruh, Al Ghurafi, Al Hamili, Al Hamra, Al Hawban, Al Haymah, Al Hud, Al Hujmah, Al Jurn, Al Kadahah, Al Khalil, Al Khiyami, Al Mafalis, Al Mafraq, Al Manum, Al Misrakh, Al Muftash, Al Mukha, Al Nashmah, Al Qarn, Al Qawz, Al Quhayfah, Al Quz, Al Waziiyah Junction, Amlah, Ar Rabii, Ar Rahidah, Ar Rubayi, Ar Rujmah, Arabah, As Sarmayn, As Sayyar, As Silw, As Siyahi, Ash Sharaf, Ash Shugayrah, Ashamilah, At Tuwayr, Az Zahari, Bani Humayr, Bayt al Qadi, Bir al Umari, Dar an Nasr, Dhubab, Hadhran, Hasab at Tawil, Hawjalah, Hayfan, Huraygiyah, Jabal Habashi, Jabal Hawzan, Jabal Himyar, Jabal Sabir, Jabal al Hamam, Jabal al Imam, Jabal al Umari, Jahir, Jarah, Jisr Wadi Risyan, Juayshan, Khadir, Khalid Ibn al Waleed Military Camp, Magbanah, Mati, Mawiyah, Mawgaah, Mawza, Milab as Sinnah, Qaryat Bani Ali, Qaryat al Migtar, Qaryat ash Shagb, Tabashiah, Taizz, Taizz International Airport, Taizz-Al Jahmaliyah, Taizz-Al Mujaliyah, Taizz-Al Qahirah, Taizz-Ash Shajarah, Taizz-Bab Musa, Taizz-Bab al Kabir, Taizz-Bir Bashah, Taizz-Jabal al Jarrah, Taizz-Kalabah, Taizz-Madinat an Nur, Taizz-Najdayn, Taizz-Rudajah, Taizz-Salah, Taizz-Thabat, Taizz-Usayfarah, Taizz-Usayfirah, Taizz-Wadi Salah, Taizz-Wadi al Qadhi, Wadi Al Qadhi, Wadi Bani Khawlan, Wadi Khabir, Yakhtul, Yufrus.

In 'Adan, 78 incidents killing 84 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aden, Aden-Aden International Airport, Aden-Al Maalla, Aden-At Tawahi, Aden-Jabal Hadid, Aden-Jawlat al Arish, Aden-Khawr Maksar, Aden-Kraytar, Al Burayqah, Al Mansurah, Al Mimdarah, Al Shaab, Ash Shaikh Outhman, Bir Ahmed, Dar Sad, Enma, Little Aden, Rubat.

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Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/methodology/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data,

please see the ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

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