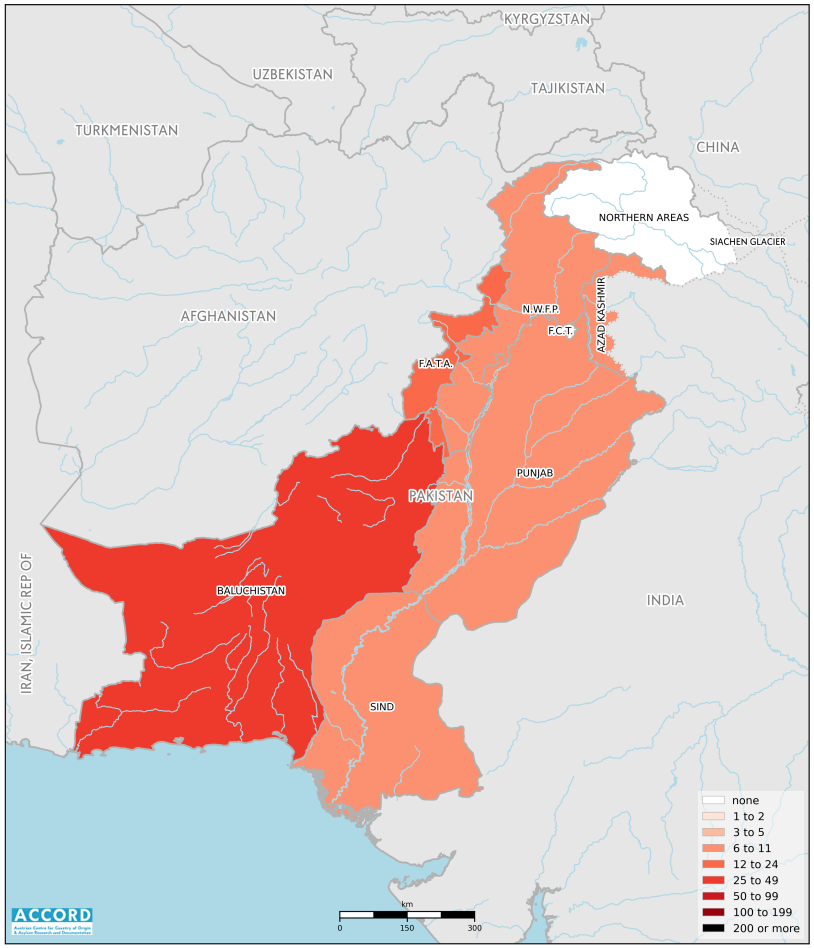
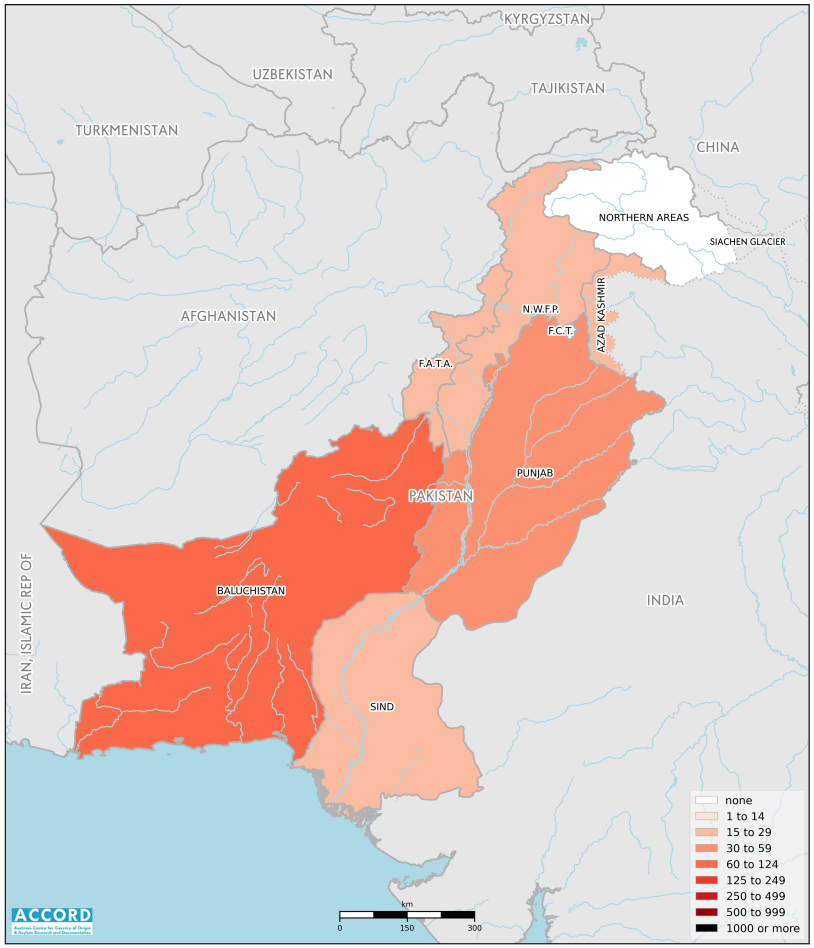
PAKISTAN, FIRST QUARTER 2018:

Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED) - Updated 2nd edition compiled by ACCORD, 20 December 2018

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality



Number of reported fatalities



National borders: GADM, November 2015a; administrative divisions: GADM, November 2015b; China/India border status: CIA, 2006; Kashmir border status: CIA, 2004; geodata of disputed borders: GADM, November 2015a; Natural Earth, undated; incident data: ACLED, 15 December 2018; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

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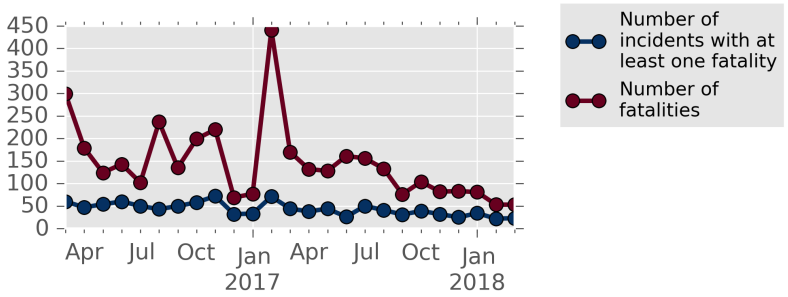
Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Riots/protests	1266	2	3
Battles	68	48	133
Remote violence	37	17	33
Violence against civilians	22	12	18
Strategic developments	16	0	0
Total	1409	79	187

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 15 December 2018).

Development of conflict incidents from March 2016 to March 2018



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 15 December 2018).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Pakistan being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("10" for plural fatalities, "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

This 2nd edition replaces the previously published overviews on the same reporting period and is based on updated ACLED data.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

The two maps above serve to compare the number of reported fatalities (potentially containing estimates) to the number of events with reported fatalities.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. ACLED's location data is then used to locate incidents in these maps. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, headquarters or bases established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook; ACLED - ASIA, 2015 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/07/ACLED_Codebook_2015_ASIA-CR.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, 2017 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED_Codebook_2017.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: User Guide, January 2017 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED_User-Guide_2017.pdf

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Azad Kashmir	53	10	15
Baluchistan	87	27	68
F.A.T.A.	56	13	22
F.C.T.	38	0	0
N.W.F.P.	175	9	24
Northern Areas	5	0	0
Punjab	216	10	32
Sind	779	10	26

Localization of conflict incidents

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unkown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Azad Kashmir**, **53** incidents killing **15** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Athmuqam, Bagh, Barnala, Battal, Bhimber, Chinikot, Dadyal, Fatehpur, Hattian Bala, Jandrot, Kahuta, Khuiratta, Kotli, Madarpur, Muzaffarabad, New Mirpur, Palandri, Palas, Rawalakot, Samani, Sehar**.

In **Baluchistan**, **87** incidents killing **68** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Ali Khel, Bolan, Chagai, Chaman, Dalbandin, Dera Allahyar, Dera Bugti, Dera Murad Jamali, Duki, Gwadar, Harnai, Hub, Jiwani, Johan, Karachi-Landhi, Karbala, Khairpur, Loralai, Mar Gat, Mastung, Mawand, Naseerabad, Panjgur, Pasni, Pishin, Qila Saifullah, Quetta, Sangsila, Shapok, Sibi, Turbat, Zhob, Ziarat**.

In **F.A.T.A.**, **56** incidents killing **22** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Alingar, Alizai, Barang, Boshehra, Dawezai, Eidak, Gat, Ghalanai, Jamrud, Khar, Kharyan, Landi Kotal, Mandal, Mir Ali, Miranshah, Mishti Bazar, Nawagai, Parachinar, Sadiqabad, Safi, Sarkai, Sarobi, Sarwakai, Tor Kor, Torkham, Utmankhel, Yake Ghund, Zakha Khel, Zakir Khel**.

In **F.C.T.**, **38** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Islamabad**.

In **N.W.F.P.**, **175** incidents killing **24** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abbottabad, Akora Khattak, Alai, Bahadur Khel, Balakot, Banda Daud Shah, Bannu, Bara, Battagram, Besham, Broze, Buner, Buni, Chakdarra, Charsadda, Chitral, Daggar, Dera Ismail Khan, Dir, Ghazi, Ghoriwala, Gul Abad, Hangu, Haripur, Havelian, Ijara, Janikhel, Judba, Kabal, Kambat, Karak, Khwazakhela, Kohat, Kohistan, Kulachi, Lakki Marwat, Mansehra, Mardan, Mingora, Munda Qala, Nasrat Khel, Naurang, Nowshera, Ouch, Panjpir, Pattan, Peshawar, Rashakai, Saidu Sharif, Sarat Khel, Shabqadar, Shakardara, Shangla, Sikandar Janubi, Swabi, Takht-e-Nasarati, Tank, Taru Jabba, Timergara, Torghar**.

In **Northern Areas**, **5** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Gilgit, Khaplu, Skardu**.

In **Punjab**, **216** incidents killing **32** people were reported. The following locations

were among the affected: **Adiala, Bahawalnagar, Bahawalpur, Bajra Garhi, Bajwat, Bhalwal, Chani Goth, Chaprar, Charwa, Chawinda, Chiniot, Chishtian, Cholistan, Chunian, Dahranwala, Daska, Dera Ghazi Khan, Faisalabad, Gojra, Gojra Morr, Gujranwala, Gujrat, Hafizabad, Harpal, Hassan Abdal, Kabirwala, Kamalia, Kamra, Karampur, Kasur, Khanewal, Kot Radha Kishan, Kotli Loharan, Lahore, Lahore-Data Gunj Buksh, Lahore-Gulberg, Lahore-Iqbal, Lahore-Nishtar, Lahore-Ravi, Lahore-Samanabad, Layyah, Malakwal, Mianwali, Multan, Muridke, Okara, Pattoki, Phoolnagar, Pind Dadan Khan, Rahim Yar Khan, Rawalpindi, Sadiqabad, Sahiwal, Sakhi Sarwar, Sambrial, Sanawan, Sargodha, Shakargarh, Sheikhupura, Shorkot, Sialkot, Taunsa, Taxila, Toba Tek Singh, Uch Sharif, Zafarwal**.

In **Sind**, **779** incidents killing **26** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Badin, Bakrani, Bhan Syedabad, Bhitshah, Chelhar, Chhachhro, Chuhar Jamali, Dadu, Dakhan, Dali, Daulatpur, Daur, Dhabeji, Diplo, Gambat, Ghauspur, Ghotki, Golarchi, Hala, Hatri, Hingorja, Hyderabad, Islamkot, Jacobabad, Jam Sahab, Jamshoro, Jhol, Johi, Kaloi, Kandhkot, Kandiaro, Karachi, Karachi-Baldia, Karachi-Bin Qasim, Karachi-Clifton Cantonment, Karachi-Gadap, Karachi-Gulberg, Karachi-Gulshan, Karachi-Jamshed, Karachi-Kiamari, Karachi-Korangi, Karachi-Malir, Karachi-North Nazimabad, Karachi-Orangi, Karachi-Saddar, Karachi-Shah Faisal, Kario Ghanwar, Khairpur, Khairpur Nathan Shah, Khan Wahan, Khanpur, Khuhra, Kingri, Kot Diji, Kotri, Kumb, Larkana, Madeji, Makli, Malkani Sharif, Manjhand, Matli, Mehar, Mehrabpur, Miro Khan, Mirpur Bathoro, Mirpurkhas, Mirwah, Mithi, Mithiani, Moro, Nagarparkar, Nasirabad, Naudero, Naushahro Feroze, Naushero Feroze, Nawabshah, Nooriabad, Padidan, Pangrio, Pano Aqil, Pir Jo Goth, Pir Wasan, Piryaloi, Qazi Ahmed, Rajo Khanani, Ranipur, Ratodero, Saeedabad, Sanghar, Sehwan, Sehwan Sharif, Setharja, Shahdadpur, Shikarpur, Sinjhoro, Sobho Dero, Sobhodero, Sujawal, Sukkur, Talhar, Tando Bago, Tando Ghulam Ali, Tando Masti, Tando Muhammad Khan, Tangwani, Thari Mirwah, Tharu Shah, Thatta, Thul, Umerkot, Warah**.

Sources

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- CIA – U. S. Central Intelligence Agency: Kashmir Region 2004, 2004
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- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: PAK_adm.zip, Version 2.8, November 2015b
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- Natural Earth: Admin 0 – Breakaway, Disputed Areas, Version 3.1.0, undated
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Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/methodology/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

- ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Pakistan, first quarter 2018: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED) - Updated 2nd edition, 20 December 2018