

# URGENT ACTION

## FEMALE HUMAN RIGHTS DEFENDER KILLED

**Human rights defender Juana Raymundo went missing on the night of 27 July in the Quiché department in northwest Guatemala and her dead body was discovered the next day. She was 25 years old, and a member of the Campesino Development Committee (Comité de Desarrollo Campesino, CODECA). She is the 8th human rights defender killed in Guatemala in less than three months.**

Human Rights Defender **Juana Raymundo** was a nurse and a leader in Nebaj, in the Quiché department in northwest Guatemala. She joined CODECA's Youth group (Juventud de CODECA) five years ago, and was recently elected to be part of the Executive Committee of the Movement for the Liberation of Peoples (Movimiento para la Liberación de los Pueblos, MLP). She was involved in engaging and training other women to join the movement. She disappeared on the evening of 27 July. Her dead body was found by neighbours, who alerted the police, on 28 July by a small river between the Nebaj and Acambalam communities.

CODECA has called on the government to investigate the killings of human rights defenders belonging to the organisation and the Campesino Committee of the Highlands (Comité Campesino del Altiplano, CCDA). CODECA is a human rights organisation based in the Suchitepéquez department. They have worked on improving wage conditions for farmers, land reform, and nationalisation of electric energy. Members of CODECA are continuously being targeted because of their work. Juana is the eighth human rights defender to be killed in less than 3 months.

### Please write immediately in Spanish or your own language:

- Calling on the authorities to initiate a prompt, impartial and thorough investigation on the killing of Juana Raymundo, and other human rights defenders from CODECA and CCDA. The investigation should include the theory of the attack being a possible retaliation for their activities as human rights defenders, as mentioned in the recently adopted General Instruction from the Attorney General;
- Calling on them to take all measures to guarantee the safety of all CCDA and CODECA members at risk in accordance with their wishes;
- Calling on them to condemn these wave of killings, to publicly recognize the important and legitimate work of all human rights defenders and refrain from using language that discredits, stigmatizes, abuses, disparages or discriminates against them.

### PLEASE SEND APPEALS BEFORE 12 SEPTEMBER 2018 TO:

#### Attorney General

María Consuelo Porras  
15 Avenida 15-16, Zona 1  
Edificio Gerona, 8° nivel, 01001  
Ciudad de Guatemala, Guatemala  
Email:  
mariadelcarmengarciaescobar@gmail.com  
Twitter: @MPGuatemala,  
#JusticiaParaCODECA (Justice For  
CODECA)

**Salutation: Dear Attorney General /  
Estimada Señora Fiscal**

#### Minister of Interior

Enrique Antonio Degenhart  
Asturias 6a Avenida 13-71, Zona 1  
01001 Ciudad de Guatemala, Guatemala  
Email: smvasquez@mingob.gob.gt  
Twitter: @MinGobGuate,  
#JusticiaParaCODECA (Justice for  
CODECA)  
**Salutation: Dear Mister Minister /  
Estimado Señor Ministro**

#### **And copies to:**

President  
Jorge Luis Borryo  
Comisión Presidencial Coordinadora de  
la Política del Ejecutivo en Materia de  
Derechos Humanos (COPREDEH)  
Avenida La Reforma 2-18, Zona 9,  
01009 Ciudad de Guatemala  
Email: copredeh@copredeh.gob.gt

**Also send copies to diplomatic representatives accredited to your country. Please insert local diplomatic addresses below:**

Name Address 1 Address 2 Address 3 Fax Fax number Email Email address Salutation Salutation

Please check with your section office if sending appeals after the above date. This is the third update of UA 97/18. Further information:

<https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/amr34/8539/2018/en/>

**AMNESTY  
INTERNATIONAL**



# URGENT ACTION

## FEMALE HUMAN RIGHTS DEFENDER KILLED

### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Human rights defenders in Guatemala carry out their activities in an extremely hostile environment, particularly those working on rights related to land, territory and the environment. They face continuous threats, intimidation, attacks, smear campaigns and stigmatization.

In 2017, the Guatemalan NGO Unit for the Protection of Human Rights Defenders in Guatemala (UDEFEGUA) registered 496 attacks against human rights defenders. In May 2018, the Attorney General issued an internal General Instruction containing guidelines to effectively investigate attacks against human rights defenders. In a recent mission to Guatemala, Amnesty International met with members of CODECA who shared their concerns on the number of territory, land and environmental rights defenders that have been targeted (harassed or killed) in the past three months with little progress on investigations into the attacks.

CCDA is a campesino (peasant farmer) organization founded in 1982 that works to promote access to land as well as the labour rights of Mayan campesinos. CCDA has reported already being targeted with attacks and intimidation. In June 2016, Indigenous leader Daniel Choc Pop was killed in San Juan Tres Ríos. Several attacks against the CCDA office and its leaders were registered in June 2017. In May 2018, José Can Xol and Mateo Chamám Paau, two CCDA local leaders, were murdered in the communities of Choctún Basilá and San Juan Tres Ríos. Both were involved in protecting and defending their communities in a long-standing land tenure conflict. They had participated in the negotiation and dialogue roundtable to find solutions, together with national authorities, to the multiple land tenure conflicts affecting communities in the region.

In May 2018, Luis Arturo Marroquin, a member of the national coordination of the Committee for Campesino Development (Comité de Desarrollo Campesino, CODECA) was fatally shot in San Luis Jilotepeque, in the central eastern part of Guatemala. This incident took place a week after President Jimmy Morales referred to CODECA in a disrespectful way in a public speech on 2 May and discredited their activities.

In 2014, the Inter-American Court of Human Rights ordered Guatemala to adopt and implement a comprehensive public policy for the protection of human rights defenders in the judgement in the case *'Human Rights Defender vs Guatemala'*. Despite some progress, the process to create the public policy hasn't concluded yet. Impunity remains the rule in most cases of threats and attacks against Guatemalan defenders.

The justice system is also regularly misused to criminalize human rights defenders, in an attempt to break up movements and organizations, wearing down the defenders and removing them from the public arena. For more information, see the Amnesty International report "We are defending the land with our blood": Defenders of the land, territory and environment in Honduras and Guatemala (<https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/amr01/4562/2016/en/>) and Americas: State Protection Mechanisms for Human Rights Defenders (<https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/amr01/6211/2017/en/>).

Name: Juana Raymundo

Gender m/f: f

Further Information on UA: 97/18 Index: AMR 34/8854/2018 Issue Date: 1 August 2018