

# SOUTH SUDAN

June 2018

**145,000+**

Refugees and IDPs received material support and training during June 2018.

**1,600+**

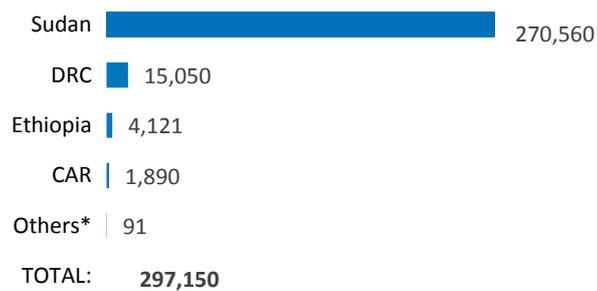
Individuals received capacity-building training during June 2018.

**45,000+**

Children received Vitamin A and deworming tablets in Upper Nie and Unity regions in June.

## POPULATION OF CONCERN

### Countries of Origin

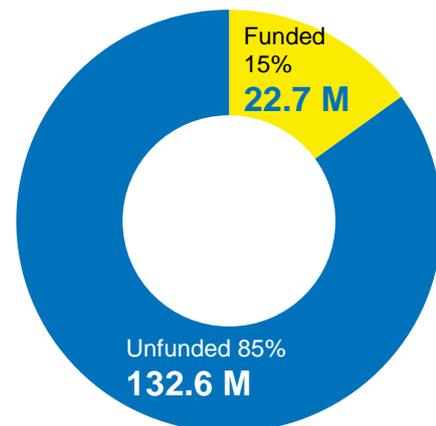


\* Refers to refugees from Uganda, Somalia, Eritrea, Syria, Burundi and Egypt

## FUNDING AS OF 19 JUNE

**USD 155.3 M**

requested for the situation



## UNHCR PRESENCE

### Staff

**300** national and  
**103** international staff  
(as of 30 June 2018)

### Offices

- 1 Branch Office in Juba
- 2 Sub Offices in Jamjang and Bunj
- 5 Field Offices in Yambio, Yei, Bor, Malakal, Bentiu
- 2 Field Units in Wau and Yida (as of 30 June 2018)



Winners of "We stand with Refugees" drawing competition display their gifts and certificates

## Working with Partners in 2018

- UNHCR works closely with the Government of South Sudan to deliver assistance and protection services to refugees and internally displaced persons (IDPs).
- In the **refugee response**, the main government counterparts are the Ministry of Interior and the Commission for Refugee Affairs (CRA). Implementing partners in 2018 are the following: Action Africa Help International (AAHI), Africa Humanitarian Action (AHA), ACROSS, ACTED, CARE International, Danish Refugee Council (DRC), Humanitarian Development Consortium (HDC), International Medical Corps (IMC), International Rescue Committee (IRC), Jesuit Refugee Service (JSR), Lutheran World Federation (LWF), Relief International (RI), Samaritan's Pursue (SP), Save the Children International (SCI), United Methodist Committee on Relief (UMCOR), the United Nations Volunteers (UNV) and World Vision International (WVI).
- In the **IDP response**, the main government counterpart is the Relief and Rehabilitation Commission (RRC). Implementing partners in 2018 are ADRA, UMCOR, Danish Refugee Council (DRC), Handicap International, Humanitarian Development Consortium, INTERSOS, International Rescue Committee, Nile Hope, UNV, Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC), Action Africa Help International (AAHI), Hope Restoration, IsraAid and Women Development Group. Within the IDP response cluster system, UNHCR in South Sudan is Lead of the Protection Cluster (with NRC Co-leading), Co-Lead of the CCCM Cluster along with IOM and ACTED, and undertakes enhanced participation in the IOM-led Shelter/NFI Cluster.
- On **prevention of statelessness**, UNHCR's main counterpart is the Directorate of Nationality, Passports and Immigration (DNPI).
- UNHCR maintains an **operational partnership** with the main government counterpart Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs and Disaster Management (MHADM), Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), ICRC, Médecins Sans Frontières (France, Belgium), UNAIDS, UNOCHA, UNDP, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNMISS, World Food Programme (WFP), World Health Organization (WHO), Women for Women International and UN Women.

## Main Activities – Refugee Programme

### Protection

- As of 30 June 2018, the refugee population in South Sudan stood at 297,150 individuals, consisting of 69,116 households in 21 different locations across South Sudan. UNHCR registered 699 new arrivals and 720 newborn babies mainly from Sudan's South Kordofan. About 52% of the total number of refugees are women. Women and children together represent 82% of the total refugee population in South Sudan. The Sudanese refugee population remains the largest at 275,752 individuals (93%) followed by DRC Congo 15,296 individuals (5%), Ethiopia 4,121 individuals (2%) and Central African Republic 1,890 (1%). The majority (92%) of the refugees are hosted in Upper Nile and the Unity regions in South Sudan. Over 1.88 million people are internally displaced in South Sudan. Furthermore, the country hosts 2,207 asylum seekers.
- On 20 June 2018, World Refugee Day was commemorated across various refugee camps and settlements in South Sudan. In Juba, UNHCR organised the celebration of World Refugee day at Representation office. The occasion was well attended by senior government officials including the Minister of Interior, donors, partners, some UN agencies as well as refugees and members of the public. Highlights of the event included speeches by the UNHCR Representative in South Sudan, Johann Siffointe, and Deputy Commissioner for Refugee Affairs (CRA) and the Minister of Interior. The celebrations included, music performances and dancing. The celebration provided an opportunity for refugees to showcase their dances to the general public.

### Central Equatoria

- In Juba, UNHCR registered, 27 asylum-seekers from Eritrea, Somalia and Ethiopia and 17 refugees from Sudan were registered and activated as part of the continuous registration process.
- In Juba, UNHCR issued ID cards to 28 refugees and 60 certificates to asylum seekers.

## Unity

- In Yida, UNHCR registered 628 new arrivals (295F; 333 M). The new arrivals fled South Kordofan, Sudan.
- UNHCR relocated 798 refugees including 185 to Ajuong Thok and 613 to Pamir refugee camps. This number also includes 235 refugees who were previously settled in Yida and 563 new arrivals. As of 30 June 2018, the refugee population in Jamjang camps was as follows: Ajuong Thok refugee camp - 45,347, Pamir refugee camp - 29,712, Yida refugee settlement - 51,720.
- UNHCR partner, IRC, supported 25 new cases of Sexual and Gender Based Violence (SGBV). Cumulatively, a total of 245 cases have been supported across two refugee camps in Jamjang and Yida settlement since January 2018 (Pamir camp - 92, Yida Settlement - 36, and Ajuong Thok camp - 117).
- 1,464 children participated in play and recreation activities in 23 Child-Friendly Spaces (CFS). The children were participated in football, ludo, rope skipping, athletics and choir.
- In Ajuong Thok camp, UNHCR supported 215 children (101 girls, 114 boy) with food and non-food items including soaps, baby care lotion, underwears, clothes, sandals, green beans, and wheat flour.

## Upper Nile

- In Gendrasa refugee camp, UNHCR began a Biometrics Identity Management System (BIMS) verification exercise. 705 families, comprising of 3,296 refugees, have been verified, of which 3,114 individuals remain active. 916 ID cards were issued to refugees aged 16 years and above.
- Across Maban's four refugee camps, UNHCR and partner DRC assisted 1,350 vulnerable persons during general food distribution. The refugees received sorghum, vegetable oil, pulses and cash for milling of 120 South Sudanese Pound (SSP) per person.
- In Kaya, Yusuf Batil and Gendrasa refugee camps, UNHCR registered 346 new-borns. Families with new-born children received proof of registration documents.
- In Doro refugee camp, 2,100 children (1,056 girls, 1,044 boys) participated in psychosocial activities at the Child Activity Centre (CAC). 185 adolescents (183 girls, two boys) participated in skills building activities such as tailoring and bead making.
- In Maban's four refugee camps, UNHCR identified 33 SGBV cases. The identified cases include physical assault (15), denial of resources (9), physical and emotional violence (7), rape (1) and forced marriage (1). These cases were referred to relevant service providers for medical services, psychosocial support, counselling and legal assistance.
- In Kaya refugee camp, UNHCR completed the BIMS verification exercise. Cumulatively, 23,777 (5,381 families) refugees have been verified. As a result, UNHCR issued ID cards to 7,040 refugees aged 16 years and above.

## Education

### Upper Nile

- In Maban County, UNHCR's partner Jesuit Refugee Service (JRS), reopened their in-service Teacher Training programme to further enhance the capacity of the teachers in the refugee and host community schools. As a result, 44 (6 women, 38 men) including 32 refugees and 12 host community teachers were enrolled in Aruppe Learning Centre. It is the highest enrolment to date. The 2016/2017 programme had 26 teachers who completed the course.
- In June, UNHCR facilitated a week-long mission for senior officials from the National Ministry of General Education and Instruction to Maban County. The team promised to strengthen policies to ensure inclusion of refugee schools into the South Sudan education system and planning.

### Unity

- In Jamjang's refugee camps, UNHCR registered 374 candidates (77 women, 297 men) for the 2018/2019 South Sudan Secondary School national examination. Out of total, 360 are refugees (74 women, 286 men) and 14 (3 women, 11 men) from the host community.

## Health

- In Makpandu and Lasu refugee settlements, UNHCR partners World Vision International and UMCOR, carried out a sensitisation campaign on Ebola as part of the preparedness and response plans which include refugees.

### Unity

- In Ajuong Thok refugee camp, UNHCR partner African Humanitarian Action (AHA) conducted a campaign on Vitamin A and deworming for children under the age of 5 years. As a result, 5,029 children received Vitamin A, and 822 children received deworming tablets.

### Upper Nile

- In Doro, Gendrassa and Kaya refugee camps, UNHCR partner IMC, carried out the 2nd round of Polio campaign integrated with Vitamin A and deworming. As a result, 23,197 children (0-59 months) received polio vaccine, 21,744 children (6-59 months) received Vitamin A, and 17,789 children (12-59 months) received deworming tablets.
- In Kaya refugee camp, IMC conducted training for 41 teachers (28 men, 13 women) on mental health and general principles of care for persons with Mental, Neurological, and Substance use conditions.

## Food Security and Nutrition

### Unity

- In June, UNHCR and World Food Programme (WFP) conducted General Food Distribution (GFD) of the month of June to 28,476 refugees in Pamir, 42,333 refugees in Ajuong Thok camp and 48,587 refugees in Yida refugee settlement. Refugees received cash for grinding, which WFP has increased from 300SSP per person to 375 SSP in line with price increases in the market.
- In Pamir refugee camp, UNHCR's partner IRC distributed Blanket Supplementary Feeding Programme (BSFP) package to 1,737 under the age of 2 years children and 1,018 pregnant and breastfeeding mothers.
- In Ajuong Thok refugee camp, Africa Humanitarian Action (AHA) distributed BSFP commodities to 1,887 under the age of 2 years children and 1,286 pregnant and breastfeeding mothers.
- Across two camps in Jamjang, IRC distributed kitchen garden vegetables and tools kits for mother to mother support groups (MMSG) within the Nutrition programme: 714 refugee mothers benefited in Ajuong Thok camp, and 218 in Pamir camp.

### Upper Nile

- In Kaya, Gendrassa and Yusuf Batil refugee camps, UNHCR partner IMC and Relief International (RI) conducted the 2nd quarter of Mass Mid Upper Arm Circumference (MUAC) screening for 15,220 children 6-59 months and 3,981 pregnant and breast feeding mothers. The screening sought the nutritional status of children (6-59 months) and enrolled those (children) meeting the admission criteria to the different nutrition programs.
- In Doro and Kaya refugee camps, UNHCR partner IMC trained 98 women on Maternal, Infant, and Young Child Nutrition (MIYCN) from the Mother Support Groups (MSGs)
- In Doro refugee camp, IMC and Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF) jointly conducted mass mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) screening for 12,157 children 6-59 months. The screening determined the nutritional status of and enrolled them in the different nutrition programs.

## Water and Sanitation

### Unity

- The water supply coverage stood at 14 litres per person per day in Ajuong Thok camp, while in Pamir it was 15 litres per person per day. In Ajuong Thok, crude latrine coverage was eight persons/latrine while in Pamir it was 11 persons/latrine.
- In Ajuong and Pamir refugee camps, UNHCR's partners Africa Humanitarian Action and International Rescue Committee distributed soap to 70,809 refugees.
- In Ajuong Thok, SP supported the construction of 28 family latrines. Also, 25 families latrines were decommissioned. 29 family latrines were constructed.

### Upper Nile

- Across four refugee camps in Maban, the water supply was 18.49 litres per person per day.
- 80 family latrines and nine stances of school latrines were constructed across Maban's four refugee camps.

- In Doro and Yusuf Batil camps, UNHCR commenced the decommissioning of latrines, so far, 315 latrines have been decommissioned.

## Shelter and NFIs

### Upper Nile

- In Maban's refugee camps, UNHCR's partner Action Africa Help International (AAHI) refurbished 3.5km of camp roads and 2km Maban airstrip runway bringing the total to 56.5km. This will ensure uninterrupted provision of service during the rainy season. Roads and the airstrip which are indispensable lifelines for lifesaving services in the camps.
- In Gendrassa refugee camp, UNHCR and its partner Danish Refugee Council (DRC) distributed second-hand clothes to 2,905 families (9,730 refugees).
- In Doro refugee camp, UNHCR and partner (RC distributed 760 vertical poles to 230 households redesigned at the Extension site.

### Unity

- In Ajuong Thok and Pamir refugee camps, UNHCR distributed sandals to 582 refugee children.

## Access to Energy

### Upper Nile

- In Kaya refugee camp, UNHCR's partner Relief International (RI) conducted a tree planting sensitization campaign for 220 (129M; 91F) refugees. The campaign sensitized these refugees on the need to protect the environment from deforestation and soil degradation that negatively impacted plant growth. Overall, 502 seedlings (273 papayas, 102 neems and 127 umbrella) were distributed during the campaign.
- UNHCR's partner RI continued to support woodlot establishment, as part of ongoing environmental programme to utilize poles and trees for fuel energy, shelter and livelihood needs for both refugees and the host community. A total of 4,649 Cassia, Acacia and Sesbania seedlings were planted in Yusuf Batil and Gendrassa camps.

## Community Empowerment and Self-Reliance

### Unity

- In Jamjang, UNHCR partner International Rescue Committee (IRC) commenced the vaccination of 2,500 animals against common animal diseases.
- In Jamjang, UNHCR partner Danish Refugee Council (DRC) planted 10,000 trees woodlots. The woodlots will provide shade trees and poles.
- In Ajuong Thok refugee camp, UNHCR partner IRC launched the distribution of agricultural inputs for refugee farmers. So far, 1,751 (702M, 1,049F) refugee farmers have received major staple crop kits that included sorghum, cowpeas, groundnuts, sesame, okra, eggplants, cucumber, tomatoes, and pumpkin, as well as tools such as hoes, sickles, axes, and rakes.

### Upper Nile

- In Gendrassa and Kaya refugee camps UNHCR and partner ACTED provided business coaching support to 50 entrepreneurs on record keeping, stock control and financial planning. Overall, a profit of 3,889, 759 South Sudanese pounds was realized during the reporting period from various business endeavours.
- In Doro and Kaya refugee camps UNHCR and partners ACTED, and Relief International (RI) provided entrepreneurship training to 110 (60 women, 50 men) refugee and host community youths aimed at viable enterprise creation through business idea generation and business plan development. Major topics covered include budgeting, business costing, marketing, record keeping, financial management and planning.
- Across Maban camps, ACTED and RI are currently supporting tillage to increase access to cultivable land for refugees and host community. Cumulatively, 903 acres out of 1200 acres have been ploughed for crop production.
- In Yusuf Batil and Doro camps, RI provided technical support to 52 Village Savings Loans and Association groups comprising of 1,049 (820F, 229M) persons of concern. The overall aim of the Village Savings Loans Associations is to promote financial inclusion through access to financial and social capital for microenterprise creation

- In Kaya and Gendrassa camps, UNHCR partner ACTED provided tillage services and seed multiplication groups to 21 acres of ploughed land, bringing the total land ploughed to 567 acres. 120 acres of demarcated land have been distributed so far to refugees. 90 refugees were given hoes to support self-reliance.
- In Kaya, Batil and Gendrassa camps, UNHCR's partner RI, supported refugees and host community to raise 2,620 seedlings of various plant species.

### **Central Equatoria**

- In Yei, UNHCR established five vegetable farmers groups comprising of 135 (91men, 44 women) farmers and trained them on nursery bed establishment. The main aim is to equip farmers with knowledge of improved vegetable production techniques to increase food production.
- In Yei, UNHCR established one demonstration garden of one feddan for maize, sorghum and cowpeas which will be used to facilitate the on-farm training for 43 (2 men, 17 women) farmers.
- In Yei, UNHCR trained 39 (21men, 18 women) farmers and youths on business management skills in Kukuyi with the purpose of imparting knowledge on how to increase profits with limited resources.
- In Yei, UNHCR organised various agriculture trainings for 382 farmers. The trainings aimed at equipping farmers with basic knowledge of improved vegetable production techniques to help reduce hunger and improve livelihoods.
- One VSLA group of 25 (11men, 14 women) refugees was established in Lomi by the community-based agriculture extension workers to participate in income savings.

## **Main Activities – IDP Programme**

### **COORDINATION**

#### **Western Bahr el Ghazal**

- In Wau, UNHCR conducted assessments in areas affected by conflict. An estimated 3,000 persons have been displaced. As a part of the Non-Food Items (NFIs) Cluster, UNHCR supported 800 most vulnerable families with plastic taplins, kitchen sets and clothes.

#### **Central Equatoria**

- In Juba, UNHCR assessed 1,478 families (9,386 individual IDPs). As a result, UNHCR registered 2,208 IDPs including persons with disabilities, medical conditions, and elderly at risk, UASC, child protection/education, detention (05), victims of grave violations, and family reunification.

#### **Jonglei**

- UNHCR completed the first phase of the stateless reduction program in Pibor. 1,000 individuals (633 women, 367 men) assessed blood and age groups, which is the next step for obtaining nationality certificate from the Department of Nationality, Passport and Immigration (DNPI).

### **OPERATIONS**

#### **Central Equatoria**

- In Juba, UNHCR's partner Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) conducted garden training for 40 most vulnerable IDPs (36 women, 4 men) on compost making, improving gardening techniques, marketing, and integrated pest management.
- In Juba, UNHCR conducted protection training for 66 community volunteers, community workers and community leaders. The topics included understanding protection, protection mainstreaming in IDP response, UNHCR standardised specific needs, codes and identification of persons with specific needs (PSNs), code of conduct, confidentiality and information sharing, and presentation of humanitarian partners' programs and referrals to service providers.

- In Juba, UNHCR conducted a three-day protection training for 12 newly recruited community workers in Juba POC. Topics included an introduction to UNHCR, protection mainstreaming, code of conduct, SGBV and PSEA, child protection, identification of persons with specific needs and extremely vulnerable cases, referral pathways and tools.
- UNHCR supported the mission of a female IDP from Bentiu POC to participate in the Global Protection Cluster Roundtable on IDPs participation on Peace Agreements and Peace Processes in Kiev, Ukraine on 3rd July; where she spoke as a Panellist representing South Sudanese internally displaced persons and refugees.

### **Western Bahr el Ghazal**

- In Wau, 302 IDPs received South Sudan Nationality cards. This is part of the 1,000 persons identified and enrolled for nationality documents.

### **Upper Nile**

- In Bunj, UNHCR partner Humanitarian Development Consortium (HDC) conducted training to 50 youths on business planning and management skills.

### **Jonglei**

- In Bor, UNHCR in collaboration with the DNPI issued nationality certificates to 293 IDPs inside the Protection of Civilians (POC) site. The initiative reduces statelessness among IDPs who are unable to access Bor town due to the tension between IDPs and the host community during the conflict in 2013.

## **Shelter and NFIs**

### **Unity**

- In Bentiu, UNHCR and partner Hope Restoration South Sudan (HRSS) distributed non-food items to 275 most vulnerable households comprising 2,057 individuals (1,188 women, 869 men) who fled recurring fighting in Leer town. NFIs included plastic sheet and laundry soap.

### **Jonglei**

- In New Fangak, UNHCR's partner Nile Hope completed the construction of 33 emergency shelters for vulnerable returnees from Bor Protection of Civilian (POC) that were supported by UNHCR through the Solution Working Group. The shelters are part of the reintegration packages for the returnees.

### **Western Equatoria**

- In Tombura, UNHCR distributed core relief items to 10,123 IDPs. Items included blankets, sleeping mats and plastic sheets. IDPs fled their areas of origin Nagero County and Deim Zubeir in Western Bahr el Ghazal following attacks by armed groups on 17 May 2018. UNHCR and other humanitarian actors conducted a joint visit to Tombura from 04 to 06 June 2018.

## **Community empowerment and self-reliance**

### **Jonglei**

- In Pochalla, UNHCR's partner Nile Hope distributed seeds and tools to 1,000 families. This intervention is a part of a European Union (EU)-funded project aiming at the community empowerment and self-reliance. Nile Hope also supported 100 families with fishing kits, fishing twines, nets and hooks.
- In Uror County, Nile Hope provided 200 families (150 women, 50 youth) with 400 goats as part of community empowerment and self-reliance activities.

## UNHCR's Main Donors in 2018

### Special thanks to the major donors of broadly earmarked contributions and regional funds in 2018

**United States of America** 81.1 million | **Private donors Australia** 6.2 million | **Sweeden** 4.2 million | **Australia** 3.8 million | **Germany** 3.4 million | **Canada** 3.3 million | **Private donors Germany** 2.8 million | **Norway** 2.6 million

### Thanks to other donors of unearmarked contributions and regional funds in 2018

**Sweeden** 98.2 million | **Norway** 42.5 million | **Netherlands** 39.1 million | **Private donors Spain** 32.9 million | **United Kingdom** 31.7 million | **Denmark** 25.5 million | **Private donors Korea** 15.8 million | **Switzerland** 15.2 million | **France** 14 million | **Italy** 11.2 million

Algeria | Argentina | Belgium | Bosnia and Herzegovina | Canada | China | Costa Rica | Estonia | Finland | Germany | Iceland | India | Indonesia | Kuwait | Luthuania | Luxemburg | Monaco | Montenegro | New Zealand | Phillipines | Qatar | Republic of Korea | Russian Federation | Saudi Arabia | Serbia | Singapore | Slovakia | Sri Lanka | Thailand | Turkey | United Arab Emirates | Uruguay | Private donors

For more information: <http://reporting.unhcr.org>

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### LINKS

[South Sudan Situation Regional Portal](#)

[UNHCR South Sudan Facebook page](#)

<http://www.unhcr.org/afr/news/stories/2017/11/5a1691814/farming-together-reaps-multiple-benefits-for-refugees-and-their-south-sudanese.html>