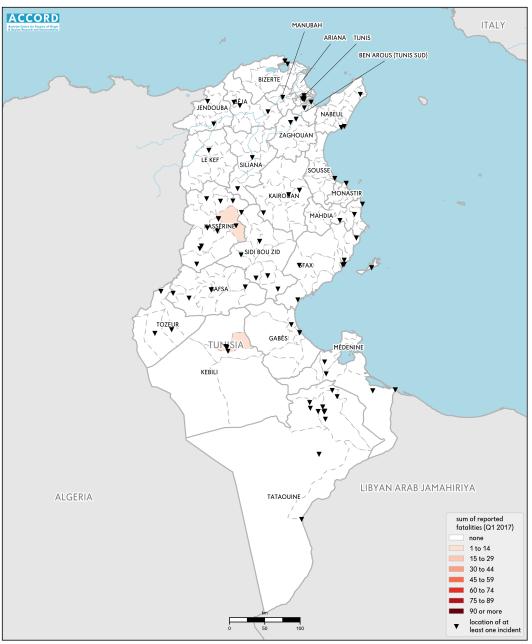
TUNISIA, FIRST QUARTER 2017: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 22 June 2017



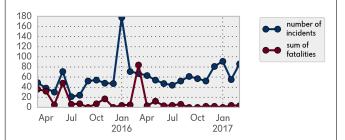
National borders: GADM, November 2015a; administrative divisions: GADM, November 2015b; incident data: ACLED, 3 June 2017; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

#### Conflict incidents by category

category	number of incidents	sum of fatalities
riots/protests	212	0
battle	8	7
remote violence	8	0
violence against civilians	4	0
total	232	7

This table is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: ACLED, 3 June 2017).

#### Development of conflict incidents from March 2015 to March 2017



This graph is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: ACLED, January 2017, and ACLED, 3 June 2017).

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### LOCALIZATION OF CONFLICT INCIDENTS

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the map above.

In **Ben Arous (Tunis Sud)**, **2** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Fouchana**, **Rades**.

In **Bizerte**, **2** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Bizerte**, **Menzel Jemil**.

In **Béja**, **7** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Amdoun, Beja, Medjez el Bab**.

In Gabès, 7 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Gabes, Wadhraf.

In Gafsa, 13 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Gafsa, Metlaoui, Redeyef, Sened.

In Jendouba, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ain Draham, Jendouba.

In Kairouan, 8 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Chebika, Hajeb el Aioun, Kairouan.

In Kassérine, 27 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ain Fara, El Ayoun, Feriana, Jebel Mghila, Jebel Semmama, Jebel ech Chambi, Kasserine, Mejen Bel Abbes, Sbeitla, Sbiba, Thala, Thelepte.

In Kebili, 6 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Er Rahmat, Janoura, Kebili.

In Le Kef, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: El Kef.

In Mahdia, 7 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: El Jem, Mahdia, Sidi Alouane.

In Manubah, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Tebourba.

In Monastir, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Monastir.

In Médenine, 15 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ben Gardane, Medenine, Ras Ajdir, Sidi Makhlouf.

In Nabeul, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Beni Khiar, Nabeul, Oued el Khatef.

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In Sfax, 19 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Bir Ali Ben Khalifa, El Ain, Erramla, Gremda, Ouled Bousmir, Remla, Sfax, Skhira.

In Sidi Bou Zid, 22 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Al Miknasi, Menzel Bouzaiane, Mezzouna, Sidi Ali Ben Aoun, Sidi Bouzid.

In Siliana, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Rouhia, Siliana.

In Sousse, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Sousse.

In Tataouine, 28 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Bir Lahmar, Bir Zar, Chenini, Ksar Oulad Aoun, Ksar Ouled Debbab, Ksar Ouled Soltane, Meztouria, Oued El Ghar, Qirmisah, Remada, Tataouine.

In **Tozeur**, **8** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ain el Karma, Nefta, Tozeur**.

In Tunis, 39 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: El Menzah 6, Kasbah, Le Bardo, Tunis.

In Zaghouan, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Bir Mcherga, Jebel Oust.

## METHODOLOGY

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Tunisia being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type. For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com und Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on these data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents. Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. ACLED's location data is then used to located incidents in these maps. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battle, headquarters or base established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook; ACLED - ASIA, 2015 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/07/ACLED\_Codebook\_2015\_ASIA-CR.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, 2017 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED\_Codebook\_2017.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: User Guide, January 2017 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED\_User-Guide\_2017.pdf

### SOURCES

2016\_dyadic-file.xlsx

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: ACLED Realtime 2017 All Africa File (updated 3rd June 2017), 3 June 2017
  http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/06/ACLED-All-Africa-File\_20170101-to-20170603.xlsx
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: ACLED Version 7 (1997 2016) standard file, January 2017
  http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED-Version-7-All-Africa-1997-
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm28\_levels.shp, Version 2.8, November 2015a http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/gadm28\_levels.shp.zip
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: TUN\_adm.zip, Version 2.8, November 2015b http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/shp/TUN\_adm.zip

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- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015 https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/

### DISCLAIMER

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED uses the most conservative estimate available. Furthermore, event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

#### Cite as

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