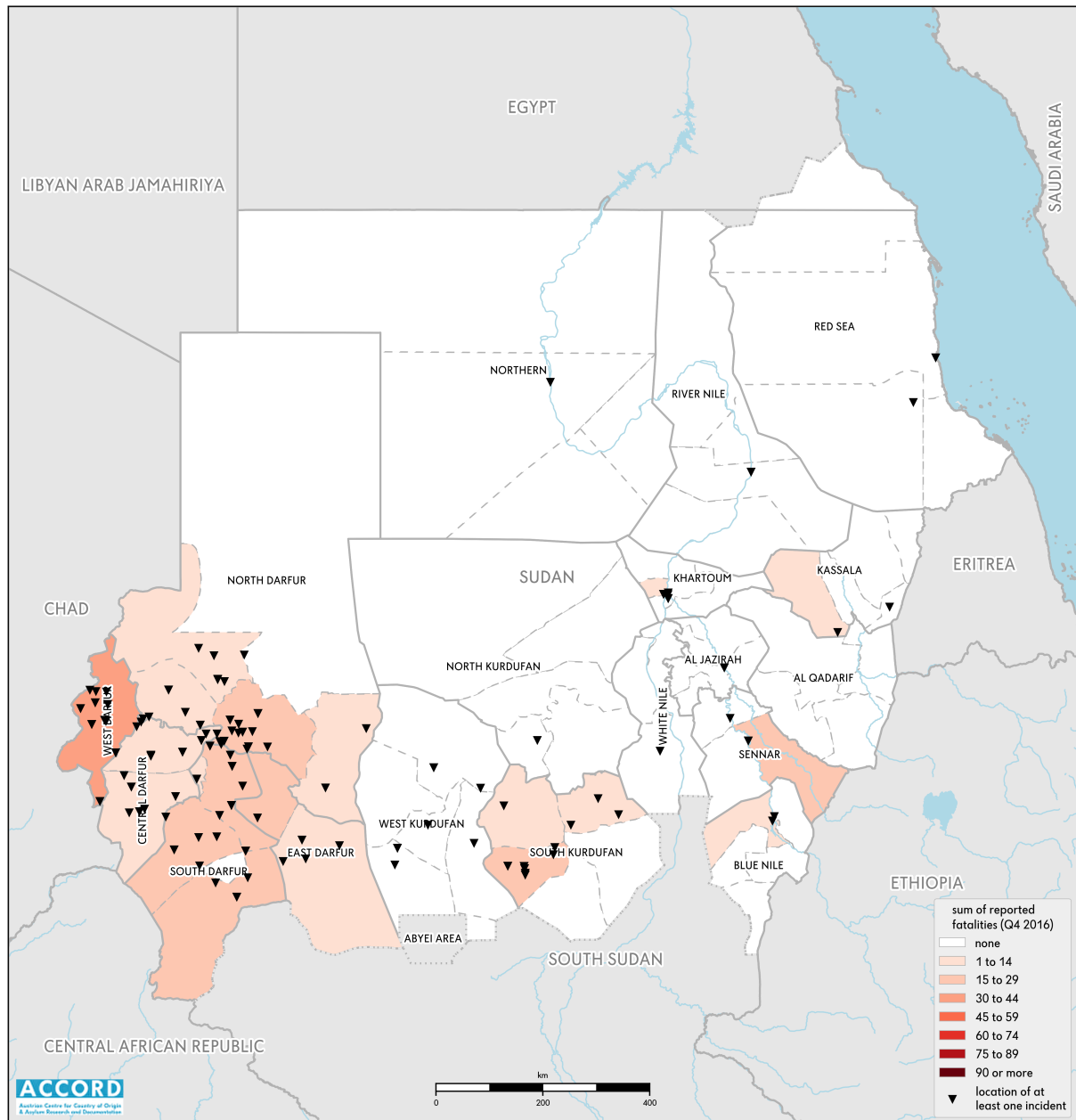


# SUDAN, FOURTH QUARTER 2016:

Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 8 February 2017



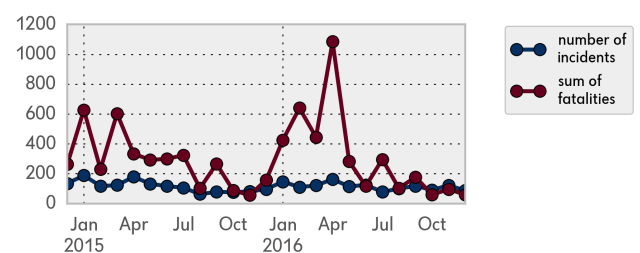
National borders: [GADM, November 2015a](#); administrative divisions: [GADM, November 2015b](#); Abyei Area: [SS-NBS, 1 December 2008](#); South Sudan/Sudan border status, Hala'ib triangle and Bir Tawil: [UN Cartographic Section, March 2012](#); incident data: [ACLED, January 2017](#); coastlines and inland waters: [Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015](#)

## Conflict incidents by category

category	number of incidents	sum of fatalities
violence against civilians	154	95
riots/protests	69	0
battle	33	112
strategic developments	28	0
remote violence	16	8
total	300	215

This table is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: [ACLED, January 2017](#)).

## Development of conflict incidents from December 2014 to December 2016



This graph is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: [ACLED, January 2017](#)).

## LOCALIZATION OF CONFLICT INCIDENTS

**Note:** The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the map above. Data on incidents in the Abyei area are not reflected in this update.

In **Al Jazirah**, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: **Wad Medani**.

In **Blue Nile**, 3 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ed Damazin, Hai Geisan**.

In **Central Darfur**, 36 incidents killing 12 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Aradeib, East Jebel Marra, Fanga Suk, Fassi, Garsila, Hamidiya, Hay Al Jebel, Jebel Marrah, Mukjar, Nertiti, Rokoro, Tur, Wadi Saleh, Zalingei**.

In **East Darfur**, 6 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Abu Jabra, Ed Daein, El Fardus, Kario, Tortahan**.

In **Kassala**, 2 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were affected: **Kasala, Kassala**.

In **Khartoum**, 55 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were affected: **Khartoum, Khartoum North, Omdurman, Shambat**.

In **North Darfur**, 64 incidents killing 33 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Abu Zerega, Birkat Seira, Dar El Salam, Disa, Dobo Umda, El Fasher, El Taweisha, Faluja, Hemeda Hasahisa, Kabkabia, Kassab, Katur, Kebkabiya, Korofola, Kutum, Saraf Omra, Shadad, Shag El Nakhara, Shangil Tobay, Sortony, Tabit, Tawila, Tayara, Tunjur, Turdi, Um Gafala, Wadi Dor**.

In **North Kurdufan**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: **El Obeid**.

In **Northern**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: **Dongola**.

In **Red Sea**, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Gebeit, Port Sudan**.

In **River Nile**, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: **Atbara**.

In **Sennar**, 7 incidents killing 27 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Sennar, Singa**.

In **South Darfur**, 53 incidents killing 77 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Artala, Buram, Deribat, Domaya, Edd Al Fursan, Gereida, Goghana, Kass, Malam, Mershing, Muhajryia, Nyala, Otash, Rahad El Berdi, Telehoon**.

In **South Kurdufan**, 19 incidents killing 17 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Abbasiya, Al Azraq, Al Labo Didy, Al Nogra, Delling, El Fayd, El Habila, Heiban, Kadugli, Umm Dorain, Umm Serdiba**.

In **West Darfur**, 27 incidents killing 41 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Azerni, Azirni, Buri, El Geneina, Foro Burunga, Jebel Moon, Manjura, Murnei, Rufeid, Seraf Jidad, Sirba.**

In **West Kurdufan**, 14 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Abu Zabad, An Nahud, Babanussa, El Fula, Lagawa, Muglad.**

In **White Nile**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: **Dar As Salam.**

## METHODOLOGY

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Sudan being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type. For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see [www.acleddata.com](http://www.acleddata.com) und [Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010](#).

Based on these data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battle, headquarters or base established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, 2017  
[http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED\\_Codebook\\_2017.pdf](http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED_Codebook_2017.pdf)
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: User Guide, January 2017  
[http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED\\_User-Guide\\_2017.pdf](http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED_User-Guide_2017.pdf)

## SOURCES

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: ACLED Version 7 (1997 – 2016) standard file, January 2017  
[http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED-Version-7-All-Africa-1997-2016\\_dyadic-file.xlsx](http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED-Version-7-All-Africa-1997-2016_dyadic-file.xlsx)
- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: gadm28\_levels.shp, Version 2.8, November 2015a  
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<https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/>

- SSNBS – South Sudan National Bureau of Statistics: Counties including disputed Abyei region, 1 December 2008  
[https://www.humanitarianresponse.info/sites/www.humanitarianresponse.info/files/datasets/SS\\_admbnda\\_adm2\\_200k\\_ssnbs\\_2013\\_0.zip](https://www.humanitarianresponse.info/sites/www.humanitarianresponse.info/files/datasets/SS_admbnda_adm2_200k_ssnbs_2013_0.zip)
- UN Cartographic Section: Sudan, March 2012  
[http://www.ecoi.net/file\\_upload/4232\\_1407158723\\_sudan.pdf](http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/4232_1407158723_sudan.pdf)

## DISCLAIMER

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED uses the most conservative estimate available. Furthermore, event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

### Cite as

- ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Sudan, fourth quarter 2016: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 8 February 2017