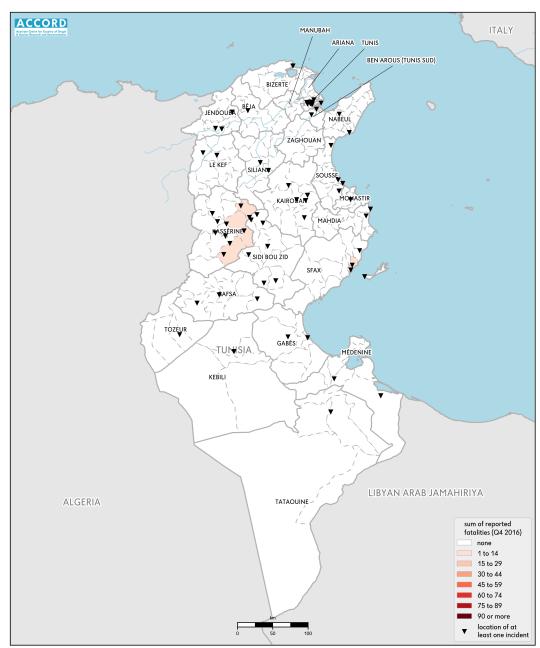
TUNISIA, FOURTH QUARTER 2016: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED) compiled by ACCORD, 8 February 2017



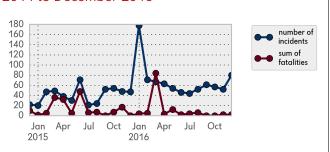
National borders: GADM, November 2015a; administrative divisions: GADM, November 2015b; incident data: ACLED, January 2017; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

Conflict incidents by category

category	number of incidents	sum of fatalities
riots/protests	169	0
remote violence	10	1
battle	4	2
violence against civilians	3	1
strategic developments	2	0
total	188	4

This table is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: ACLED, January 2017).

Development of conflict incidents from December 2014 to December 2016



This graph is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: ACLED, January 2017).

LOCALIZATION OF CONFLICT INCIDENTS

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the map above.

In Ariana, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Ariana.

In **Ben Arous (Tunis Sud)**, **3** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ben Arous, Mohamedia**.

In Bizerte, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Bizerte.

In Béja, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Beja.

In Gabès, 6 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: El Hamma, Gabes.

In Gafsa, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Belkhir, Gafsa, Metlaoui.

In **Jendouba**, 9 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Balta**, **Djebel el Hairech**, **Jendouba**.

In Kairouan, 9 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ain Jaloulah, Chebika, Kairouan, Reggada, Sidi Amor Bou Hajla.

In Kassérine, 19 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Jebel Bireno, Jebel Mghila, Jebel Selloum, Jebel Semmama, Jebel ech Chambi, Kamour, Kasserine, Khmouda, Sbeitla, Sbiba.

In Kebili, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Kebili.

In Le Kef, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: El Kef, Jebel Ouargha.

In Mahdia, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ksour Essaf, Mahdia.

In Monastir, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Djemmal.

In **Médenine**, **25** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ben Gardane**, **Medenine**.

In Nabeul, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Menzel Bou Zelfa, Nabeul.

In Sfax, 12 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were affected: El Ain, El Amra, Sfax, Sidi Youssef.

In Sidi Bou Zid, 19 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ain Jafal, Al Miknasi, Bir el Hafey, Henchir el Bechtia, Jelma, Menzel Bouzaiane, Sidi Bouzid.

In Siliana, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ras el Ma, Siliana.

In Sousse, 7 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Akouda, Bouficha, Msaken, Sousse.

In **Tataouine**, **4** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following location was affected: **Tataouine**.

In **Tozeur**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: **Tozeur**.

In Tunis, 45 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Douar Hicher, El Manar, Kasbah, La Goulette, Le Bardo, Manouba, Tunis.

METHODOLOGY

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Tunisia being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type. For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com und Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on these data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battle, headquarters or base established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, 2017
 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED Codebook 2017.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: User Guide, January 2017
 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED_User-Guide_2017.pdf

SOURCES

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: ACLED Version 7 (1997 2016) standard file, January 2017
 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ACLED-Version-7-All-Africa-1997-2016_dyadic-file.xlsx
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm28_levels.shp, Version 2.8, November 2015a http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/gadm28_levels.shp.zip
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: TUN_adm.zip, Version 2.8, November 2015b http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/shp/TUN_adm.zip
- Raleigh, Clionadh; Linke, Andrew; Hegre, Håvard, and Karlsen, Joakim: "Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data", in: Journal of Peace Research (47(5) 2010), pp. 651–660 http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html
- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015
 https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/

DISCLAIMER

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED uses the most conservative estimate available. Furthermore, event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

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