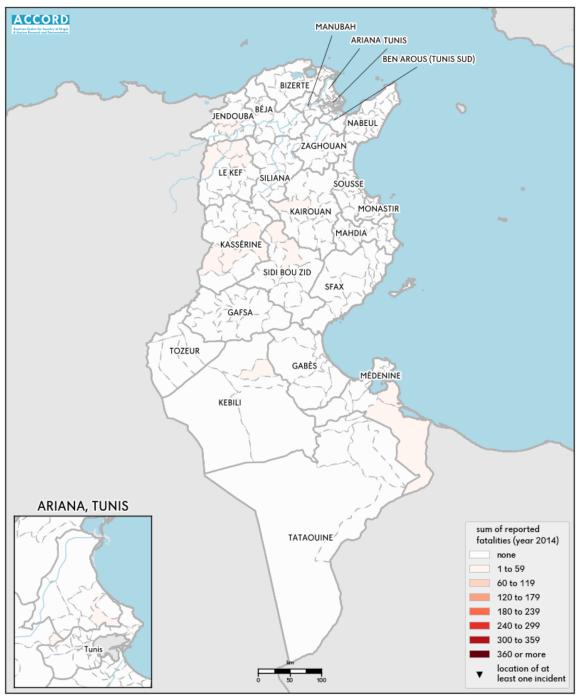
TUNESIA, YEAR 2014:

Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 3 November 2015



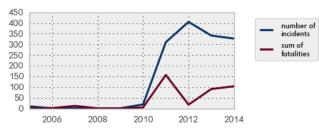
Political and administrative borders: GADM; incident data: ACLED; coastlines and inland waters: GSHHG

Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Sum of fatalities
riots/protests	198	3
battle	54	78
remote violence	34	12
non-violent activities	22	0
violence against civilians	19	11
Total	327	104
This table is based on data from the Armod Conflict Location & Event Data		

Project (datasets used: Realtime 2015 All Africa File)

Development of conflict incidents from 2005 to 2014 450



This graph is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: Realtime 2015 All Africa File; ACLED Version 5 standard file)

LOCALIZATION OF CONFLICT INCIDENTS

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the map above.

In **Ariana**, **9** incidents killing **9** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Borj Louzir**, **Cité Ettadhamen**, **L'Ariana**, **Raoued**.

In Bizerte, 3 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were affected: Bizerte, Menzel Bourguiba.

In Béja, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Béja.

In Gabès, 9 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Al Ḥammah, El Hamma, Gabes.

In Gafsa, 12 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: El Guettar, Gafsa, Metlaoui, Oum Larais.

In **Jendouba**, **14** incidents killing **15** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Firnanah**, **Bulla Regia**, **Jendouba**.

In Kairouan, 9 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were affected: Haffouz, Kairouan.

In Kassérine, 69 incidents killing 50 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Bled Mesreg ech Chems, Bou Chebka, Feriana, Haidra, Jebel Sammama, Jebel Selloum, Jebel Semmama, Jebel ech Chambi, Kasserine, Sbeitla, Thala.

In **Kebili**, **13** incidents killing **1** person were reported. The following locations were affected: **Douz, Kebili, Kébili, Souk Lahad**.

In Le Kef, 20 incidents killing 12 people were reported. The following locations were affected: El Kef, Jabal Ghar at tn, Jebel Ouargha, Nebeur, Sakiet Sidi Youssef, Tajerouine.

In Mahdia, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Mahdia.

In Manubah, 2 incidents killing 7 people were reported. The following location was affected: Chebbaou.

In Monastir, 7 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Menzel Ennour, Monastir.

In **Médenine**, **28** incidents killing **3** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ben Gardane**, **Bin Gardane**, **Djerba**, **Guellala**, **Medenine**, **Médenine**, **Ra's Ajdr**, **Zarzis**, **Île de Jerba**.

In Nabeul, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Nabeul.

In Sfax, 7 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Sfax, Skhira.

In Sidi Bou Zid, 21 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Al Miknas wa As Sanad, Jelma, Meknassi, Regueb, Sidi Bouzid.

In Siliana, 5 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ar Rawhyah, Siliana.

In Sousse, 5 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Masakin, Sousse.

In **Tataouine**, **10** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Dehiba, Remada, Tataouine**.

In Tozeur, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Tozeur.

TUNESIA, YEAR 2014: UPDATE ON INCIDENTS ACCORDING TO THE ARMED CONFLICT LOCATION & EVENT DATA PROJECT (ACLED)

COMPILED BY ACCORD, 3 NOVEMBER 2015

In Tunis, 73 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were affected: Douar Hicher, Kram, Le Kram, Manouba, Tunis.

In Zaghouan, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: El Fahs, Zaghouan.

METHODOLOGY

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Tunisia being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type. For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh, Clionadh, Andrew Linke, Håvard Hegre and Joakim Karlsen: Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data. Journal of Peace Research 47(5), 2010, p. 651-660.

Based on these data, the Austrian Center for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battle, headquarters or base established, non-violent activity by a conflict actor, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED)
 Codebook, 2015

 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/ACLED_Codebook_2015.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED)
 User Guide, January 2015
 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/ACLED_User-Guide_2015.pdf

SOURCES

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: ACLED Version 5 (1997 2014) standard file, undated http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/ACLED-Version-5-All-Africa-1997-2014_dyadic_Updated_csv-no-notes.zip
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: TUN_adm.zip, Version 2.7, August 2015 http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.7/shp/TUN_adm.zip
- GSHHG Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography, Version 2.3.5, 1 May 2015 http://www.soest.hawaii.edu/pwessel/gshhg/gshhg-qmt-nc4-x.x.x.tar.gz
- Raleigh, Clionadh, Andrew Linke, Håvard Hegre and Joakim Karlsen: Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data. Journal of Peace Research 47(5) 651-660, 2010 http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html

DISCLAIMER

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED uses the most conservative estimate available. Furthermore, event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

• ACCORD - Austrian Center for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Tunisia, year 2014: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 3 November 2015