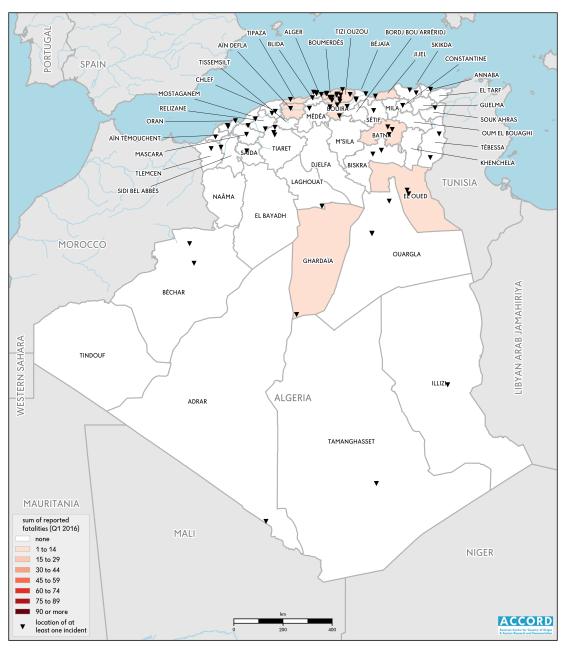
ALGERIA, FIRST QUARTER 2016: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED) compiled by ACCORD, 3 May 2016



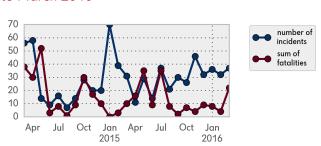
National borders: GADM, November 2015b; administrative divisions: GADM, November 2015a; incident data: ACLED, 30 April 2016; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

Conflict incidents by category

category	number of incidents	sum of fatalities
riots/protests	77	2
battle	16	32
strategic developments	6	0
remote violence	3	0
violence against civilians	3	0
total	105	34

This table is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: ACLED, 30 April 2016).

Development of conflict incidents from March 2014 to March 2016



This graph is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: ACLED, undated, and ACLED, 30 April 2016).

LOCALIZATION OF CONFLICT INCIDENTS

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the map above.

In Adrar, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Bordj Badji Mokhtar.

In Alger, 9 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ain Benian, Algiers, Bab El Oued, El Hamiz.

In Annaba, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Annaba.

In Aïn Defla, 1 incident killing 4 people was reported. The following location was affected: Ain Defla.

In **Aïn Témouchent**, **1** incident killing **0** people was reported. The following location was affected: **Ain Temouchent**.

In **Batna**, **6** incidents killing **3** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Batna**, **Ben Foudhala El Hakania**, **Oued El Ma**.

In Biskra, 5 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Biskra, Tolga.

In Blida, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Ben Chabane.

In **Bouira**, 10 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ath Mansour Taourirt**, **Bouira**, **Kadiria**, **Khabbouzia**, **Souk El Khemis**.

In **Boumerdès**, **6** incidents killing **2** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ammal**, **Boumerdes**, **Chabet El Ameur**, **Corso Tahtani**.

In Béchar, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Bechar, Taghit.

In **Béjaïa**, **4** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Bejaïa**, **Seddouk**, **Zounina**.

In Chlef, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Chlef, Oued Sly.

In Constantine, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Constantine.

In El Oued, 3 incidents killing 10 people were reported. The following locations were affected: El Oued, Guemar.

In Ghardaïa, 2 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following location was affected: In Salah Gas Site.

In Illizi, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Illizi.

In Jijel, 1 incident killing 1 person was reported. The following location was affected: Ziama Mansouriah.

In Laghouat, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Hassi RMel.

In Mascara, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: El Ghomri, Mascara.

In Médéa, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Medea.

In **Oran**, 6 incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Arzew**, **Es Senia**, **Oran**.

In Ouargla, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ouargla, Said Otba, Tougqourt.

In Relizane, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Oued Essalem, Sidi Khetab.

In Saïda, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Saida.

In Sidi Bel Abbès, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Ben Badis.

In Skikda, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Djendel, Skikda.

In Souk Ahras, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Souk Ahras.

In Sétif, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Setif.

In Tamanghasset, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Tamanrasset.

In Tiaret, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Tiaret, Torrich.

In Tipaza, 1 incident killing 1 person was reported. The following location was affected: Oued Sebt.

In Tissemsilt, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Sebt.

In **Tizi Ouzou**, **11** incidents killing **6** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Assi Youcef**, **Maatka**, **Sidi Ali Bounab**, **Tadmait**, **Tigzirt**, **Tizi Ouzou**, **Yakouren**.

In Tlemcen, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Breat.

In **Tébessa**, **2** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Soukies, Tebessa**.

METHODOLOGY

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Algeria being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type. For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com und Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on these data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battle, headquarters or base established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Codebook, 2016
 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/ACLED_Codebook_2016.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: User Guide, January 2016 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/ACLED_User-Guide_2016.pdf

SOURCES

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: ACLED Version 6 (1997 2015) standard file, undated
 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/ACLED-Version-6-All-Africa-1997-2015_dyadic-file.xlsx
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Realtime 2016 All Africa File (updated 30th April 2016), 30 April 2016
 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/05/ACLED-All-Africa-File_20160101-to-20160430.xlsx
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: DZA_adm.zip, Version 2.8, November 2015a http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/shp/DZA_adm.zip
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm28_levels.shp, Version 2.8, November 2015b http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/gadm28_levels.shp.zip
- Raleigh, Clionadh; Linke, Andrew; Hegre, Håvard, and Karlsen, Joakim: "Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data", in: Journal of Peace Research (47(5) 2010), pp. 651–660 http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html
- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015 https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/

DISCLAIMER

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED uses the most conservative estimate available. Furthermore, event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Algeria, first quarter 2016: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 3 May 2016