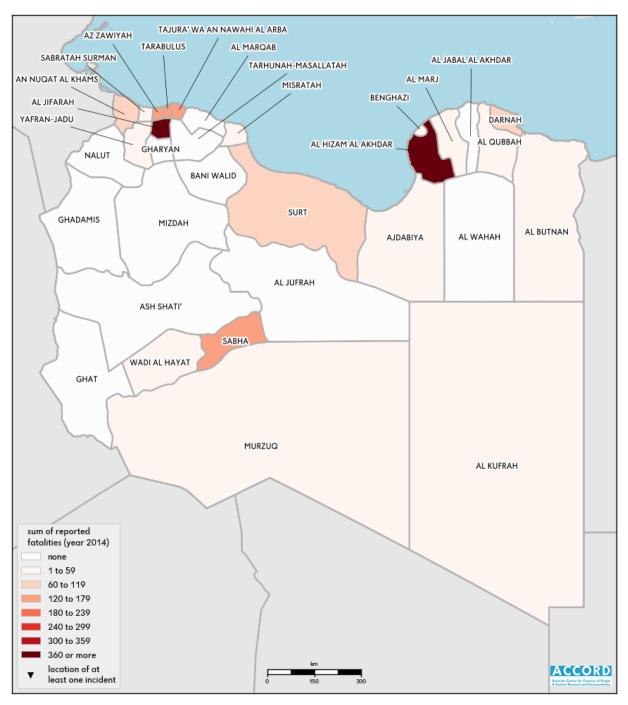
LIBYA, YEAR 2014:

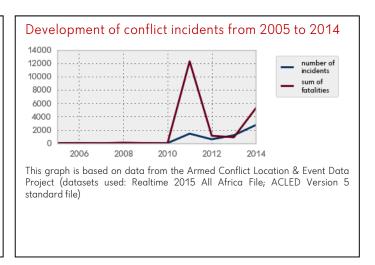
Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 3 November 2015



 $Political\ and\ administrative\ borders:\ GADM;\ incident\ data:\ ACLED;\ coast lines\ and\ inland\ waters:\ GSHHG$

Conflict incidents by category		
Category	Number of incidents	Sum of fatalities
battle	498	2019
remote violence	279	364
violence against civilians	268	245
riots/protests	237	4
non-violent activities	84	3
headquater established	1	0
Total 1367 2635 This table is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: Realtime 2015 All Africa File)		



LOCALIZATION OF CONFLICT INCIDENTS

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the map above.

In **Ajdabiya**, **33** incidents killing **21** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ajdabiya**, **Al Burayqah**, **Az Zuwaytnah**, **Brega**, **El-Brega**, **Sultan**.

In **Al Butnan**, **16** incidents killing **6** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Marsa el Hariga**, **Marsá** al Ḥarqah, **Tobruk**.

In Al Hizam Al Akhdar, 569 incidents killing 1217 people were reported. The following locations were affected: AS Sabir al Gharb, AS Sabir ash Sharq, Ad Duraw, Al Abyar, Al Birkah, Al Fuwayha, Al Fuwayhat, Al Hawwar, Al Ksh, Al Lathamah, Al Layt, Al Masakin Bu 'Atan, Al Minqar aS Saghr, Al Qawarishah, Ar Shabnah, Ar az Zawawah, As Salman al Gharb, Bal'awn, Banghazi Port, Bannah, Bannah, Benghazi, Bin Yunus, Bu 'Atan, Buhidima, Dar al Ksh, Funduq, Hawari, Hayy al Hadaeq, Hayy as Salam, Jalyanah, Jaruthah, Lubb az Zaytunah, Mintaqat al Majur, Qamnis, Qaryunus, Ra's 'Ubaydah, Sd Faraj, Sd Yunus, Jabbanat, Sd Ḥusayn, Tabalino, Tikah, Wad Ghawt as Sultan, Hayy Zamzam, Hayy tabalnu, 'Ayn as Salman.

In Al Jabal al Akhdar, 22 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Al Baydah, Al Jabal al Akhar, Shaḥḥat, Susah.

In Al Jifarah, 61 incidents killing 487 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Al 'Azzyah, Gharyan, Kiklah, Mashru' Wad al Ḥayy az Zira', Wad Abu Shaybah, Wad Zarat.

In Al Kufrah, 16 incidents killing 17 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Al Kufrah, As Sarr.

In Al Marj, 4 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were affected: Ad Dirsyah, Al Marj.

In Al Marqab, 7 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Al Khums, Tarhunah, Zlitan.

In Al Qubbah, 8 incidents killing 12 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Al Abraq, Al Qubbah, Ra's al Hilal.

In Al Wahah, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Jalu.

In **An Nuqat al Khams**, **33** incidents killing **61** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Abu Kammash**, **Al Jumayl**, **Ra's Ajdr**, **Zaltan**, **Zuwarah**.

In Ash Shati', 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Brak.

In Az Zawiyah, 40 incidents killing 129 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Az Zahra', Az Zawiyah, Az Zawiyah, Syad.

In **Benghazi**, **9** incidents killing **17** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Kuwayfyah, Daryanah**, **Qabr Jrah**, **Sd ManSur**, **Sidi Khalifah**.

In **Darnah**, 70 incidents killing 80 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Darna**, **Karsah**, **Martouba**, **Martubah**, **'Ayn Marrah**.

In Ghadamis, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ghadamis, Nalut.

In Gharyan, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Al Qawalish, Yafran.

In Misratah, 18 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following location was affected: Misratah.

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In Mizdah, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Az Zintan, Mizdah.

In Murzuq, 8 incidents killing 9 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Murzuq, Taraghin, Zawlah.

In Sabha, 59 incidents killing 122 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Sabha, Samnu.

In Sabratah Surman, 17 incidents killing 10 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Al 'Ujaylat, Sabratha, Surman, Umm al Hashshan.

In Surt, 42 incidents killing 73 people were reported. The following locations were affected: As Sidrah, Bin Jawad, Gardabya Airport, Qasral al Hajj, Ra's Lanuf, Surt, Uádi el-Gbéba.

In Tajura' wa an Nawahi al Arba, 62 incidents killing 176 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Al Dahra, Ben Ashour, Fashloum, Mitiga Airport, QaSr Bin Ghashr, Souq Al Jum'aa, Suq al Juma'a, Tagiura, Zawiyat Al Dahmani, 'Ayn Zarah.

In Tarabulus, 228 incidents killing 153 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Abu Salim, Abu Salm, An-Najila, Bab al 'Azzyah, Ghot Alshaal, Hayy al Andalus, Janzur, Najilat al Bayabah, Qurj, Tripoli.

In Tarhunah-Masallatah, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Ru'us al Qila'.

In Wadi Al Hayat, 22 incidents killing 33 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Awbar, El Sharara, Ubari.

In Yafran-Jadu, 10 incidents killing 9 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ar Rabitah, Ar Rayayinah, Az Zintan, Bi'r al Ghanam, Bi'r 'Ayyad, Jadu, Wad al Khashshah ar Rayyanah.

METHODOLOGY

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Libya being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type. For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh, Clionadh, Andrew Linke, Håvard Hegre and Joakim Karlsen: Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data. Journal of Peace Research 47(5), 2010, p. 651-660.

Based on these data, the Austrian Center for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battle, headquarters or base established, non-violent activity by a conflict actor, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED)
 Codebook, 2015
 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/ACLED_Codebook_2015.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED)
 User Guide, January 2015
 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/ACLED_User-Guide_2015.pdf

SOURCES

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: ACLED Version 5 (1997 2014) standard file, undated http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/ACLED-Version-5-All-Africa-1997-2014_dyadic_Updated_csv-no-notes.zip
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: LBY_adm.zip, Version 2.7, August 2015 http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.7/shp/LBY_adm.zip
- GSHHG Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography, Version 2.3.5, 1 May 2015 http://www.soest.hawaii.edu/pwessel/gshhg/gshhg-qmt-nc4-x.x.x.tar.gz
- Raleigh, Clionadh, Andrew Linke, Håvard Hegre and Joakim Karlsen: Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data. Journal of Peace Research 47(5) 651-660, 2010 http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html

DISCLAIMER

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED uses the most conservative estimate available. Furthermore, event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

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