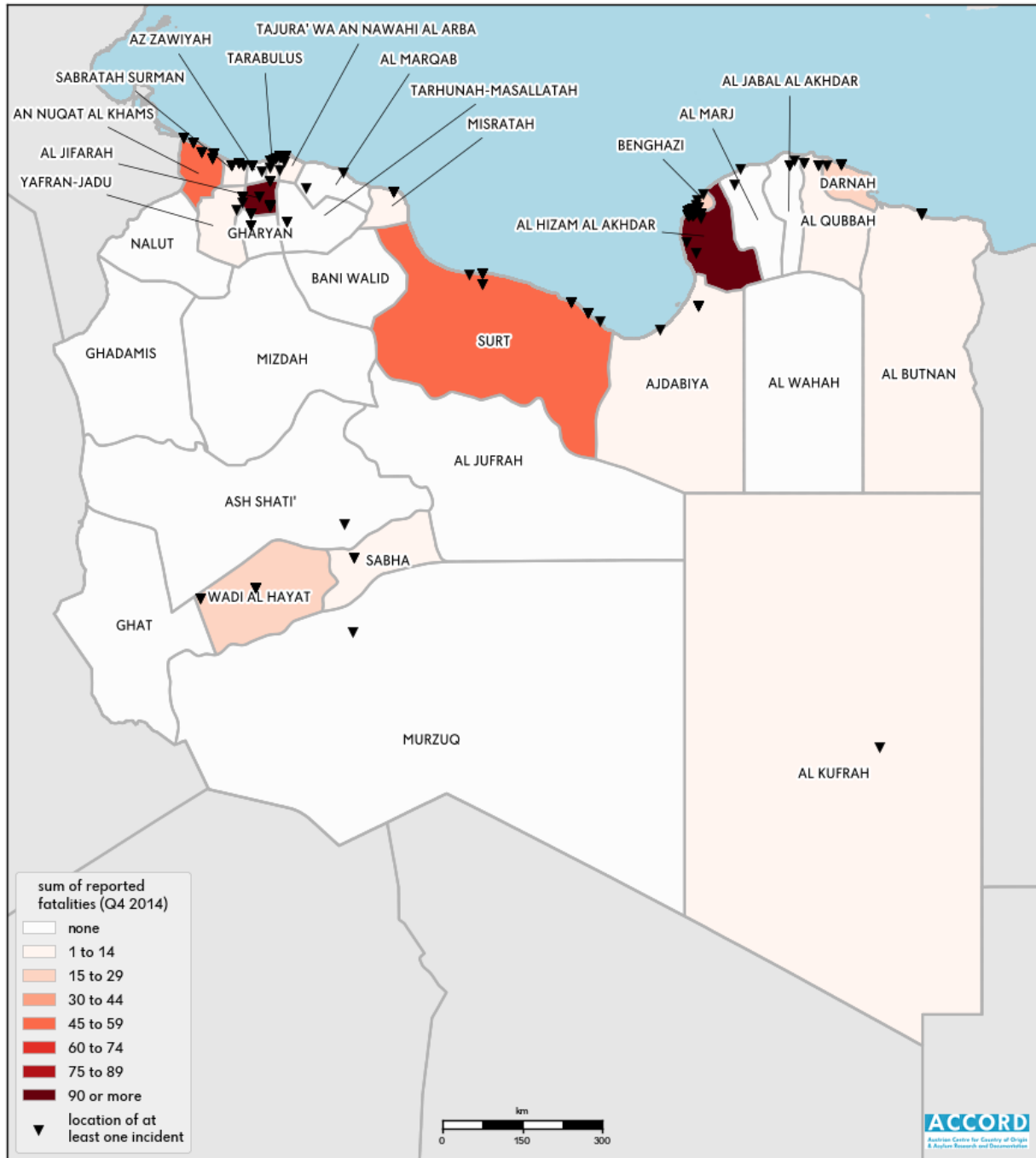# LIBYA, FOURTH QUARTER 2014:

Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)
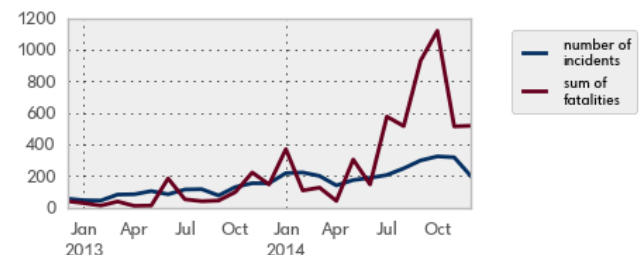
compiled by ACCORD, 3 November 2015

Political and administrative borders: GADM; incident data: ACLED; coastlines and inland waters: GSHHG

Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Sum of fatalities
battle	206	898
remote violence	99	131
violence against civilians	50	47
riots/protests	40	0
non-violent activities	24	0
headquater established	1	0
Total	420	1076

This table is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: Realtime 2015 All Africa File)

Development of conflict incidents from December 2012 to December 2014

This graph is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: Realtime 2015 All Africa File; ACLED Version 5 standard file)

LOCALIZATION OF CONFLICT INCIDENTS

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the map above.

In **Ajdabiya**, **8** incidents killing **6** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ajdabiya, Al Burayqah**.

In **Al Butnan**, **6** incidents killing **6** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Marsa el Hariga, Tobruk**.

In **Al Hizam Al Akhdar**, **184** incidents killing **549** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **AS Sabir al Gharb, Al Fuwayha, Al Fuwayhat, Al Hawwar, Al Ksh, Al Layt, Al Masakin Bu 'Atan, Al Qawarishah, Ar Shabnah, Ar az Zawawah, As Salman al Gharb, Bal'awn, Banghazi Port, Bannah, Benghazi, Bin Yunus, Bu 'Atan, Buhidima, Hawari, Hayy al Hadaeq, Hayy as Salam, Jalyanah, Lubb az Zaytunah, Mintaqat al Majur, Qamnis, Qaryunus, Ra's 'Ubaydah, Sd Faraj, Ḥayy tabalnu, 'Ayn as Salman**.

In **Al Jabal al Akhdar**, **3** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Baydah, Shaḥḥat**.

In **Al Jifarah**, **40** incidents killing **290** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al 'Azzyah, Gharyan, Kiklah, Wad Abu Shaybah, Wad Abu Shaybah, Wad Zarat**.

In **Al Kufrah**, **1** incident killing **1** person was reported. The following location was affected: **Al Kufrah**.

In **Al Marj**, **2** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ad Dirsyah, Al Marj**.

In **Al Marqab**, **2** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Khums, Tarhunah**.

In **Al Qubbah**, **4** incidents killing **12** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Abraq, Al Qubbah**.

In **An Nuqat al Khams**, **24** incidents killing **58** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Abu Kammash, Al Jumayl, Ra's Ajdr, Zaltan, Zuwarah**.

In **Ash Shati'**, **1** incident killing **0** people was reported. The following location was affected: **Brak**.

In **Az Zawiyah**, **10** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Az Zahra', Az Zawiyah**.

In **Benghazi**, **5** incidents killing **15** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Kuwayfyah, Daryanah, Sd ManSur, Sidi Khalifah**.

In **Darnah**, **14** incidents killing **27** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Darna, 'Ayn Marrah**.

In **Gharyan**, **3** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following location was affected: **Al Qawalish**.

In **Misratah**, **6** incidents killing **2** people were reported. The following location was affected: **Misratah**.

In **Murzuq**, **1** incident killing **0** people was reported. The following location was affected: **Taraghin**.

In **Sabha**, **2** incidents killing **6** people were reported. The following location was affected: **Sabha**.

In **Sabratah Surman**, **11** incidents killing **1** person were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al 'Ujaylat, Sabratha, Surman**.

In **Surt**, **20** incidents killing **57** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **As Sidrah, Bin Jawad, Gardabya Airport, Ra's Lanuf, Surt, Uádi el-Gbéba**.

In **Tajura' wa an Nawahi al Arba**, **16** incidents killing **8** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Dahra, Ben Ashour, Fashloum, Mitiga Airport, QaSr Bin Ghashr, Zawiyat Al Dahmani, 'Ayn Zarah**.

In **Tarabulus**, **37** incidents killing **6** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **An-Najila, Ghot Alshaal, Hayy al Andalus, Janzur, Tripoli**.

In **Tarhunah-Masallatah**, **2** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following location was affected: **Ru'us al Qila'.**

In **Wadi Al Hayat**, **13** incidents killing **24** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **El Sharara, Ubari**.

In **Yafran-Jadu**, **5** incidents killing **8** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ar Rabitah, Bi'r al Ghanam, Bi'r 'Ayyad**.

METHODOLOGY

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Libya being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type. For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh, Clionadh, Andrew Linke, Håvard Hegre and Joakim Karlsen: Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data. Journal of Peace Research 47(5), 2010, p. 651-660.

Based on these data, the Austrian Center for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battle, headquarters or base established, non-violent activity by a conflict actor, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, 2015
  http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/ACLED_Codebook_2015.pdf

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Guide, January 2015
  http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/ACLED_User-Guide_2015.pdf

SOURCES

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: ACLED Version 5 (1997 – 2014) standard file, undated
  http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/ACLED-Version-5-All-Africa-1997-2014_dyadic_Updated_csv-no-notes.zip

- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: LBY_adm.zip, Version 2.7, August 2015
  http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.7/shp/LBY_adm.zip

- GSHHG - Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography, Version 2.3.5, 1 May 2015
  http://www.soest.hawaii.edu/pwessel/gshhg/gshhg-gmt-nc4-x.x.x.tar.gz

- Raleigh, Clionadh, Andrew Linke, Håvard Hegre and Joakim Karlsen: Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data. Journal of Peace Research 47(5) 651-660, 2010
  http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html

DISCLAIMER

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED uses the most conservative estimate available. Furthermore, event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as
- ACCORD - Austrian Center for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Libya, fourth quarter 2014: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 3 November 2015