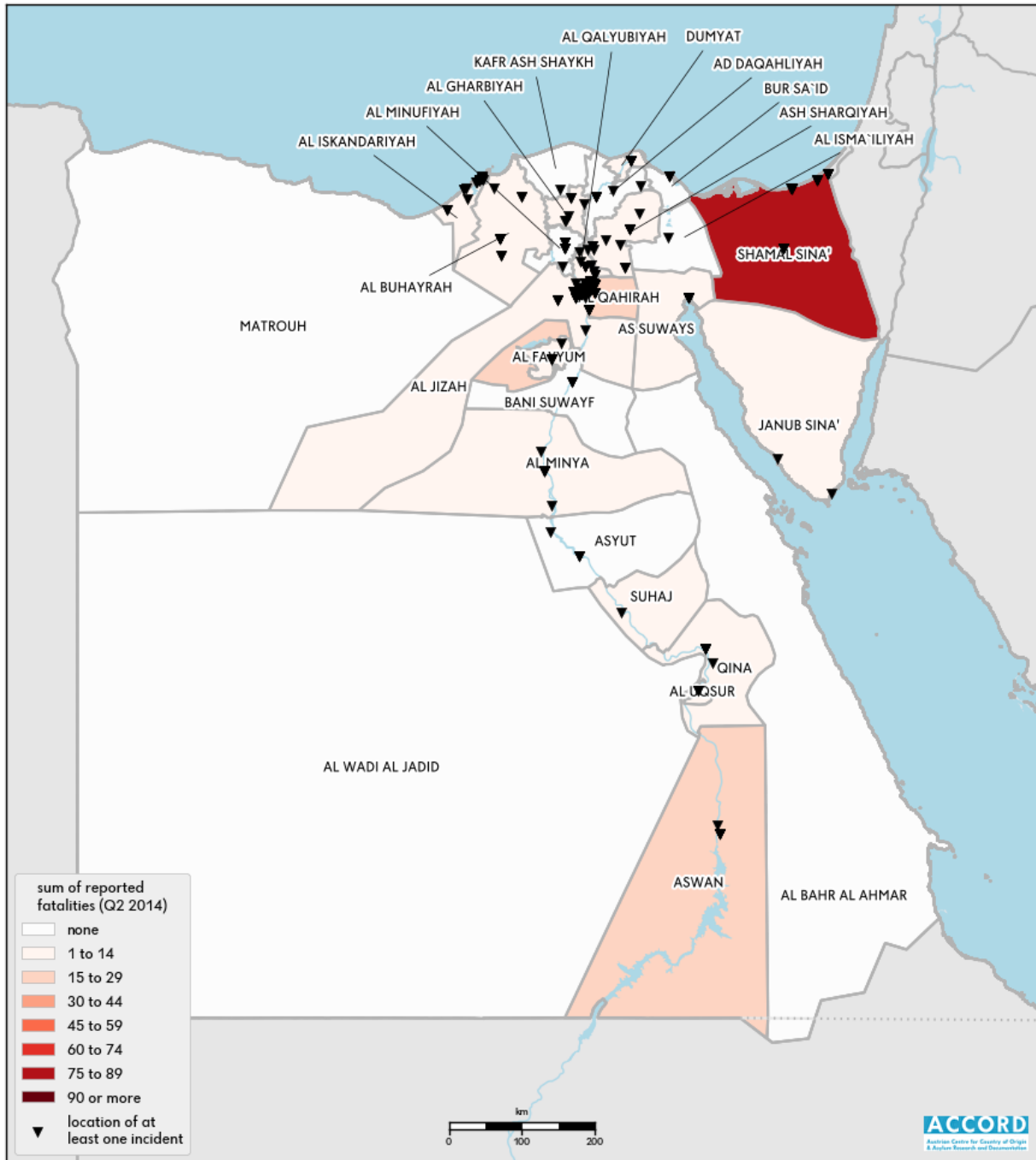


EGYPT, SECOND QUARTER 2014:

Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 3 November 2015



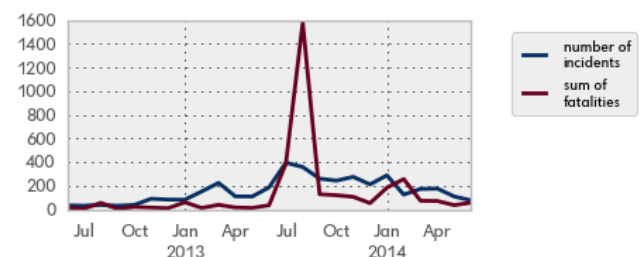
Political and administrative borders: GADM; incident data: ACLED; coastlines and inland waters: GSHHG

Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Sum of fatalities
riots/protests	238	15
battle	48	120
remote violence	34	18
violence against civilians	27	14
non-violent activities	18	0
Total	365	167

This table is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: Realtime 2015 All Africa File)

Development of conflict incidents from June 2012 to June 2014



This graph is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: Realtime 2015 All Africa File; ACLED Version 5 standard file)

LOCALIZATION OF CONFLICT INCIDENTS

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the map above.

In **Ad Daqahliyah**, 6 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ad Daqahlyah, Al ManSurah, Al Manzilah.**

In **Al Buhayrah**, 12 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Buhayrah, Damanhur, Kafr ad Dawwar, Wad an Natrun.**

In **Al Fayyum**, 18 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Fayyum, tamiyah.**

In **Al Gharbiyah**, 6 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Maḥallah al Kubrá, Ar Rajdyah, Boutros, Samannoud, tanta.**

In **Al Iskandariyah**, 33 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Awayed, Al Hanufl, Al 'Ajam, Al 'amiryah, Alexandria, Ar Raml, Burj al-Arab, Kom el Dikka, Salah Abou Soliman, Sidi Beshr.**

In **Al Isma`iliyah**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: **Ismailia.**

In **Al Jizah**, 43 incidents killing 12 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ad Duqq, Al Barajl, Al Haram, Al Jizah, Al Jzah, Al Omranyah, Al 'Ayyat, At talibyah, Awsam, Boulaq Ad Dakrour, Imbabah, Kirdasah, Madnat as Sadis min Uktubar, Mohandiseen, Oula.**

In **Al Minufiyah**, 7 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Minufyah, Ashmun, Shibn al Kawm.**

In **Al Minya**, 19 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Minya, Mallaw, Minya, Samalut.**

In **Al Qahirah**, 104 incidents killing 19 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Azbakeyah, Al Darrasa, Al Manial, Al Mataryah, Al Ma'ad, Al Mokhaym Al Daem, Az Zamalik, Cairo, El Gezra, El-Abaseya, Gesr el-Suez, Ghamra, Halwan, Heliopolis, Kafr El-Shorafa, Kubr al Qubbah, Manshyat NaSir, Maydan Alf Maskan, Maydan Ramss, Nasr City, Hilmyah az Zaytun, 'Ayn Shams.**

In **Al Qalyubiyah**, 19 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Abu Za'bal, Al Khankah, Al KhuSuS, Al Qalyubiyah, Al Qalyubiyah, Banha, Shibn al Qanatir, Shubra al Khaymah, tukh, 'Ezbet en Nakhl.**

In **Al Uqsur**, 2 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following location was affected: **Luxor.**

In **As Suways**, 6 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following location was affected: **Suez.**

In **Ash Sharqiyah**, 14 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were affected: **Abu Ḥammad, Al Ḥamdyah, Al Ḥusaynyah, Al 'ashir min Ramaan, Ash Sharqiyah, Ash Sharqyah, Az Zaqaqz, Minya al Qamḥ, Qutayyifat al 'Azyah.**

In **Aswan**, 7 incidents killing 27 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Abu ar Rsh Baḥr, Aswan.**

In **Asyut**, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al QuSyah, Asyut.**

In **Bani Suwayf**, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: **Ban Suwayf.**

In **Bur Sa'id**, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: **Port Said.**

In **Dumyat**, 5 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following location was affected: **Damietta**.

In **Janub Sina'**, 2 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **At tur, Sharm el-Sheikh**.

In **Kafr ash Shaykh**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: **Kafr ash Shaykh**.

In **Qina**, 7 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Qift, Qina**.

In **Shamal Sina'**, 42 incidents killing 80 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al 'Arsh, Al-Samran, Rafah, Shamal Sna', Sheikh Zuweiyid**.

In **Suhaj**, 1 incident killing 1 person was reported. The following location was affected: **Suhaj**.

METHODOLOGY

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Egypt being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type. For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh, Clionadh, Andrew Linke, Håvard Hegre and Joakim Karlsen: Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data. *Journal of Peace Research* 47(5), 2010, p. 651-660.

Based on these data, the Austrian Center for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battle, headquarters or base established, non-violent activity by a conflict actor, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, 2015
http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/ACLED_Codebook_2015.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Guide, January 2015
http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/ACLED_User-Guide_2015.pdf

SOURCES

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: ACLED Version 5 (1997 – 2014) standard file, undated
http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/ACLED-Version-5-All-Africa-1997-2014_dyadic_Updated_csv-no-notes.zip
- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: EGY_adm.zip, Version 2.7, August 2015
http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.7/shp/EGY_adm.zip
- GSHHG - Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography, Version 2.3.5, 1 May 2015
<http://www.soest.hawaii.edu/pwessel/gshhg/gshhg-gmt-nc4-x.x.x.tar.gz>
- Raleigh, Clionadh, Andrew Linke, Håvard Hegre and Joakim Karlsen: Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data. *Journal of Peace Research* 47(5) 651-660, 2010
<http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html>

DISCLAIMER

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED uses the most conservative estimate available. Furthermore, event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

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