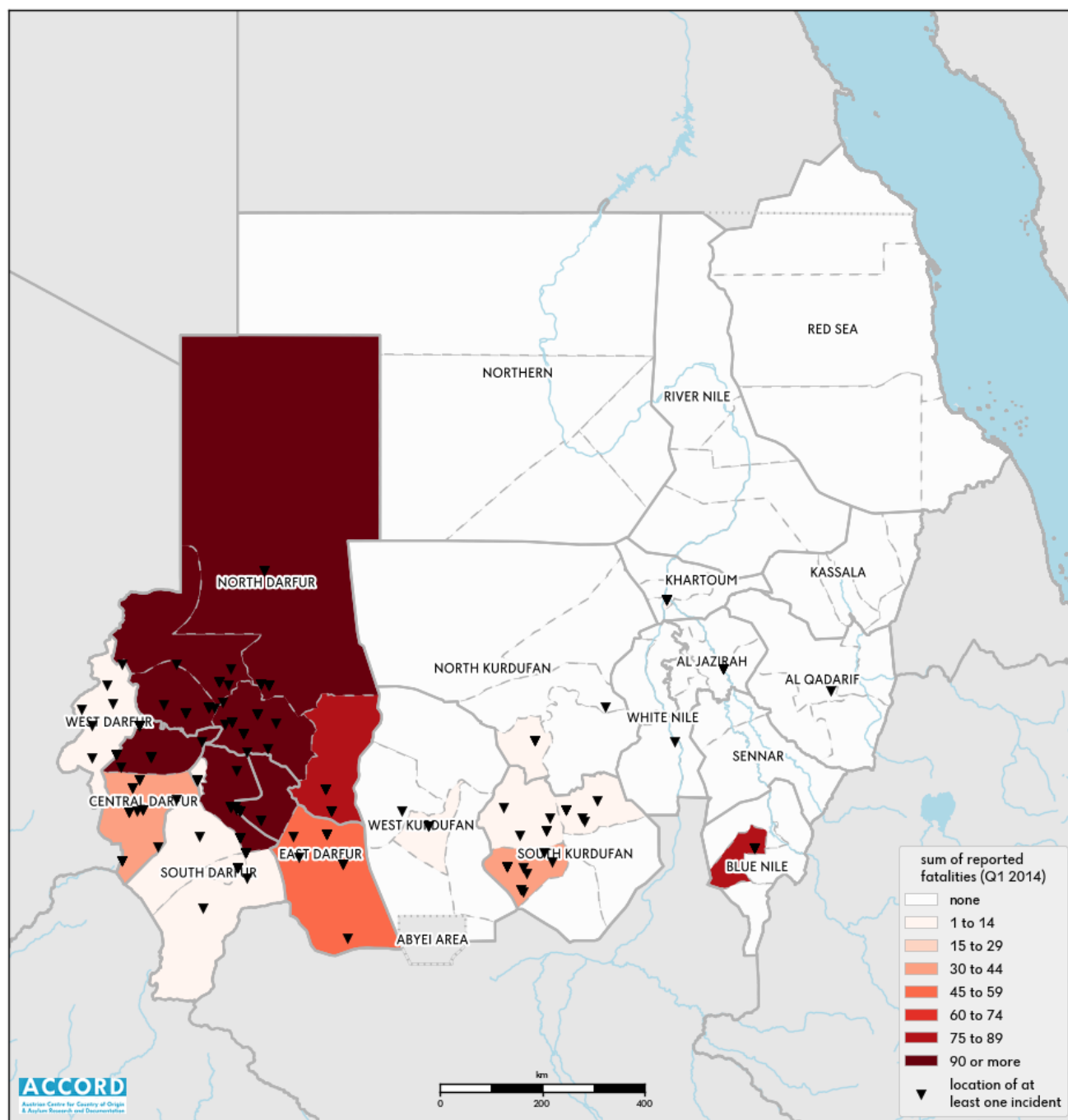


SUDAN, FIRST QUARTER 2014:

Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 3 November 2015



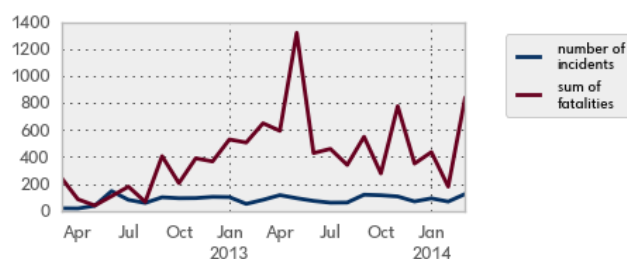
Political and administrative borders: GADM; Abyei Area: SSNBS; incident data: ACLED; coastlines and inland waters: GSHHG

Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Sum of fatalities
violence against civilians	129	386
battle	60	897
remote violence	42	163
riots/protests	31	2
non-violent activities	22	0
Total	284	1448

This table is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: Realtime 2015 All Africa File)

Development of conflict incidents from March 2012 to March 2014



This graph is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: Realtime 2015 All Africa File; ACLED Version 5 standard file)

LOCALIZATION OF CONFLICT INCIDENTS

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the map above. Data on incidents in the Abyei area are not reflected in this update.

In **Al Jazirah**, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: **Wad Madani**.

In **Al Qadarif**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: **Gedaref**.

In **Blue Nile**, 4 incidents killing 86 people were reported. The following location was affected: **Baw**.

In **Central Darfur**, 36 incidents killing 241 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Hamadiya, Bindisi, Dambar, Deleigáá, El-Ashara, Garseila, Khazan Tunjur, Mukjar, Shattay, Um Dukhun, Um Haraz, Umm Dukhun, Zalingei**.

In **East Darfur**, 19 incidents killing 77 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Abu Jabra, Abu Karinka, Bilel, East Jebel Marra, Ed Daein, Kalma, Manawashy, Safahah, Sunta**.

In **Khartoum**, 14 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following location was affected: **Khartoum**.

In **North Darfur**, 104 incidents killing 648 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Fasher, Al Hamra, Al Taweisha, Bi'r Korma, Dar al Salam, Fata Borno, Hashaba, Hashabal, Haskanita, Jabal Amer, Jabal Marrah, Kabkabiyah, Kassub, Kebkabiya, Khor Kulkul, Konjar, Kutum, Matar, Mellit, Millit, Saraf Oumra, Saraf Umra, Shangil Tobayi, Tabaldia, Tabit, Tawila, Tinah**.

In **North Kurdufan**, 4 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **El Obeid, Hashaba**.

In **South Darfur**, 57 incidents killing 325 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Buram, Edd al Fursan, Gereida, Kalma Camp, Kalma camp, Kas, Katila, Khor Abeche, Menawashei, Nyala, South Darfur**.

In **South Kurdufan**, 26 incidents killing 57 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Abbasiyya, Buram, Dalami, Dilling, Heiban, Hijlij, Jabal Dalamen, Kadugli, Kawdah, Nuba Mountains, Rashad, South Kordofan, Tabanya, Tindimming, Um Shuran, Umm Durin**.

In **West Darfur**, 12 incidents killing 7 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **El Geneina, Foula Ab, Gireidaya, Jabal Mun, Murnei, Sarafaya, Tandelti**.

In **West Kurdufan**, 3 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al-Fulah, Heglig**.

In **White Nile**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: **Kosti**.

METHODOLOGY

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Sudan being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type. For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh, Clionadh, Andrew Linke, Håvard Hegre and Joakim Karlsen: Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data. *Journal of Peace Research* 47(5), 2010, p. 651-660.

Based on these data, the Austrian Center for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battle, headquarters or base established, non-violent activity by a conflict actor, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, 2015
http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/ACLED_Codebook_2015.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Guide, January 2015
http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/ACLED_User-Guide_2015.pdf

SOURCES

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: ACLED Version 5 (1997 – 2014) standard file, undated
http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/ACLED-Version-5-All-Africa-1997-2014_dyadic_Updated_csv-no-notes.zip
- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: SDN_adm.zip, Version 2.7, August 2015
http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.7/shp/SDN_adm.zip
- GSHHG - Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography, Version 2.3.5, 1 May 2015
<http://www.soest.hawaii.edu/pwessel/gshhg/gshhg-gmt-nc4-x.x.x.tar.gz>
- Raleigh, Clionadh, Andrew Linke, Håvard Hegre and Joakim Karlsen: Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data. *Journal of Peace Research* 47(5) 651-660, 2010
<http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html>
- SSNBS – South Sudan National Bureau of Statistics: Counties including disputed Abyei region, 1 December 2008
https://www.humanitarianresponse.info/sites/www.humanitarianresponse.info/files/datasets/SS_admbnda_adm_2_200k_ssnbs_2013_0.zip

DISCLAIMER

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED uses the most conservative estimate available. Furthermore, event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

- ACCORD - Austrian Center for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Sudan, first quarter 2014: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 3 November 2015