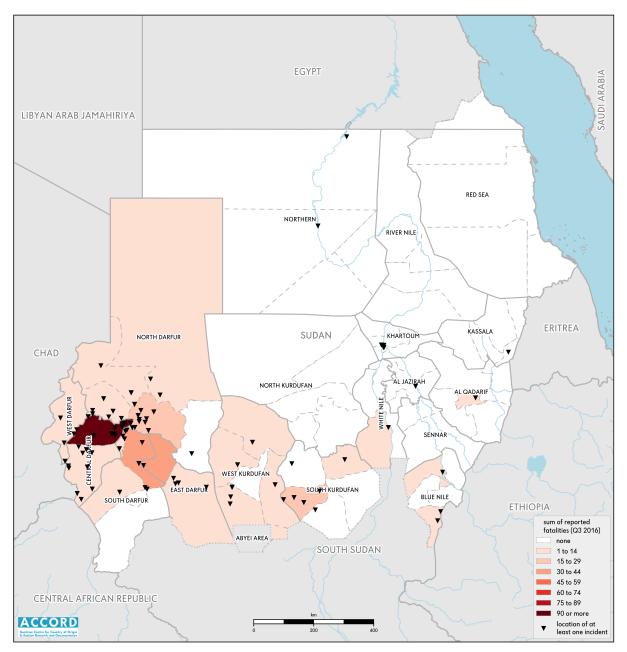
SUDAN, THIRD QUARTER 2016: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 8 November 2016



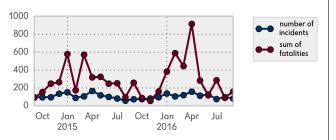
National borders: GADM, November 2015a; administrative divisions: GADM, November 2015b; Abyei Area: SS-NBS, 1 December 2008; South Sudan/Sudan border status, Hala'ib triangle and Bir Tawil: UN Cartographic Section, March 2012; incident data: ACLED, 5 November 2016; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

Conflict incidents by category

category	number of incidents	sum of fatalities
violence against civilians	129	112
remote violence	46	31
riots/protests	35	3
battle	27	389
strategic developments	15	0
total	252	535

This table is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: ACLED, 5 November 2016).

Development of conflict incidents from September 2014 to September 2016



This graph is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: ACLED, undated, and ACLED, 5 November 2016).

LOCALIZATION OF CONFLICT INCIDENTS

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the map above. Data on incidents in the Abyei area are not reflected in this update.

In Al Jazirah, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Wad Medani.

In Al Qadarif, 4 incidents killing 7 people were reported. The following location was affected: Gedaref.

In **Blue Nile**, **7** incidents killing **8** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ed Damazin**, **Kurmuk**, **Shimi**.

In Central Darfur, 66 incidents killing 366 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Barbara, Boldon, Boranga, Dalo, Deleig, East Jebel Marra, Fanga Suk, Gaba, Garsila, Golol, Guldo, Jebel Marrah, Mukjar, Nabagaya, Nertiti, Rokoro, Saboun, Shangel Tobaya, Sina Sine, Taringa, Tuktuka, Tur, Umm Dukhun, Zalingei.

In East Darfur, 6 incidents killing 15 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Abu Saida, Adilla, Bielel, Ed Daein, Ghazal Jawazat.

In Kassala, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Kassala.

In Khartoum, 18 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Khartoum, Khartoum North, Omdurman, Rumaylah.

In North Darfur, 72 incidents killing 43 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ba'ashim, Birkat Seira, Dobo Umda, El Fasher, El Taweisha, El Wadi, Gallab, Kabkabia, Kassab, Katur, Kebkabiya, Khazan Tungur, Korma, Kosa, Kutum, Maalagua, Mellit, Saraf Omra, Serief Ben Hussein, Shangil Tobay, Sortony, Tabit, Taradona, Tawila, Umm Baru.

In Northern, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Dongola, Wadi Halfa.

In South Darfur, 38 incidents killing 45 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Abdoze, Deribat, Garienda, Gereida, Gerolang Banje, Hashaba, Jawa, Kass, Manawashi, Nyala, Turri.

In South Kurdufan, 14 incidents killing 23 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Al Abbasiya, Delling, Heiban, Kadugli, Lima, Talodi, Umm Dorain.

In West Darfur, 5 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were affected: El Geneina, Foro Burunga, Habila, Murnei.

In West Kurdufan, 14 incidents killing 24 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Abbasiya, An Nahud, Babanusa, Babanussa, Lagawa, Muglad, Umm Gumeima.

In White Nile, 2 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following location was affected: Kosti.

METHODOLOGY

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Sudan being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type. For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com und Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on these data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battle, headquarters or base established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Codebook, 2016 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/ACLED_Codebook_2016.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: User Guide, January 2016 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/ACLED_User-Guide_2016.pdf

SOURCES

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: ACLED Version 6 (1997 2015) standard file, undated http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/ACLED-Version-6-All-Africa-1997-2015_dyadic-file.xlsx
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Realtime 2016 All Africa File (updated 5th November 2016), 5 November 2016
 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/11/ACLED-All-Africa-File_20160101-to-20161105.xlsx
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm28_levels.shp, Version 2.8, November 2015a http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/gadm28_levels.shp.zip
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: SDN_adm.zip, Version 2.8, November 2015b http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/shp/SDN_adm.zip
- Raleigh, Clionadh; Linke, Andrew; Hegre, Håvard, and Karlsen, Joakim: "Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data", in: Journal of Peace Research (47(5) 2010), pp. 651–660 http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html
- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015 https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/

SUDAN, THIRD QUARTER 2016: UPDATE ON INCIDENTS ACCORDING TO THE ARMED CONFLICT LOCATION & EVENT DATA PROJECT (ACLED) COMPILED BY ACCORD, 8 NOVEMBER 2016

- SSNBS South Sudan National Bureau of Statistics: Counties including disputed Abyei region, 1 December 2008
 https://www.humanitarianresponse.info/sites/www.humanitarianresponse.info/files/datasets/SS_admbnda_adm2_200k_ssnbs_2013_0.zip
- UN Cartographic Section: Sudan, March 2012 http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/4232_1407158723_sudan.pdf

DISCLAIMER

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED uses the most conservative estimate available. Furthermore, event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

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