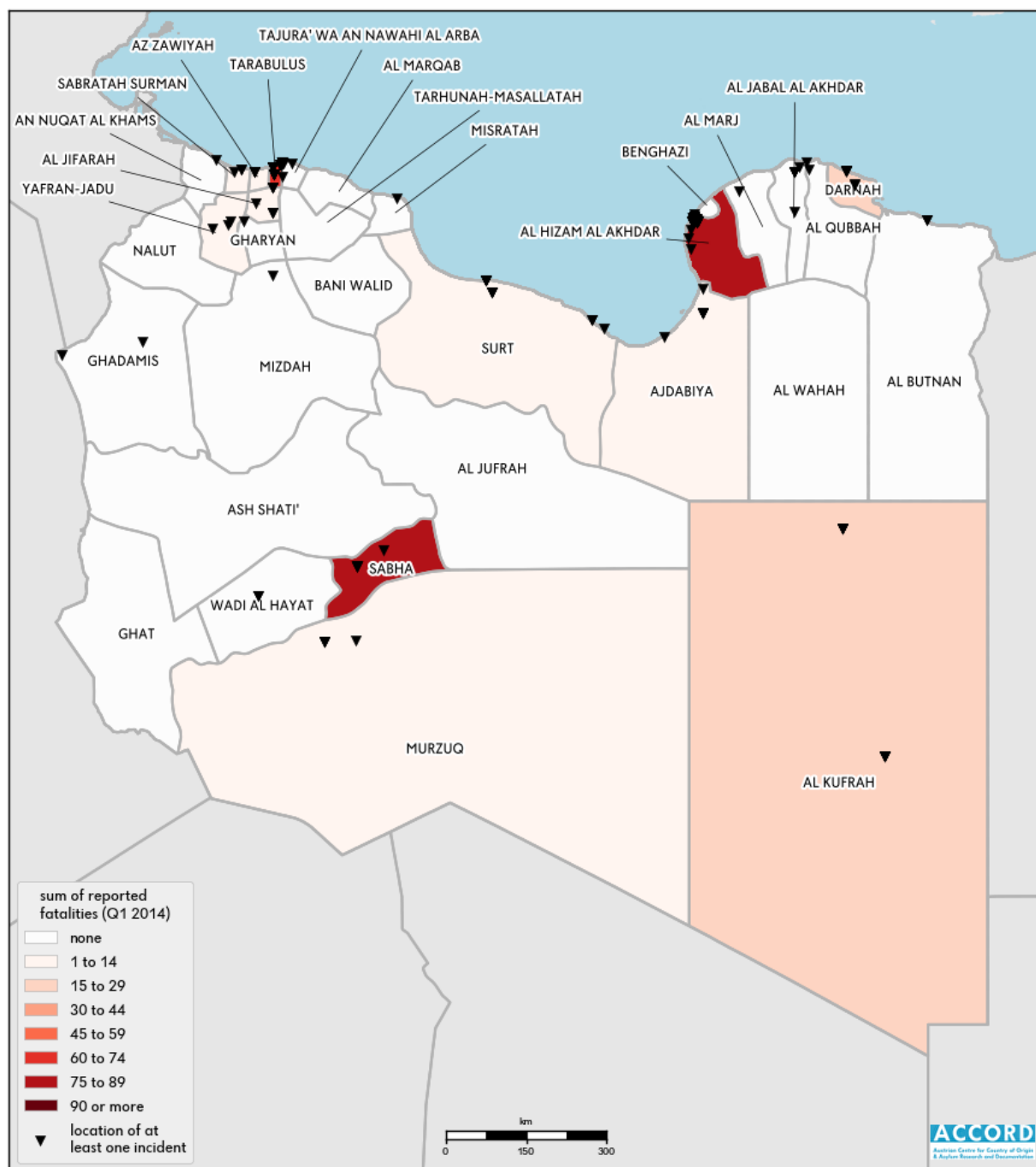


LIBYA, FIRST QUARTER 2014:

Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 3 November 2015



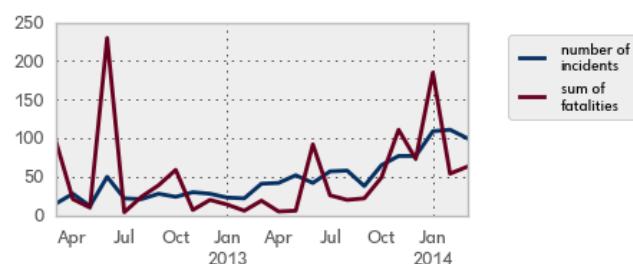
Political and administrative borders: GADM; incident data: ACLED; coastlines and inland waters: GSHHG

Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Sum of fatalities
battle	106	203
riots/protests	74	0
violence against civilians	73	65
remote violence	46	31
non-violent activities	21	3
Total	320	302

This table is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: Realtime 2015 All Africa File)

Development of conflict incidents from March 2012 to March 2014



This graph is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: Realtime 2015 All Africa File; ACLED Version 5 standard file)

LOCALIZATION OF CONFLICT INCIDENTS

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the map above.

In **Ajdabiya**, 11 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ajdabiya, El-Brega, Sultan.**

In **Al Butnan**, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: **Tobruk.**

In **Al Hizam Al Akhdar**, 120 incidents killing 85 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **AS Sabir al Gharb, AS Sabir ash Sharq, Al Birkah, Al Fuwayhat, Al Hawwar, Al Ksh, Al Layt, Al Minqar as Saghr, Al Qawarishah, Benghazi, Buhidima, Dar al Ksh, Hawari, Hayy al Hadaeq, Jaruthah, Mintaqat al Majur, Qamnis, Qaryunus, Ra's 'Ubaydah, Tikah, 'Ayn as Salman.**

In **Al Jabal al Akhdar**, 7 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Baydah, Al Jabal al Akhar, Shahhat, Susah.**

In **Al Jifarah**, 6 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al 'Azzyah, Gharyan, Mashru' Wad al Hayy az Zira'.**

In **Al Kufrah**, 13 incidents killing 16 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al Kufrah, As Sarr.**

In **Al Marj**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: **Al Marj.**

In **Al Qubbah**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: **Al Abraq.**

In **An Nuqat al Khams**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: **Zuwarah.**

In **Az Zawiyah**, 3 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following location was affected: **Az Zawiyah.**

In **Darnah**, 21 incidents killing 19 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Darna, Martouba, Martubah.**

In **Ghadamis**, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ghadamis, Nalut.**

In **Gharyan**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: **Yafra.**

In **Misratah**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: **Misratah.**

In **Mizdah**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: **Az Zintan.**

In **Murzuq**, 4 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were affected: **Murzuq, Taraghin.**

In **Sabha**, 33 incidents killing 77 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Sabha, Samnu.**

In **Sabratah Surman**, 3 incidents killing 7 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Al 'Ujaylat, Sabratha.**

In **Surt**, 13 incidents killing 10 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **As Sidrah, Qasral al Hajj, Ra's Lanuf, Surt.**

In **Tajura' wa an Nawahi al Arba**, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ben Ashour, QaSr Bin Ghashr, Tagiura.**

In **Tarabulus**, 68 incidents killing 73 people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Abu Salm, Janzur, Najlat al Bayabah, Qurj, Tripoli.**

In **Wadi Al Hayat**, **2** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following location was affected: **Awbar**.

In **Yafran-Jadu**, **3** incidents killing **1** person were reported. The following locations were affected: **Ar Rayayinah, Jadu, Wad al Khashshah ar Rayyanah**.

METHODOLOGY

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Libya being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type. For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh, Clionadh, Andrew Linke, Håvard Hegre and Joakim Karlsen: Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data. *Journal of Peace Research* 47(5), 2010, p. 651-660.

Based on these data, the Austrian Center for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battle, headquarters or base established, non-violent activity by a conflict actor, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, 2015
http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/ACLED_Codebook_2015.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Guide, January 2015
http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/ACLED_User-Guide_2015.pdf

SOURCES

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: ACLED Version 5 (1997 – 2014) standard file, undated
http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/ACLED-Version-5-All-Africa-1997-2014_dyadic_Updated_csv-no-notes.zip
- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: LBY_adm.zip, Version 2.7, August 2015
http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.7/shp/LBY_adm.zip
- GSHHG - Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography, Version 2.3.5, 1 May 2015
<http://www.soest.hawaii.edu/pwessel/gshhg/gshhg-gmt-nc4-x.x.x.tar.gz>
- Raleigh, Clionadh, Andrew Linke, Håvard Hegre and Joakim Karlsen: Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data. *Journal of Peace Research* 47(5) 651-660, 2010
<http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html>

DISCLAIMER

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED uses the most conservative estimate available. Furthermore, event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

- ACCORD - Austrian Center for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Libya, first quarter 2014: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 3 November 2015