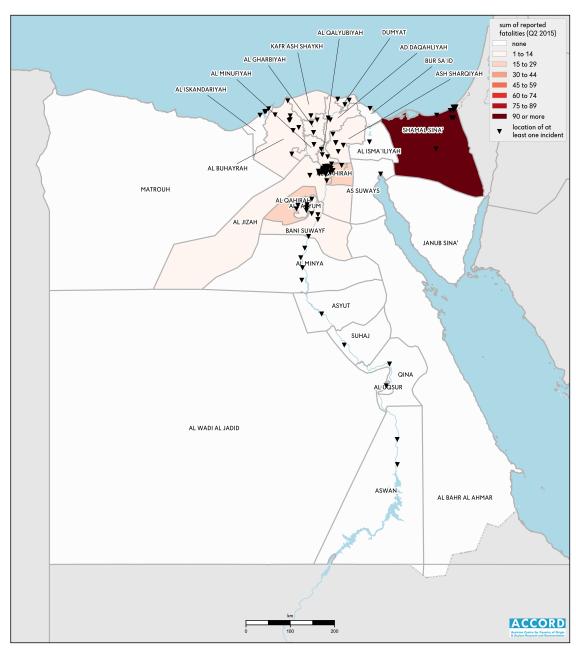
EGYPT, SECOND QUARTER 2015: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED) compiled by ACCORD, 26 November 2015



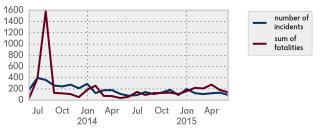
National borders: GADM, November 2015b; administrative divisions: GADM, November 2015a; Hala'ib triangle and Bir Tawil: UN Cartographic Section, March 2012; Occupied Palestinian Territory border status: UN Cartographic Section, January 2004; incident data: ACLED, 14 November 2015; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

Conflict incidents by category

category	number of incidents	sum of fatalities
battle	101	389
remote violence	84	165
riots/protests	64	1
violence against civilians	57	34
non-violent activities	44	8
total	350	597

This table is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: ACLED, 14 November 2015).

Development of conflict incidents from June 2013 to June 2015 1600 number of 1400 incidents 1200 sum of



This graph is based on data from the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (datasets used: ACLED, undated, ACLED, 14 November 2015).

LOCALIZATION OF CONFLICT INCIDENTS

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the map above.

In Ad Daqahliyah, 5 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Al Mansurah, Gamasa, Sursuq.

In Al Buhayrah, 20 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ad Dilinjat, Balba, Damanhur, Kafr ad Dawwar, Rosetta, Zargun, Ītāy al Bārūd.

In Al Fayyum, 16 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Al Azab, Al Fayyum, Al Hamuli, Biyahmu, Ibsheway, Monshaat Al Fayoum, Tamiyah.

In Al Gharbiyah, 8 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were affected: Al Mahallah al Kubra, Qutur, Tanta.

In Al Iskandariyah, 8 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Agami, Alexandria, Ar Raml, El Safira.

In Al Isma'iliyah, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Ismailia.

In Al Jizah, 23 incidents killing 9 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ad Duqq, Al Haram, Al Jizah, Al Warraq, At Talbeyah, Kirdasah, Madnat as Sadis min Uktubar, Mohandiseen, Oula, Pyramids of Giza.

In Al Minufiyah, 4 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were affected: Sadat City, Shibin al Kawm.

In Al Minya, 7 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Banī Mazār, Hūr, Minya, Samalut.

In Al Qahirah, 76 incidents killing 15 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ain Shams, Al Azbakeyah, Al Maadi, Al Matariyah, Al Mataryah, Al Mokhaym Al Daem, Az Zamalik, Cairo, El Shorouk City, El Tagamu El Khames, El Zaytoun, El-Abaseya, El-Salam, Hadaiq al Qubbah, Halwan, Heliopolis, Hilmyah az Zaytun, MiSr al Qadmah, Misr al Qadmah, Muqattam, Nasr City, Saqr Quraysh, Tura Prison.

In Al Qalyubiyah, 7 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Banha, Shibin Al Qanater, Shubra al Khaymah, Tukh.

In Al Uqsur, 1 incident killing 2 people was reported. The following location was affected: Al Karnak.

In As Suways, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Suez.

In Ash Sharqiyah, 14 incidents killing 11 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Abu Hammad, Az Zaqazq, Belbes, Diyarb Najm, Zagazig.

In Aswan, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Aswan, Faris.

In Asyut, 4 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Asyut.

In Bani Suwayf, 8 incidents killing 7 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Ban Suwayf, Bani Suwayf, Izbat al Manyal, Kafr Darwish, Nasir.

In Bur Sa'id, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Port Said.

In **Dumyat**, **3** incidents killing **5** people were reported. The following locations were affected: **Damietta**, **Faraskur**.

In **Kafr ash Shaykh**, **4** incidents killing **3** people were reported. The following location was affected: **Kafr ash Shaykh**.

In Qina, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was affected: Qina.

In Shamal Sina', 132 incidents killing 530 people were reported. The following locations were affected: Al Arish, Al-Goura airport, Bi'r Abū Shannār, El-Kharouba, Matalla, Rafah, Sheikh Zuweiyid, al Hasanah.

In Suhaj, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was affected: Sohag.

METHODOLOGY

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Egypt being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type. For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com und Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on these data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battle, headquarters or base established, non-violent activity by a conflict actor, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Codebook, 2015
 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/ACLED_Codebook_2015.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: User Guide, January 2015 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/ACLED_User-Guide_2015.pdf

SOURCES

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: ACLED Version 5 (1997 2014) standard file, undated
 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/ACLED-Version-5-All-Africa-1997-2014_dyadic_Update.xlsx
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Realtime 2015 All Africa File, 14 November 2015 http://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/ACLED-All-Africa-File_20150101-to-20151114.xlsx
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: EGY_adm.zip, Version 2.8, November 2015a http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/shp/EGY_adm.zip
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm28_levels.shp, Version 2.8, November 2015b http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/gadm28_levels.shp.zip
- Raleigh, Clionadh; Linke, Andrew; Hegre, Håvard, and Karlsen, Joakim: Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data, In: Journal of Peace Research, 47(5), p. 651–660, 2010 http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html
- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015 https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/

- UN Cartographic Section: General Map, January 2004 http://www.un.org/Depts/Cartographic/map/profile/israel.pdf
- UN Cartographic Section: Sudan, March 2012 http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/4232_1407158723_sudan.pdf

DISCLAIMER

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED uses the most conservative estimate available. Furthermore, event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Egypt, second quarter 2015: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 26 November 2015